

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.7462, 0.2696, 0.3004)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.7462, 0.2696, 0.3004)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B727F
RGB	91, 114, 127
RGB Percent	36%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.6431, 0.5529, 0.5019
CMYK	0.28, 0.10, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	202°, 17%, 43%
HSV	202°, 28%, 50%
XYZ	14.1633, 15.7911, 22.3860
YIQ	108.6050, -17.8810, -0.8330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

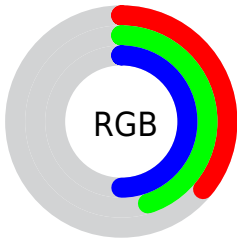
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 105, 127
Decimal	5993087
CIE _{Lab}	46.70, -5.17, -9.94
CIE _{LCh}	47, 11.206, 242.501
Yxy	15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284183167 (0xFF5B727F)
YUV	108.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396
Hunter-Lab	39.7380, -5.9211, -5.5838

Details

The Yxy color **15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **15.1730, 0.3646, 0.3547**, and the grayscale version is **15.1536, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.3185, 0.2804, 0.3083**, and **4.9820, 0.2524, 0.2883** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.1901, 0.2560, 0.2904**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.5546, 0.2855, 0.3122**.

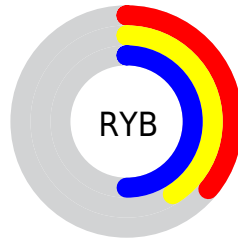
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (45%)

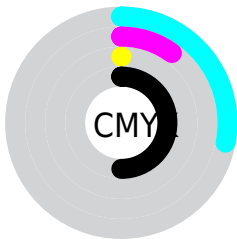
Blue (50%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (50%)

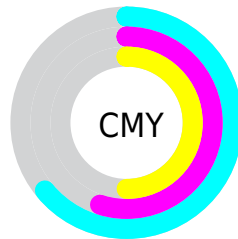


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.7911, 0.2706,
0.3017

■ 15.7911, 0.2706,
0.3017

■ 228.1059, 0.2951,
0.3180

■ 9.3765, 0.2629,
0.2964

■ 36.2352, 0.2806,
0.3084

■ 4.9875, 0.2518,
0.2886

■ 51.0334, 0.2840,
0.3107

■ 2.2399, 0.2346,
0.2761

■ 69.3949, 0.2867,
0.3125

■ 0.7416, 0.1975,
0.2532

■ 91.7041, 0.2890,
0.3140

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 118.3454, 0.2909,
0.3152

■ 149.7032, 0.2925,

0.3163

186.1619, 0.2939,
0.3172

■ 15.7911, 0.2706,
0.3017

■ 15.7911, 0.2706,
0.3017

■ 14.1901, 0.2560,
0.2904

■ 17.5546, 0.2855,
0.3122

■ 12.7435, 0.2421,
0.2783

■ 19.4847, 0.3004,
0.3217

■ 11.4451, 0.2291,
0.2656

■ 21.5873, 0.3151,
0.3304

■ 10.2876, 0.2175,
0.2524

■ 23.8678, 0.3294,
0.3381

■ 9.2628, 0.2075,
0.2390

■ 26.3312, 0.3433,
0.3450

■ 8.3613, 0.1994,
0.2256

■ 28.9821, 0.3565,
0.3512

■ 7.5606, 0.1928,
0.2123

■ 31.8252, 0.3690,
0.3566

■ 7.4341, 0.1917,
0.2101

■ 34.8649, 0.3809,
0.3613

■ 38.1053, 0.3920,
0.3655

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7911, 0.2724, 0.3190



15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017



15.7911, 0.2795, 0.2925

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017



15.7911, 0.3411, 0.3177



15.7911, 0.3271, 0.3682

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017



15.1730, 0.3646, 0.3547

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.7911, 0.3463, 0.3663



15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017



15.7911, 0.3547, 0.3366

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017



15.7911, 0.3198, 0.3019



15.7911, 0.3566, 0.3544



15.7911, 0.3045, 0.3585

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017



15.7911, 0.2906, 0.2916



15.7911, 0.3566, 0.3544



15.7911, 0.3342, 0.3689

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7917, 0.2706, 0.3017



34.5734, 0.2991, 0.3209



18.3990, 0.2962, 0.3788



7.9899, 0.2973, 0.3198



65.5931, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.8982, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7917, 0.2706, 0.3017



26.3881, 0.2611, 0.2945



12.1965, 0.2668, 0.2631



4.6335, 0.2993, 0.3210



7.4927, 0.1917, 0.2101



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.2107, 0.3348, 0.2847



21.1579, 0.3413, 0.2743



19.0935, 0.3560, 0.3872



4.3868, 0.3187, 0.3153



5.1509, 0.4340, 0.2165



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

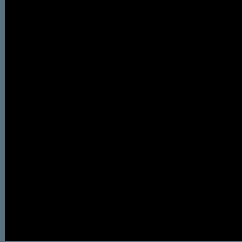
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

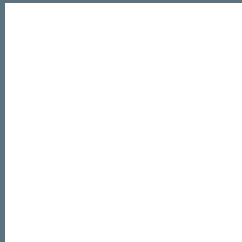
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017

Protanopia

15.7952, 0.2933, 0.3009

Deuteranopia

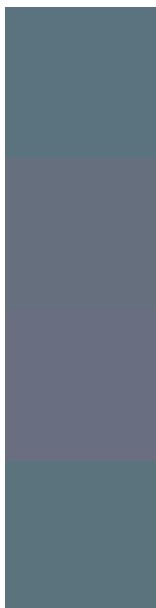
15.7943, 0.2949, 0.2899



Tritanopia

15.8904, 0.2728, 0.3099

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017

Protanomaly

15.6743, 0.2849, 0.3004

Deuteranomaly

15.7136, 0.2851, 0.2928

Tritanomaly

15.9158, 0.2717, 0.3079

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017

Achromatopsia

15.2926, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

15.4546, 0.2950, 0.3185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 114, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 114, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 114, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 114, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 114, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 114, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 114, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 114, 127); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 114, 127); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 114, 127) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.7911, 0.2706, 0.3017 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 114, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 114,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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