

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.2385, 0.3058, 0.4135)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.2385, 0.3058, 0.4135)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	507652
RGB	80, 118, 82
RGB Percent	31%, 46%, 32%
CMY	0.6862, 0.5373, 0.6785
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.31, 0.54
HSL	123°, 19%, 39%
HSV	123°, 32%, 46%
XYZ	11.3106, 15.2715, 10.3323
YIQ	102.5340, -11.0920, -19.2520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

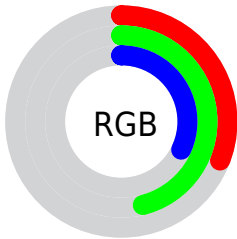
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 116, 118
Decimal	5273170
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, -21.32, 15.68
CIE _{LCh}	46, 26.468, 143.673
Yxy	15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283463250 (0xFF507652)
YUV	102.5340, -10.1233, -19.7623
Hunter-Lab	39.0788, -16.7245, 11.6790

Details

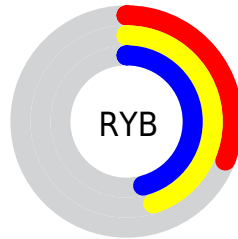
The Yxy color **15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **10.8533, 0.3193, 0.2568**, and the grayscale version is **13.4647, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.1612, 0.3081, 0.3904**, and **4.7131, 0.2999, 0.4576** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6460, 0.3044, 0.4454**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0163, 0.3084, 0.3842**.

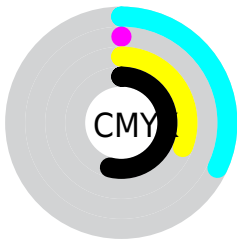
Distribution



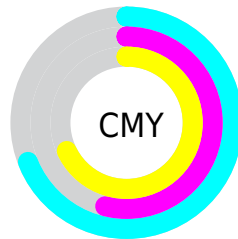
- Red (31%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.2715, 0.3064,
0.4137

■ 15.2715, 0.3064,
0.4137

■ 225.0037, 0.3112,
0.3616

■ 9.0102, 0.3041,
0.4318

■ 35.3288, 0.3088,
0.3916

■ 4.7478, 0.2999,
0.4595

■ 49.8935, 0.3095,
0.3843

■ 2.1001, 0.2914,
0.5074

■ 67.9948, 0.3100,
0.3786

■ 0.6647, 0.1433,
0.8567

■ 90.0170, 0.3103,
0.3739

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 116.3447, 0.3106,
0.3700

147.3621, 0.3109,

0.3668

183.4536, 0.3111,
0.3640

■ 15.2715, 0.3064,
0.4137

■ 15.2715, 0.3064,
0.4137

■ 14.6460, 0.3044,
0.4454

■ 16.0163, 0.3084,
0.3842

■ 14.1319, 0.3025,
0.4783

■ 16.8840, 0.3104,
0.3575

■ 13.7230, 0.3009,
0.5106

■ 17.8807, 0.3123,
0.3338

■ 13.4122, 0.2997,
0.5404

■ 19.0112, 0.3141,
0.3130

■ 13.1912, 0.2990,
0.5655

■ 20.2803, 0.3157,
0.2949

■ 13.0504, 0.2989,
0.5841

■ 21.6924, 0.3171,
0.2792

■ 12.9702, 0.2985,
0.5945

■ 23.2518, 0.3184,
0.2656

■ 24.9626, 0.3196,
0.2539

■ 26.8288, 0.3207,
0.2438

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2715, 0.3589, 0.4264



15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137



15.2715, 0.2581, 0.3706

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137



15.2715, 0.2284, 0.2484



15.2715, 0.4072, 0.3302

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137



10.8533, 0.3193, 0.2568

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2715, 0.3662, 0.2907



15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137



15.2715, 0.2620, 0.2452

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137



15.2715, 0.2159, 0.2723



15.2715, 0.3118, 0.2605



15.2715, 0.4198, 0.3723

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137



15.2715, 0.2344, 0.3341



15.2715, 0.3118, 0.2605



15.2715, 0.3961, 0.3164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2721, 0.3064, 0.4137



30.0095, 0.3108, 0.3527



17.2561, 0.3561, 0.4058



6.8576, 0.3106, 0.3554



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2721, 0.3064, 0.4137



25.9793, 0.3048, 0.4382



15.6009, 0.2862, 0.3680



4.1010, 0.3110, 0.3497



14.0314, 0.2985, 0.5947



68.3381, 0.2994, 0.5977

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.8533, 0.3193, 0.2568



16.8579, 0.3211, 0.2398



10.4569, 0.3507, 0.2933



3.7548, 0.3144, 0.3091



5.4288, 0.3339, 0.1613



26.4155, 0.3346, 0.1617

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

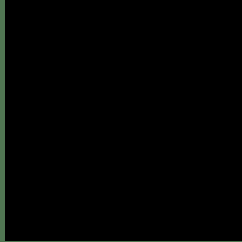
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137

Protanopia

15.0571, 0.3655, 0.3911

Deuteranopia

15.0685, 0.3732, 0.3666



Tritanopia

15.2901, 0.2722, 0.3096

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137

Protanomaly

15.0959, 0.3431, 0.4011

Deuteranomaly

14.8924, 0.3466, 0.3824

Tritanomaly

15.2543, 0.2849, 0.3469

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137

Achromatopsia

13.5633, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.9842, 0.3113, 0.3584

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 118, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 118, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 118, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 118, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 118, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 118, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 118, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 118, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 118, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 118,  
82) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.2715, 0.3064, 0.4137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 118, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 118,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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