

Converting Colors

$Yxy(15.3156, 0.1935, 0.2994)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.3156, 0.1935, 0.2994)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007C89
RGB	0, 124, 137
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 54%
CMY	0.9997, 0.5137, 0.4627
CMYK	1.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	186°, 100%, 27%
HSV	186°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	11.7236, 16.2214, 26.1805
YIQ	88.4060, -78.0770, -22.2450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

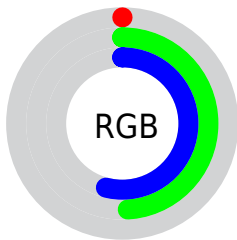
Format	Color
RYB	0, 65, 137
Decimal	31881
CIELab	47.26, -23.80, -15.29
CIELCh	47, 28.286, 212.724
Yxy	16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221961 (0xFF007C89)
YUV	88.4060, 23.9568, -77.5321
Hunter-Lab	40.2758, -18.5244, -10.3472

Details

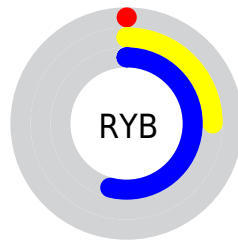
The Yxy color **16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **5.6085, 0.6301, 0.3378**, and the grayscale version is **9.8169, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.0010, 0.2383, 0.3085**, and **5.7203, 0.2134, 0.2881** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2197, 0.2166, 0.2997**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.6413, 0.2196, 0.3028**.

Distribution



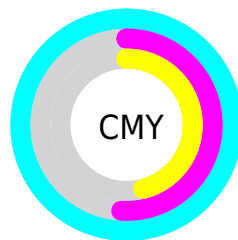
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (46%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.2214, 0.2166,
0.2997


 16.2214, 0.2166,
0.2997


 230.6446, 0.2711,
0.3184

 9.6810, 0.2006,
0.2930


 36.9821, 0.2381,
0.3078


 5.1879, 0.1785,
0.2828

 51.9712, 0.2457,
0.3104


 2.3580, 0.1465,
0.2657

 70.5453, 0.2519,
0.3125

 0.8041, 0.0555,
0.2435

 93.0888, 0.2570,
0.3141

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 119.9861, 0.2614,
0.3155

 151.6216, 0.2651,

0.3166

188.3796, 0.2683,
0.3176

■ 16.2214, 0.2166,
0.2997

■ 16.2214, 0.2166,
0.2997

■ 16.2197, 0.2166,
0.2997

■ 16.6413, 0.2196,
0.3028

■ 17.1218, 0.2237,
0.3060

■ 17.6942, 0.2297,
0.3092

■ 18.3692, 0.2374,
0.3124

■ 19.1558, 0.2469,
0.3155

■ 20.0623, 0.2579,
0.3185

■ 21.0959, 0.2702,
0.3214

■ 22.2635, 0.2837,
0.3241

■ 23.5713, 0.2980,
0.3267

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2214, 0.2433, 0.3553



16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997



16.2214, 0.2133, 0.2598

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997



16.2214, 0.3291, 0.2657



16.2214, 0.3936, 0.4203

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997



5.6085, 0.6301, 0.3378

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2214, 0.4220, 0.3863



16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997



16.2214, 0.3840, 0.3006

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997



16.2214, 0.2739, 0.2446



16.2214, 0.4193, 0.3432



16.2214, 0.3446, 0.4311

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997



16.2214, 0.2240, 0.2453



16.2214, 0.4193, 0.3432



16.2214, 0.4060, 0.4107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2220, 0.2166, 0.2997



37.6373, 0.2693, 0.3212



17.9177, 0.2979, 0.5925



8.2863, 0.2647, 0.3201



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2220, 0.2166, 0.2997



28.9170, 0.2164, 0.2990



4.7456, 0.1710, 0.1356



5.6088, 0.2991, 0.3269



15.1175, 0.2166, 0.2998



0.1114, 0.2209, 0.3153

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.7754, 0.3457, 0.1678



12.1169, 0.3463, 0.1681



11.0486, 0.5135, 0.4304



5.1209, 0.3151, 0.3094



6.3103, 0.3456, 0.1678



0.0430, 0.3322, 0.1604

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

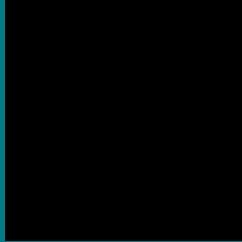
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997.

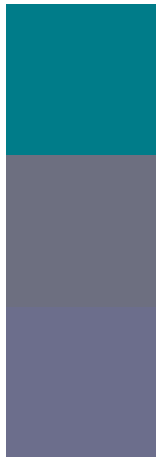


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997

Protanopia

16.1786, 0.2901, 0.2954

Deuteranopia

16.2335, 0.2758, 0.2715



Tritanopia

16.1365, 0.2184, 0.3061

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997

Protanomaly

15.3947, 0.2463, 0.2963

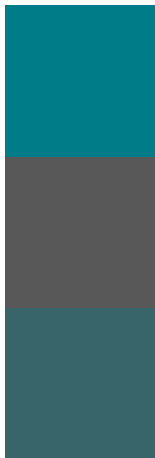
Deuteranomaly

15.3908, 0.2394, 0.2781

Tritanomaly

16.1646, 0.2178, 0.3040

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997

Achromatopsia

9.7587, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.1887, 0.2510, 0.3160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 124, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 124, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 124, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 124, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 124, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 124, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 124, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 124, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124,  
137) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.2214, 0.2166, 0.2997 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 124, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 124,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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