

Converting Colors

$Yxy(15.3304, 0.2653, 0.3169)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.3304, 0.2653, 0.3169)
contains.

Yxy(15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	507379
RGB	80, 115, 121
RGB Percent	31%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.6861, 0.5490, 0.5255
CMYK	0.34, 0.05, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	189°, 20%, 39%
HSV	189°, 34%, 47%
XYZ	12.8924, 15.3474, 20.3741
YIQ	105.2190, -22.7860, -5.5540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

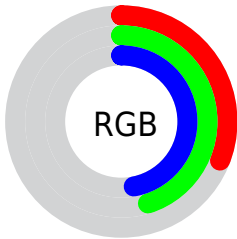
Format	Color
RYB	80, 99, 121
Decimal	5272441
CIELab	46.11, -10.80, -7.31
CIElCh	46, 13.041, 214.113
Yxy	15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283462521 (0xFF507379)
YUV	105.2190, 7.7800, -22.1171
Hunter-Lab	39.1758, -9.8148, -3.4118

Details

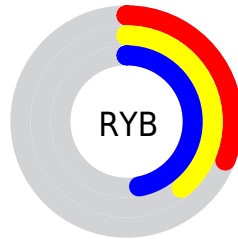
The Yxy color **15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **11.3077, 0.3829, 0.3418**, and the grayscale version is **14.1742, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.4799, 0.2769, 0.3197**, and **4.8024, 0.2434, 0.3071** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.4666, 0.2530, 0.3112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.3321, 0.2785, 0.3200**.

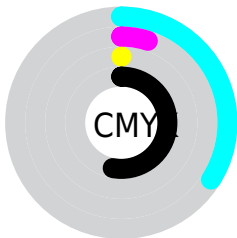
Distribution



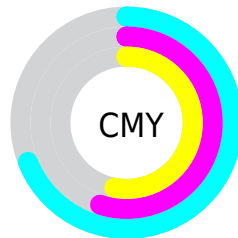
- Red (31%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3474, 0.2652,
0.3157

■ 15.3474, 0.2652,
0.3157

■ 225.4594, 0.2930,
0.3240

■ 9.0636, 0.2565,
0.3128

■ 35.4615, 0.2765,
0.3192

■ 4.7827, 0.2438,
0.3084

■ 50.0605, 0.2803,
0.3204

■ 2.1203, 0.2240,
0.3008

■ 68.2001, 0.2834,
0.3213

■ 0.6760, 0.1626,
0.2900

■ 90.2645, 0.2860,
0.3220

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 116.6383, 0.2882,
0.3226

147.7058, 0.2900,

0.3231

183.8513, 0.2916,
0.3236

■ 15.3474, 0.2652,
0.3157

■ 15.3474, 0.2652,
0.3157

■ 14.4666, 0.2530,
0.3112

■ 16.3321, 0.2785,
0.3200

■ 13.6828, 0.2420,
0.3064

■ 17.4236, 0.2925,
0.3240

■ 12.9909, 0.2326,
0.3015

■ 18.6271, 0.3070,
0.3277

■ 12.3847, 0.2248,
0.2966

■ 19.9466, 0.3218,
0.3310

■ 11.8571, 0.2188,
0.2916

■ 21.3861, 0.3366,
0.3341

■ 11.3985, 0.2145,
0.2866

■ 22.9494, 0.3512,
0.3368

■ 11.1317, 0.2121,
0.2835

■ 24.6401, 0.3656,
0.3392

■ 26.4616, 0.3795,
0.3413

■ 28.4172, 0.3929,
0.3431

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3474, 0.2788, 0.3406



15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157



15.3474, 0.2638, 0.2960

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157



15.3474, 0.3224, 0.2982



15.3474, 0.3511, 0.3733

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157



11.3077, 0.3829, 0.3418

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3474, 0.3640, 0.3596



15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157



15.3474, 0.3472, 0.3168

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157



15.3474, 0.2959, 0.2871



15.3474, 0.3627, 0.3389



15.3474, 0.3281, 0.3751

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157



15.3474, 0.2698, 0.2881



15.3474, 0.3627, 0.3389



15.3474, 0.3568, 0.3698

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3480, 0.2652, 0.3157



31.9519, 0.2977, 0.3253



16.0472, 0.3026, 0.4112



7.2515, 0.2961, 0.3249



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3480, 0.2652, 0.3157



26.1792, 0.2551, 0.3120



11.2821, 0.2596, 0.2697



4.4170, 0.2994, 0.3258



11.9153, 0.2121, 0.2834



55.8680, 0.2113, 0.2808

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.0452, 0.3258, 0.2598



17.3139, 0.3297, 0.2434



14.9497, 0.3700, 0.3818



4.0679, 0.3157, 0.3109



5.4097, 0.3604, 0.1759



25.7071, 0.3627, 0.1772

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

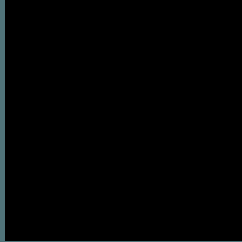
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157

Protanopia

15.1976, 0.3015, 0.3105

Deuteranopia

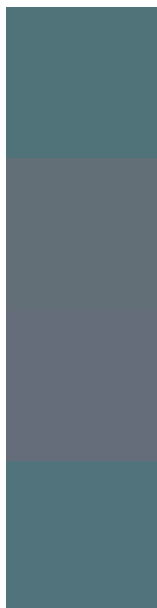
15.2488, 0.3008, 0.2952



Tritanopia

15.4660, 0.2633, 0.3094

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157

Protanomaly

15.2736, 0.2878, 0.3142

Deuteranomaly

15.1091, 0.2868, 0.3020

Tritanomaly

15.4409, 0.2643, 0.3115

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157

Achromatopsia

14.1263, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.5718, 0.2932, 0.3246

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 115, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(80, 115, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 115, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 115, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 115, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 115, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 115, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 115, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 115, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 115,  
121) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.3474, 0.2652, 0.3157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 115, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 115,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor