

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.2279, 0.4388, 0.4742)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.2279, 0.4388, 0.4742)
contains.

Yxy(15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E6C13
RGB	126, 108, 19
RGB Percent	49%, 42%, 7%
CMY	0.5059, 0.5765, 0.9252
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.85, 0.51
HSL	50°, 74%, 28%
HSV	50°, 85%, 49%
XYZ	14.0842, 15.2078, 2.8123
YIQ	103.2360, 39.2970, -23.8630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

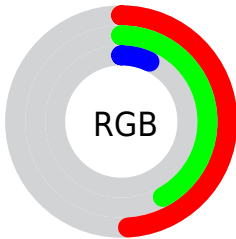
Format	Color
RYB	41, 126, 19
Decimal	8285203
CIELab	45.92, -2.30, 47.63
CIELCh	46, 47.690, 92.764
Yxy	15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286475283 (0xFF7E6C13)
YUV	103.2360, -41.5283, 19.9640
Hunter-Lab	38.9972, -3.7783, 23.0222

Details

The Yxy color **15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **2.9725, 0.1694, 0.1072**, and the grayscale version is **13.7362, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.2092, 0.4146, 0.4442**, and **4.7540, 0.4481, 0.4824** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7337, 0.4472, 0.4781**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.7164, 0.4277, 0.4652**.

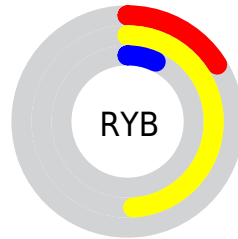
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (42%)

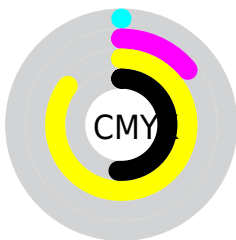
Blue (7%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (7%)

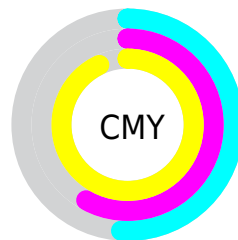


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (85%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.2078, 0.4387,
0.4737

■ 15.2078, 0.4387,
0.4737

■ 224.6206, 0.3707,
0.3942

■ 8.9654, 0.4533,
0.4919

■ 35.2173, 0.4144,
0.4446

■ 4.7186, 0.4777,
0.5223

■ 49.7532, 0.4049,
0.4335

■ 2.0831, 0.4747,
0.5253

■ 67.8223, 0.3969,
0.4242

■ 0.6551, 0.4637,
0.5363


■ 89.8090, 0.3901,
0.4163


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 116.0979, 0.3842,
0.4095


■ 147.0731, 0.3791,


0.4037

 183.1192, 0.3746,
0.3986


 15.2078, 0.4387,
0.4737


 15.2078, 0.4387,
0.4737

 14.7337, 0.4472,
0.4781


 15.7164, 0.4277,
0.4652

 14.4967, 0.4513,
0.4799

 16.2614, 0.4145,
0.4528

 16.8462, 0.3995,
0.4371

 17.4734, 0.3835,
0.4190

 18.1450, 0.3670,
0.3993

■ 18.8631, 0.3506,
0.3789

■ 19.6295, 0.3348,
0.3584

■ 20.4460, 0.3197,
0.3384

■ 21.3142, 0.3056,
0.3193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2078, 0.4928, 0.4095



15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737



15.2078, 0.3564, 0.5088

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737



15.2078, 0.1590, 0.2726



15.2078, 0.3376, 0.2282

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737



2.9725, 0.1694, 0.1072

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2078, 0.2464, 0.1965



15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737



15.2078, 0.1564, 0.2125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737



15.2078, 0.1961, 0.3721



15.2078, 0.1851, 0.1898



15.2078, 0.4351, 0.2797

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737



15.2078, 0.2965, 0.4944



15.2078, 0.1851, 0.1898



15.2078, 0.3047, 0.2151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2085, 0.4387, 0.4737



33.1124, 0.3518, 0.3803



5.0478, 0.5532, 0.3036



7.4479, 0.3565, 0.3862



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2085, 0.4387, 0.4737



25.3434, 0.4521, 0.4792



17.2497, 0.3686, 0.5296



4.9002, 0.3260, 0.3468



14.8686, 0.4513, 0.4798



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.9725, 0.1694, 0.1072



3.4566, 0.1544, 0.0759



2.7295, 0.1940, 0.0969



4.3197, 0.2993, 0.3105



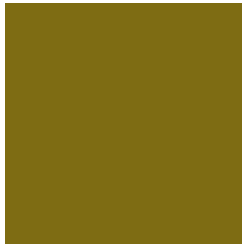
2.0985, 0.1552, 0.0787



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

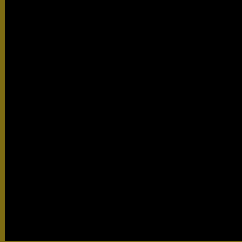
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737.

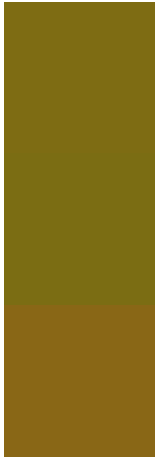


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737

Protanopia

15.1952, 0.4329, 0.4782

Deuteranopia

15.0768, 0.4605, 0.4534



Tritanopia

15.2956, 0.3485, 0.3159

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737

Protanomaly

15.2694, 0.4343, 0.4772

Deuteranomaly

15.1438, 0.4523, 0.4610

Tritanomaly

15.1683, 0.3906, 0.3832

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737

Achromatopsia

13.5633, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.9505, 0.3663, 0.4000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 108, 19)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 108, 19)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 108, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 108, 19) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 108, 19) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 108, 19) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 108, 19)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 108, 19); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 108, 19);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 108,  
19) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.2078, 0.4387, 0.4737 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 108, 19) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
108, 19) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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