

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.4368, 0.2040, 0.6035)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.4368, 0.2040, 0.6035)
contains.

Yxy(17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00872A
RGB	0, 135, 42
RGB Percent	0%, 53%, 16%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4706, 0.8353
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.69, 0.47
HSL	139°, 100%, 26%
HSV	139°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	9.0816, 17.4951, 5.0886
YIQ	84.0330, -50.6070, -57.5430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

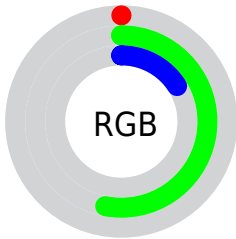
Format	Color
RYB	0, 103, 135
Decimal	34602
CIELab	48.88, -51.06, 39.82
CIELCh	49, 64.752, 142.053
Yxy	17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224682 (0xFF00872A)
YUV	84.0330, -20.7223, -73.6969
Hunter-Lab	41.8271, -34.4411, 22.0659

Details

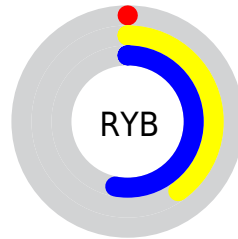
The Yxy color **17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **5.9415, 0.4158, 0.2064**, and the grayscale version is **8.9247, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.9617, 0.2990, 0.4934**, and **6.3406, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4960, 0.2868, 0.5525**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6599, 0.2846, 0.5322**.

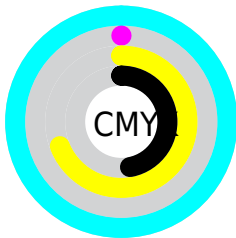
Distribution



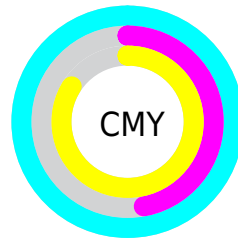
- Red (0%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (47%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.4951, 0.2868,
0.5525


 17.4951, 0.2868,
0.5525


238.0096, 0.3094,
0.4133

 10.5881, 0.2744,
0.5989


 39.1751, 0.2989,
0.4937


 5.7906, 0.2528,
0.6669

 54.7169, 0.3021,
0.4742


 2.7182, 0.2140,
0.7860

 73.9057, 0.3044,
0.4588

 0.9864, 0.0000,
1.0000

 97.1260, 0.3060,
0.4462

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 124.7621, 0.3072,
0.4358

 157.1985, 0.3081,

0.4271

194.8195, 0.3088,
0.4197

■ 17.4951, 0.2868,
0.5525

■ 17.4951, 0.2868,
0.5525

■ 17.4960, 0.2868,
0.5525

■ 17.6599, 0.2846,
0.5322

■ 17.8945, 0.2832,
0.5094

■ 18.2310, 0.2833,
0.4845

■ 18.6806, 0.2850,
0.4588

■ 19.2528, 0.2880,
0.4333

■ 19.9563, 0.2920,
0.4088

■ 20.7988, 0.2967,
0.3859

■ 21.7874, 0.3019,
0.3649

■ 22.9289, 0.3073,
0.3459

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4951, 0.3949, 0.5459



17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525



17.4951, 0.1906, 0.4381

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525



17.4951, 0.1413, 0.1639



17.4951, 0.5281, 0.3101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525



5.9415, 0.4158, 0.2064

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4951, 0.4268, 0.2417



17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525



17.4951, 0.1978, 0.1621

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525



17.4951, 0.1208, 0.2015



17.4951, 0.2974, 0.1892



17.4951, 0.5467, 0.3858

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525



17.4951, 0.1480, 0.3363



17.4951, 0.2974, 0.1892



17.4951, 0.5020, 0.2863

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4960, 0.2868, 0.5525



37.1355, 0.2964, 0.3874



19.7351, 0.3686, 0.5456



8.4665, 0.2946, 0.3956



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4960, 0.2868, 0.5525



31.3044, 0.2879, 0.5563



18.4116, 0.2423, 0.3924



5.2269, 0.3077, 0.3443



16.1349, 0.2866, 0.5519



0.0571, 0.2642, 0.4709

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.9415, 0.4158, 0.2064



10.6099, 0.4184, 0.2079



5.2303, 0.6019, 0.3089



4.7388, 0.3181, 0.3142



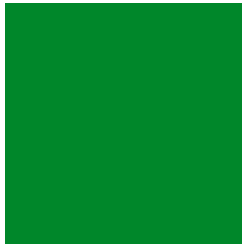
5.4810, 0.4154, 0.2062



0.0203, 0.3643, 0.1781

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525

Protanopia

17.3702, 0.4218, 0.4641

Deuteranopia

17.2305, 0.4346, 0.4279



Tritanopia

17.5115, 0.2367, 0.3075

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525



Protanomaly

16.1514, 0.3484, 0.5107



Deuteranomaly

15.6312, 0.3545, 0.4841



Tritanomaly

17.0171, 0.2531, 0.3936

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525



Achromatopsia

8.8656, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

10.8871, 0.2885, 0.4249

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 135, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 135, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 135, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 135, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 135, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 135, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 135, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 135, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 135, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 135, 42)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.4951, 0.2868, 0.5525 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 135, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 135,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor