

Converting Colors

$Yxy(15.6326, 0.2109, 0.3179)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.6326, 0.2109, 0.3179)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007C81
RGB	0, 124, 129
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 51%
CMY	0.9988, 0.5137, 0.4941
CMYK	1.00, 0.04, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	182°, 100%, 25%
HSV	182°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	11.1730, 16.0003, 23.2690
YIQ	87.4940, -75.5090, -24.7330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

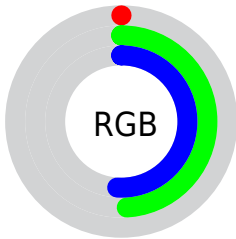
Format	Color
RYB	0, 63, 129
Decimal	31873
CIELab	46.97, -26.51, -11.00
CIELCh	47, 28.701, 202.528
Yxy	16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221953 (0xFF007C81)
YUV	87.4940, 20.4625, -76.7322
Hunter-Lab	40.0004, -20.1417, -6.4899

Details

The Yxy color **16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.7836, 0.6351, 0.3334**, and the grayscale version is **9.6309, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.6155, 0.2422, 0.3208**, and **5.4767, 0.2187, 0.3074** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.9958, 0.2214, 0.3172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.2122, 0.2239, 0.3184**.

Distribution



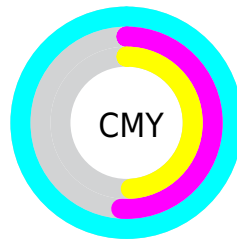
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.0003, 0.2215,
0.3172


 16.0003, 0.2215,
0.3172


 229.3435, 0.2736,
0.3256


 9.5244, 0.2059,
0.3137


 36.5987, 0.2423,
0.3211

 5.0848, 0.1842,
0.3080

 51.4900, 0.2495,
0.3223

 2.2971, 0.1522,
0.2974

 69.9552, 0.2554,
0.3232

 0.7722, 0.0331,
0.2944

 92.3787, 0.2603,
0.3239

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 119.1449, 0.2644,
0.3245

 150.6381, 0.2679,

0.3249

187.2429, 0.2710,
0.3253

■ 16.0003, 0.2215,
0.3172

■ 16.0003, 0.2215,
0.3172

■ 15.9958, 0.2214,
0.3172

■ 16.2122, 0.2239,
0.3184

■ 16.4730, 0.2275,
0.3197

■ 16.8109, 0.2329,
0.3209

■ 17.2352, 0.2400,
0.3222

■ 17.7536, 0.2488,
0.3235

■ 18.3732, 0.2593,
0.3247

■ 19.1002, 0.2712,
0.3259

■ 19.9404, 0.2843,
0.3270

■ 20.8991, 0.2983,
0.3280

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.0003, 0.2561, 0.3756



16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172



16.0003, 0.2101, 0.2698

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172



16.0003, 0.3093, 0.2555



16.0003, 0.4079, 0.4119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172



4.7836, 0.6351, 0.3334

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.0003, 0.4271, 0.3727



16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172



16.0003, 0.3676, 0.2868

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172



16.0003, 0.2569, 0.2399



16.0003, 0.4125, 0.3281



16.0003, 0.3635, 0.4330

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172



16.0003, 0.2157, 0.2500



16.0003, 0.4125, 0.3281



16.0003, 0.4177, 0.4001

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.0009, 0.2215, 0.3172



34.0710, 0.2700, 0.3258



15.7134, 0.2991, 0.5965



7.6048, 0.2657, 0.3253



65.5931, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.8982, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.0009, 0.2215, 0.3172



28.5909, 0.2214, 0.3169



4.8576, 0.1758, 0.1524



4.8591, 0.2993, 0.3281



15.5968, 0.2214, 0.3172



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.1292, 0.3306, 0.1596



10.9575, 0.3308, 0.1596



8.9179, 0.5264, 0.4199



4.4096, 0.3142, 0.3085



5.9690, 0.3306, 0.1595



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

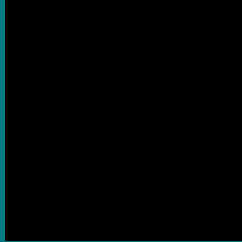
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172

Protanopia

15.8229, 0.3005, 0.3089

Deuteranopia

15.9827, 0.2879, 0.2842



Tritanopia

15.9785, 0.2213, 0.3061

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172

Protanomaly

14.9936, 0.2537, 0.3110

Deuteranomaly

15.0129, 0.2472, 0.2919

Tritanomaly

15.9030, 0.2207, 0.3083

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172

Achromatopsia

9.7587, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.1274, 0.2540, 0.3237

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 124, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 124, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 124, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 124, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 124, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 124, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 124, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 124, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124,  
129) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.0003, 0.2215, 0.3172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 124, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 124,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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