

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.5821, 0.1993, 0.1875)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.5821, 0.1993, 0.1875)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B6DBE
RGB	59, 109, 190
RGB Percent	23%, 43%, 75%
CMY	0.7686, 0.5725, 0.2550
CMYK	0.69, 0.43, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	217°, 53%, 49%
HSV	217°, 69%, 75%
XYZ	16.5640, 15.5848, 50.8373
YIQ	103.2840, -55.8010, 14.5910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

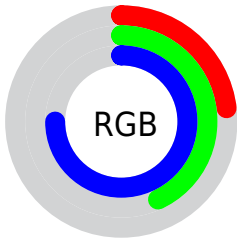
Format	Color
RYB	59, 95, 190
Decimal	3894718
CIELab	46.42, 10.21, -47.53
CIELCh	46, 48.612, 282.125
Yxy	15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282084798 (0xFF3B6DBE)
YUV	103.2840, 42.7510, -38.8371
Hunter-Lab	39.4776, 5.8094, -48.7165

Details

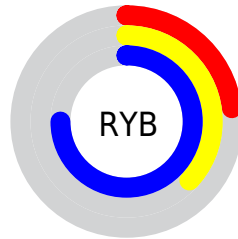
The Yxy color **15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **30.0065, 0.4506, 0.4307**, and the grayscale version is **13.5385, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.8501, 0.2236, 0.2161**, and **5.2228, 0.1744, 0.1477** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.7660, 0.1863, 0.1644**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.9506, 0.2149, 0.2117**.

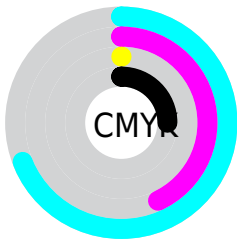
Distribution



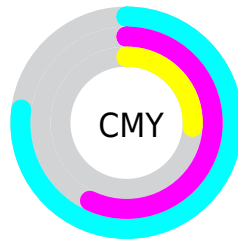
- Red (23%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.5848, 0.1996,
0.1878

■ 15.5848, 0.1996,
0.1878

226.8791, 0.2628,
0.2640

■ 9.2308, 0.1823,
0.1680

■ 35.8759, 0.2239,
0.2163

■ 4.8921, 0.1596,
0.1427

■ 50.5818, 0.2326,
0.2269

■ 2.1841, 0.1295,
0.1103

■ 68.8404, 0.2399,
0.2356

■ 0.7113, 0.0896,
0.0687

■ 91.0363, 0.2459,
0.2431

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 117.5537, 0.2511,
0.2494

148.7770, 0.2555,

0.2549

185.0907, 0.2594,
0.2597

■ 15.5848, 0.1996,
0.1878

■ 15.5848, 0.1996,
0.1878

■ 12.7660, 0.1863,
0.1644

■ 18.9506, 0.2149,
0.2117

■ 10.4552, 0.1757,
0.1425

■ 22.8949, 0.2315,
0.2351

■ 8.5972, 0.1677,
0.1227

■ 27.4482, 0.2487,
0.2576

■ 8.4212, 0.1669,
0.1207

■ 32.6381, 0.2660,
0.2786

■ 38.4902, 0.2829,
0.2978

■ 45.0288, 0.2991,
0.3151

■ 52.2766, 0.3143,
0.3305

■ 60.2555, 0.3284,
0.3442

■ 68.9862, 0.3415,
0.3562

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.5848, 0.1607, 0.2006



15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878



15.5848, 0.2717, 0.2028

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878



15.5848, 0.5031, 0.3630



15.5848, 0.2414, 0.4473

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878



30.0065, 0.4506, 0.4307

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5848, 0.3282, 0.5088



15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878



15.5848, 0.4818, 0.4312

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878



15.5848, 0.4614, 0.2980



15.5848, 0.4157, 0.4912



15.5848, 0.1793, 0.3379

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878



15.5848, 0.3356, 0.2264



15.5848, 0.4157, 0.4912



15.5848, 0.2688, 0.4766

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.5853, 0.1996, 0.1878



67.1163, 0.2789, 0.2933



39.6336, 0.2607, 0.4145



14.0778, 0.2742, 0.2880



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.5853, 0.1996, 0.1878



20.7686, 0.1802, 0.1523



8.3112, 0.1914, 0.1161



9.8065, 0.2984, 0.3144



5.7422, 0.1675, 0.1231



0.3522, 0.1813, 0.1727

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.1761, 0.4500, 0.2673



22.8640, 0.4988, 0.2669



46.2120, 0.3910, 0.4909



9.5950, 0.3230, 0.3203



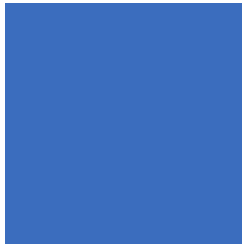
7.6094, 0.5423, 0.2761



0.3109, 0.4774, 0.2403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

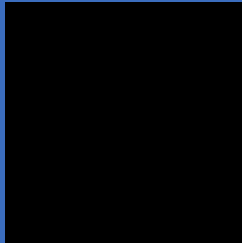
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878

Protanopia

15.6021, 0.2081, 0.1892

Deuteranopia

15.6674, 0.1948, 0.1895



Tritanopia

15.5578, 0.2189, 0.3080

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878

Protanomaly

15.6645, 0.2050, 0.1889

Deuteranomaly

15.5734, 0.1964, 0.1884

Tritanomaly

15.1490, 0.2075, 0.2547

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878

Achromatopsia

13.5633, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.8787, 0.2562, 0.2662

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 109, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 109, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 109, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 109, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 109, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 109, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 109, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 109, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 109, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 109,  
190) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.5848, 0.1996, 0.1878 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 109, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 109,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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