

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.6001, 0.4927, 0.4470)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.6001, 0.4927, 0.4470)
contains.

Yxy(15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	966400
RGB	150, 100, 0
RGB Percent	59%, 39%, 0%
CMY	0.4118, 0.6078, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 1.00, 0.41
HSL	40°, 100%, 29%
HSV	40°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	17.1349, 15.5984, 2.1079
YIQ	103.5500, 61.9000, -20.5000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

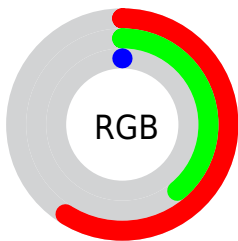
Format	Color
R_{YB}	75, 150, 0
Decimal	9856000
CIE _{Lab}	46.44, 13.30, 53.96
CIE _{LCh}	46, 55.574, 76.149
Yxy	15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288046080 (0xFF966400)
YUV	103.5500, -51.0501, 40.7367
Hunter-Lab	39.4948, 8.3266, 24.4820

Details

The Yxy color **15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **4.4839, 0.1641, 0.1107**, and the grayscale version is **13.8442, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.0254, 0.4571, 0.4310**, and **4.9259, 0.5141, 0.4300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.6225, 0.4780, 0.4485**.

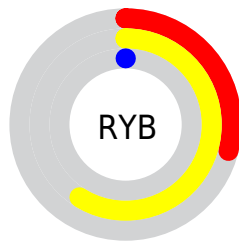
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (39%)

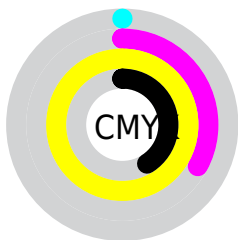
Blue (0%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (0%)

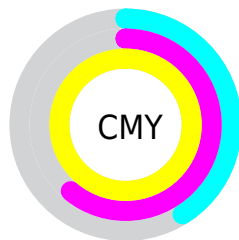


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)


Magenta (61%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 15.5984, 0.4918,
0.4477


 15.5984, 0.4918,
0.4477


226.9602, 0.3949,
0.3913


 9.2404, 0.5139,
0.4555


 35.8996, 0.4572,
0.4308


 4.8983, 0.5399,
0.4601

 50.6116, 0.4437,
0.4230


 2.1877, 0.5552,
0.4448

 68.8771, 0.4322,
0.4160

 0.7133, 0.5869,
0.4131


 91.0804, 0.4225,
0.4098


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 117.6060, 0.4141,
0.4043

 148.8382, 0.4068,


0.3994


 185.1614, 0.4005,
0.3951

 15.5984, 0.4918,
0.4477

 16.6225, 0.4780,
0.4485

 17.7306, 0.4620,
0.4455

 18.9360, 0.4436,
0.4379

 20.2443, 0.4236,
0.4264

 21.6604, 0.4030,
0.4121

■ 23.1887, 0.3826,
0.3959

■ 24.8332, 0.3631,
0.3789

■ 26.5976, 0.3448,
0.3618

■ 28.4855, 0.3280,
0.3450

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.5984, 0.5279, 0.3719



15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477



15.5984, 0.4112, 0.5167

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477



15.5984, 0.1571, 0.3207



15.5984, 0.2790, 0.1936

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477



4.4839, 0.1641, 0.1107

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5984, 0.1948, 0.1734



15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477



15.5984, 0.1356, 0.2267

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477



15.5984, 0.2189, 0.4507



15.5984, 0.1484, 0.1818



15.5984, 0.3926, 0.2387

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477



15.5984, 0.3462, 0.5377



15.5984, 0.1484, 0.1818



15.5984, 0.2467, 0.1839

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.5992, 0.4918, 0.4477



43.6455, 0.3642, 0.3800



6.7146, 0.5600, 0.2859



9.4238, 0.3715, 0.3865



74.8414, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.9280, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.5992, 0.4918, 0.4477



27.1963, 0.4935, 0.4463



26.1726, 0.3907, 0.5280



6.4222, 0.3267, 0.3437



12.9975, 0.4911, 0.4482



0.2134, 0.4523, 0.4791

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.4839, 0.1641, 0.1107



7.6208, 0.1632, 0.1074



2.4091, 0.1582, 0.0645



5.9301, 0.2989, 0.3138



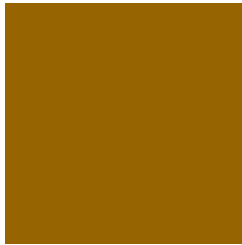
3.7724, 0.1645, 0.1120



0.0962, 0.1872, 0.1941

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477

Protanopia

15.7508, 0.4365, 0.4842

Deuteranopia

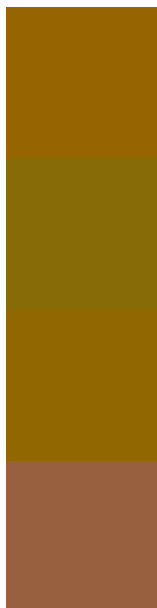
15.6786, 0.4703, 0.4648



Tritanopia

15.6188, 0.3972, 0.3174

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477

Protanomaly

15.5969, 0.4568, 0.4711

Deuteranomaly

15.6298, 0.4790, 0.4579

Tritanomaly

15.5082, 0.4490, 0.3816

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477

Achromatopsia

13.8432, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.1588, 0.3915, 0.4041

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 100, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 100, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 100, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 100, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 100, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 100, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 100, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 100, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 100, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 100,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.5984, 0.4918, 0.4477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 100, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
100, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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