

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.4940, 0.2038, 0.1524)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(15.4940, 0.2038, 0.1524)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C60D6
RGB	92, 96, 214
RGB Percent	36%, 38%, 84%
CMY	0.6391, 0.6236, 0.1608
CMYK	0.57, 0.55, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	238°, 60%, 60%
HSV	238°, 57%, 84%
XYZ	20.7361, 15.4961, 65.5150
YIQ	108.2560, -40.2620, 35.8500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

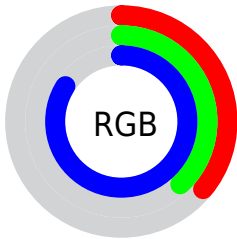
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 96, 214
Decimal	6054102
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.31, 32.44, -61.42
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 69.461, 297.840
Yxy	15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284244182 (0xFF5C60D6)
YUV	108.2560, 52.1318, -14.2565
Hunter-Lab	39.3651, 25.1383, -71.1204

# Details

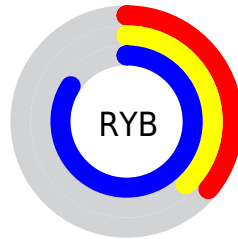
The Yxy color **15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **61.1827, 0.3962, 0.4598**, and the grayscale version is **14.9330, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.6667, 0.2356, 0.1981**, and **4.8514, 0.1660, 0.1072** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.2521, 0.1847, 0.1205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.0470, 0.2247, 0.1867**.

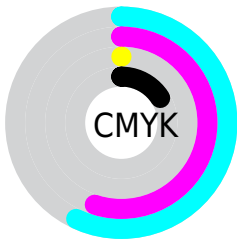
# Distribution



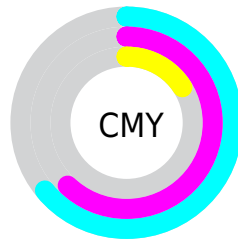
- Red (36%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.4961, 0.2038,  
0.1523

■ 15.4961, 0.2038,  
0.1523

226.3497, 0.2651,  
0.2413

■ 9.1683, 0.1873,  
0.1317

■ 35.7212, 0.2272,  
0.1839

■ 4.8511, 0.1660,  
0.1069

■ 50.3872, 0.2357,  
0.1960

■ 2.1602, 0.1381,  
0.0775

■ 68.6015, 0.2428,  
0.2064

■ 0.6981, 0.1018,  
0.0440

■ 90.7483, 0.2487,  
0.2154

■ 0.0000, 0.0499,  
0.0000

117.2122, 0.2537,  
0.2232

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

148.3774, 0.2580,

0.2300

184.6285, 0.2618,  
0.2360

■ 15.4961, 0.2038,  
0.1523

■ 15.4961, 0.2038,  
0.1523

■ 11.2521, 0.1847,  
0.1205

■ 21.0470, 0.2247,  
0.1867

■ 8.2066, 0.1689,  
0.0939

■ 27.9986, 0.2459,  
0.2214

■ 6.2365, 0.1578,  
0.0747

■ 36.4374, 0.2663,  
0.2544

■ 5.1887, 0.1517,  
0.0636

■ 46.4429, 0.2851,  
0.2848

■ 5.0057, 0.1505,  
0.0617

■ 58.0886, 0.3021,  
0.3120

■ 71.4435, 0.3170,  
0.3358

■ 86.5729, 0.3300,  
0.3565

■ 97.6350, 0.3370,  
0.3691

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.4961, 0.1361, 0.1475



15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523



15.4961, 0.3208, 0.1864

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523



15.4961, 0.5597, 0.3999



15.4961, 0.1616, 0.4169

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523



61.1827, 0.3962, 0.4598

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4961, 0.2573, 0.5682



15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523



15.4961, 0.4831, 0.4937

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523



15.4961, 0.5627, 0.3191



15.4961, 0.3731, 0.5775



15.4961, 0.1136, 0.2605



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523



15.4961, 0.4185, 0.2239



15.4961, 0.3731, 0.5775



15.4961, 0.1889, 0.4766

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4966, 0.2038, 0.1523



68.7821, 0.2848, 0.2843



55.0193, 0.2436, 0.3344



14.0364, 0.2811, 0.2784



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4966, 0.2038, 0.1523



15.8490, 0.1817, 0.1156



18.9004, 0.2509, 0.1672



12.0726, 0.2981, 0.3057



3.0549, 0.1506, 0.0622



0.2075, 0.1526, 0.0692



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.8008, 0.4799, 0.3250



27.9263, 0.5349, 0.3250



56.0420, 0.3476, 0.4882



12.4273, 0.3286, 0.3283



8.6532, 0.6363, 0.3279



0.5243, 0.6246, 0.3215



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

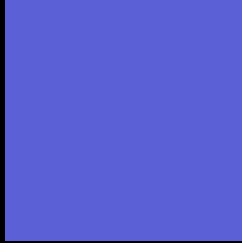
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

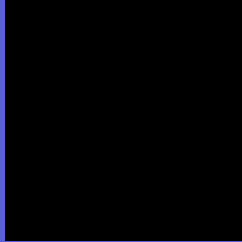
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523

### Protanopia

15.4850, 0.1737, 0.1454

### Deuteranopia

15.5285, 0.1841, 0.1827



## Tritanopia

15.4149, 0.2410, 0.3065

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523

**Protanomaly**

14.9934, 0.1778, 0.1457

**Deuteranomaly**

14.8957, 0.1843, 0.1669

**Tritanomaly**

14.9572, 0.2235, 0.2328

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523

**Achromatopsia**

14.9960, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

14.8320, 0.2609, 0.2465

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 96, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 96, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 96, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 96, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 96, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 96, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 96, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 96, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 96, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 96,  
214) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.4961, 0.2038, 0.1523 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 96, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 96,  
214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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