

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.8530, 0.4297, 0.5224)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(15.8530, 0.4297, 0.5224)  
contains.

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**Color**

**$Y_{xy}(15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	737300
RGB	115, 115, 0
RGB Percent	45%, 45%, 0%
CMY	0.5491, 0.5490, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.55
HSL	60°, 100%, 23%
HSV	60°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	13.1991, 15.9063, 2.3735
YIQ	101.8900, 36.9150, -35.7650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

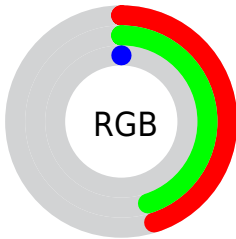
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 115, 0
Decimal	7566080
CIELab	46.85, -11.99, 52.49
CIELCh	47, 53.846, 102.863
Yxy	15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285756160 (0xFF737300)
YUV	101.8900, -50.2318, 11.4975
Hunter-Lab	39.8827, -10.7205, 24.3894

# Details

The Yxy color **15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **1.2382, 0.1500, 0.0600**, and the grayscale version is **13.3832, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.5424, 0.4015, 0.4688**, and **5.0711, 0.4101, 0.5126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.9071, 0.4193, 0.5053**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.9326, 0.4157, 0.4994**.

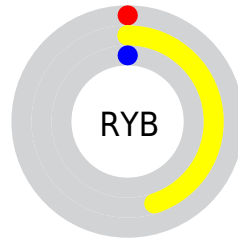
# Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (45%)

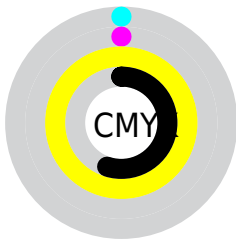
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (0%)

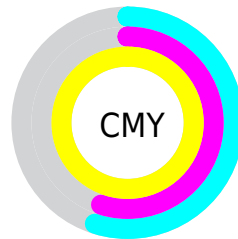


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.9063, 0.4193,  
0.5053


 15.9063, 0.4193,  
0.5053


228.7882, 0.3659,  
0.4067


 9.4579, 0.4277,  
0.5292


 36.4355, 0.4021,  
0.4687


 5.0410, 0.4373,  
0.5627

 51.2850, 0.3947,  
0.4549


 2.2714, 0.4216,  
0.5784

 69.7037, 0.3882,  
0.4434

 0.7585, 0.3609,  
0.6391

 92.0759, 0.3825,  
0.4337


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 118.7861, 0.3775,  
0.4254


 150.2186, 0.3731,


0.4183

 186.7578, 0.3693,  
0.4121

 15.9063, 0.4193,  
0.5053


 15.9063, 0.4193,  
0.5053


 15.9071, 0.4193,  
0.5053

 15.9326, 0.4157,  
0.4994

 15.9693, 0.4108,  
0.4912

 16.0261, 0.4034,  
0.4790

 16.1051, 0.3938,  
0.4632

 16.2085, 0.3824,  
0.4442

■ 16.3379, 0.3694,  
0.4228

■ 16.4951, 0.3555,  
0.3998

■ 16.6814, 0.3411,  
0.3760

■ 16.8982, 0.3268,  
0.3522

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.9063, 0.4934, 0.4376



15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053



15.9063, 0.3245, 0.5278

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053



15.9063, 0.1411, 0.2380



15.9063, 0.3775, 0.2357

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053



1.2382, 0.1500, 0.0600

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9063, 0.2697, 0.1940



15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053



15.9063, 0.1500, 0.1892

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053



15.9063, 0.1666, 0.3345



15.9063, 0.1918, 0.1772



15.9063, 0.4780, 0.2956



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053



15.9063, 0.2606, 0.4917



15.9063, 0.1918, 0.1772



15.9063, 0.3398, 0.2193

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.9071, 0.4193, 0.5053



29.5088, 0.3566, 0.4016



3.6454, 0.6401, 0.3300



7.0163, 0.3613, 0.4094



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.9071, 0.4193, 0.5053



28.4801, 0.4193, 0.5053



13.1482, 0.3394, 0.5687



4.2662, 0.3254, 0.3500



18.1823, 0.4193, 0.5053



88.6039, 0.4193, 0.5053



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.2382, 0.1500, 0.0600



2.2168, 0.1500, 0.0600



2.1228, 0.2064, 0.0911



3.5899, 0.2995, 0.3071



1.4153, 0.1500, 0.0600



6.8962, 0.1500, 0.0600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

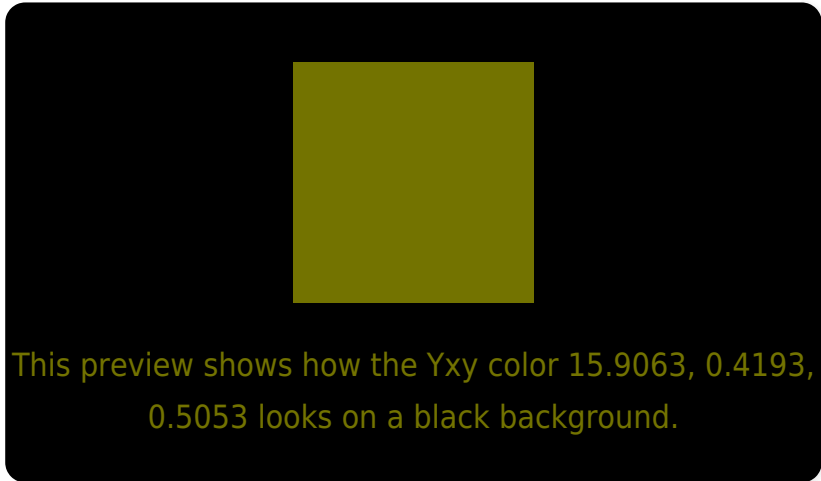
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

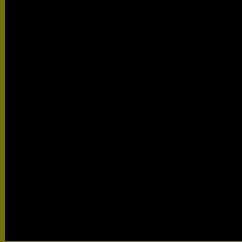
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053

### Protanopia

15.7289, 0.4397, 0.4891

### Deuteranopia

15.7191, 0.4641, 0.4568



## Tritanopia

15.9641, 0.3245, 0.3135

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053

## Protanomaly

15.6533, 0.4324, 0.4948

## Deuteranomaly

15.7867, 0.4477, 0.4747

## Tritanomaly

15.6260, 0.3753, 0.4037

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053

## Achromatopsia

13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

14.0228, 0.3680, 0.4204

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 115, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 115, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 115, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 115, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 115, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 115, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 115, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 115, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 115, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 115,  
0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.9063, 0.4193, 0.5053 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 115, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
115, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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