

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.6384, 0.3734, 0.6266)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.6384, 0.3734, 0.6266)
contains.

Yxy(15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	467C00
RGB	70, 124, 0
RGB Percent	27%, 49%, 0%
CMY	0.7254, 0.5137, 1.0000
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 1.00, 0.51
HSL	86°, 100%, 24%
HSV	86°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	9.7342, 15.7174, 2.5203
YIQ	93.7180, 7.6200, -50.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

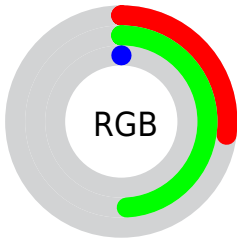
Format	Color
RYB	0, 124, 54
Decimal	4619264
CIELab	46.60, -35.90, 50.94
CIELCh	47, 62.317, 125.178
Yxy	15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282809344 (0xFF467C00)
YUV	93.7180, -46.2030, -20.8007
Hunter-Lab	39.6452, -25.5513, 23.9825

Details

The Yxy color **15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **2.2391, 0.1937, 0.0841**, and the grayscale version is **11.2343, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.0882, 0.3493, 0.5056**, and **4.9687, 0.3088, 0.5931** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7181, 0.3480, 0.5619**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.9556, 0.3513, 0.5489**.

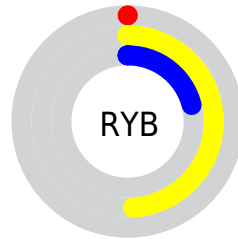
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (49%)

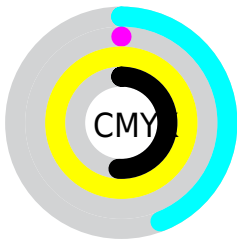
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (21%)

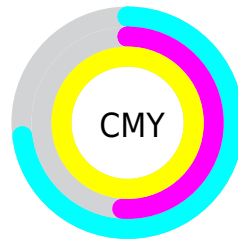


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 15.7174, 0.3480,
0.5619


 15.7174, 0.3480,
0.5619


227.6683, 0.3383,
0.4212


 9.3244, 0.3418,
0.6032


 36.1069, 0.3491,
0.5052


 4.9534, 0.3310,
0.6690

 50.8722, 0.3477,
0.4854

 2.2199, 0.2817,
0.7183

 69.1970, 0.3461,
0.4694

 0.7308, 0.0000,
1.0000

 91.4658, 0.3444,
0.4563


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 118.0629, 0.3427,
0.4453


 149.3728, 0.3411,


0.4360


 185.7798, 0.3397,
0.4281


 15.7174, 0.3480,
0.5619

 15.7174, 0.3480,
0.5619


 15.7181, 0.3480,
0.5619

 15.9556, 0.3513,
0.5489

 16.2258, 0.3532,
0.5327

 16.5387, 0.3530,
0.5121

 16.8975, 0.3507,
0.4878

 17.3051, 0.3466,
0.4612

■ 17.7639, 0.3411,
0.4334

■ 18.2762, 0.3346,
0.4056

■ 18.8444, 0.3275,
0.3785

■ 19.4702, 0.3201,
0.3529

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7174, 0.4516, 0.5061



15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619



15.7174, 0.2416, 0.5147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619



15.7174, 0.1260, 0.1800



15.7174, 0.4785, 0.2706

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619



2.2391, 0.1937, 0.0841

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.7174, 0.3526, 0.2096



15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619



15.7174, 0.1614, 0.1596

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619



15.7174, 0.1242, 0.2448



15.7174, 0.2361, 0.1708



15.7174, 0.5468, 0.3424

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619



15.7174, 0.1829, 0.4217



15.7174, 0.2361, 0.1708



15.7174, 0.4396, 0.2485

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7181, 0.3480, 0.5619



32.0942, 0.3351, 0.4075



6.8987, 0.5547, 0.3978



7.4827, 0.3375, 0.4172



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7181, 0.3480, 0.5619



27.5770, 0.3465, 0.5631



14.4688, 0.3023, 0.5982



4.5512, 0.3194, 0.3506



15.9773, 0.3479, 0.5619



75.7027, 0.3446, 0.5646

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.2391, 0.1937, 0.0841



3.8608, 0.1914, 0.0828



5.1500, 0.3048, 0.1453



3.9710, 0.3055, 0.3073



2.2747, 0.1937, 0.0840



10.3659, 0.1885, 0.0812

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

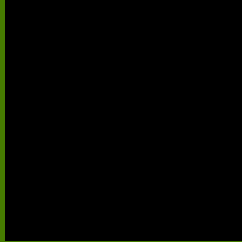
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619

Protanopia

15.4369, 0.4399, 0.4889

Deuteranopia

15.4598, 0.4598, 0.4507



Tritanopia

15.6480, 0.2674, 0.3096

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619

Protanomaly

15.2045, 0.4033, 0.5180

Deuteranomaly

14.9837, 0.4182, 0.4927

Tritanomaly

15.2269, 0.3096, 0.4210

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619

Achromatopsia

11.1932, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.3607, 0.3418, 0.4394

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 124, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 124, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 124, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 124, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 124, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 124, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 124, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 124, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 124, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 124, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.7174, 0.3480, 0.5619 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 124, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 124,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor