

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.7938, 0.1872, 0.5971)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.7938, 0.1872, 0.5971)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008931
RGB	0, 137, 49
RGB Percent	0%, 54%, 19%
CMY	0.9996, 0.4627, 0.8079
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.64, 0.46
HSL	141°, 100%, 27%
HSV	141°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	9.5006, 18.1131, 5.8981
YIQ	86.0050, -53.4040, -56.4120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

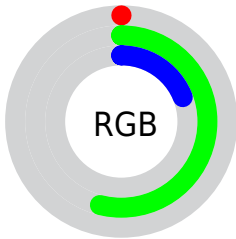
Format	Color
RYB	0, 101, 137
Decimal	35121
CIELab	49.63, -50.85, 37.49
CIELCh	50, 63.178, 143.605
Yxy	18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225201 (0xFF008931)
YUV	86.0050, -18.2435, -75.4264
Hunter-Lab	42.5595, -34.6324, 21.5750

Details

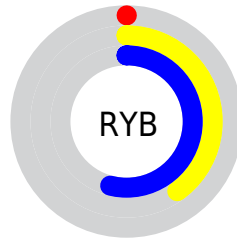
The Yxy color **18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **6.0277, 0.4331, 0.2160**, and the grayscale version is **9.3620, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.3940, 0.2952, 0.4850**, and **6.4970, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.1125, 0.2835, 0.5407**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.2867, 0.2811, 0.5202**.

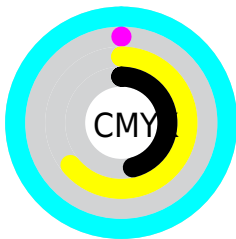
Distribution



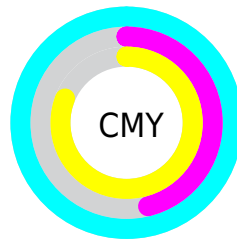
- Red (0%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (46%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 18.1131, 0.2835,
0.5405


 18.1131, 0.2835,
0.5405


241.5078, 0.3070,
0.4092


 11.0312, 0.2717,
0.5844


 40.2300, 0.2955,
0.4851


 6.0878, 0.2510,
0.6478

 56.0337, 0.2989,
0.4667


 2.8986, 0.2214,
0.7786

 75.5135, 0.3012,
0.4522

 1.0790, 0.0000,
1.0000

 99.0539, 0.3030,
0.4403

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 127.0390, 0.3044,
0.4305

 159.8535, 0.3055,

0.4223

197.8816, 0.3063,
0.4153

■ 18.1131, 0.2835,
0.5405

■ 18.1131, 0.2835,
0.5405

■ 18.1125, 0.2835,
0.5407

■ 18.2867, 0.2811,
0.5202

■ 18.5320, 0.2798,
0.4979

■ 18.8809, 0.2801,
0.4742

■ 19.3447, 0.2820,
0.4499

■ 19.9333, 0.2853,
0.4260

■ 20.6554, 0.2897,
0.4032

■ 21.5188, 0.2949,
0.3819

■ 22.5309, 0.3007,
0.3623

■ 23.6984, 0.3067,
0.3447

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1131, 0.3891, 0.5422



18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405



18.1131, 0.1909, 0.4263

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405



18.1131, 0.1475, 0.1674



18.1131, 0.5239, 0.3153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405



6.0277, 0.4331, 0.2160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1131, 0.4293, 0.2476



18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405



18.1131, 0.2052, 0.1670

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405



18.1131, 0.1257, 0.2026



18.1131, 0.3043, 0.1949



18.1131, 0.5388, 0.3903

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405



18.1131, 0.1504, 0.3297



18.1131, 0.3043, 0.1949



18.1131, 0.5000, 0.2918

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1138, 0.2835, 0.5405



38.4120, 0.2945, 0.3834



20.0201, 0.3605, 0.5519



8.4844, 0.2926, 0.3910



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1138, 0.2835, 0.5405



32.4071, 0.2846, 0.5445



19.1642, 0.2377, 0.3756



5.6358, 0.3071, 0.3434



16.8737, 0.2834, 0.5401



0.1147, 0.2603, 0.4570

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.0277, 0.4331, 0.2160



10.7570, 0.4363, 0.2177



5.3737, 0.6146, 0.3161



5.0992, 0.3188, 0.3150



5.6142, 0.4328, 0.2158



0.0401, 0.3727, 0.1827

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405

Protanopia

17.9640, 0.4151, 0.4577

Deuteranopia

17.9035, 0.4287, 0.4215



Tritanopia

18.1146, 0.2355, 0.3057

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405



Protanomaly

16.7035, 0.3421, 0.5015



Deuteranomaly

16.2164, 0.3492, 0.4752



Tritanomaly

17.6305, 0.2509, 0.3877

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405



Achromatopsia

9.3059, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

11.3964, 0.2866, 0.4172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 137, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 137, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 137, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 137, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 137, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 137, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 137, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 137, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 137, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 137, 49)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.1131, 0.2835, 0.5405 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 137, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 137,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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