

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(150.5537, 0.4760, 0.3515)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(150.5537, 0.4760, 0.3515)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF1CA
RGB	255, 241, 202
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 79%
CMY	0.0002, 0.0548, 0.2079
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.21, 0.00
HSL	44°, 100%, 90%
HSV	44°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	83.3403, 88.4349, 68.5370
YIQ	240.7400, 20.8630, -9.1610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

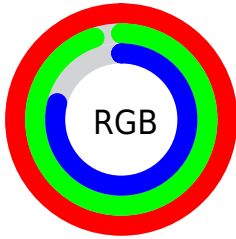
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	221, 255, 202
Decimal	16773578
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	95.34, -1.36, 20.57
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	95, 20.614, 93.793
Yxy	88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963658 (0xFFFFF1CA)
YUV	240.7400, -19.0988, 12.5060
Hunter-Lab	94.0398, -6.3789, 22.6168

# Details

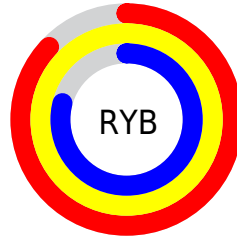
The Yxy color  $88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFCC`. A complement of this color would be  $68.8320, 0.2788, 0.2867$ , and the grayscale version is  $87.8854, 0.3127, 0.3290$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290$ , and  $48.8418, 0.3541, 0.3762$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $83.4332, 0.3651, 0.3875$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $93.7901, 0.3297, 0.3488$ .

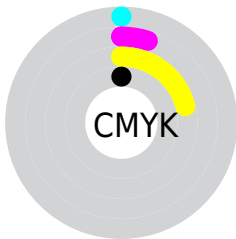
# Distribution



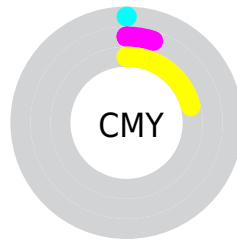
- Red (100%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 88.4349, 0.3468,  
0.3680

 88.4349, 0.3468,  
0.3680

522.9264, 0.3316,  
0.3506

 66.6833, 0.3501,  
0.3718


145.1625, 0.3417,  
0.3621

 48.8273, 0.3541,  
0.3765


180.9072, 0.3396,  
0.3597

 34.4825, 0.3591,  
0.3823


222.0852, 0.3379,  
0.3577

 23.2645, 0.3654,  
0.3896

269.0807, 0.3363,  
0.3559

 14.7889, 0.3736,  
0.3992

322.2782, 0.3349,  
0.3543

 8.6714, 0.3847,  
0.4123

382.0620, 0.3337,

 4.5275, 0.4002,

0.3529

0.4309

448.8166, 0.3326,  
0.3517

■ 1.9728, 0.4327,  
0.4694

■ 0.5916, 0.4721,  
0.5279

■ 88.4349, 0.3468,  
0.3680

■ 88.4349, 0.3468,  
0.3680

■ 83.4332, 0.3651,  
0.3875

■ 93.7901, 0.3297,  
0.3488

■ 78.7616, 0.3842,  
0.4065

■ 99.4975, 0.3139,  
0.3304

■ 74.4121, 0.4036,  
0.4242

■ 99.9910, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 70.3714, 0.4225,  
0.4396

■ 66.6247, 0.4400,  
0.4516

■ 63.1555, 0.4552,  
0.4591

■ 59.9442, 0.4674,  
0.4616

■ 57.1842, 0.4762,  
0.4601

# Harmonies

## Analogous

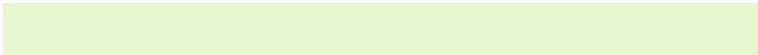
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.4349, 0.3580, 0.3560



88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680



88.4349, 0.3266, 0.3695

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680



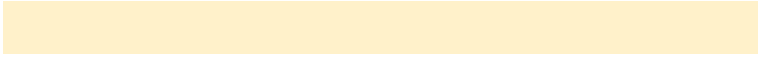
88.4349, 0.2707, 0.3177



88.4349, 0.3211, 0.3016

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680



68.8320, 0.2788, 0.2867

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.4349, 0.2977, 0.2918



88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680



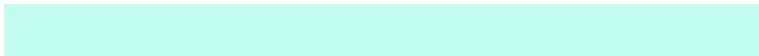
88.4349, 0.2693, 0.3001

# Square

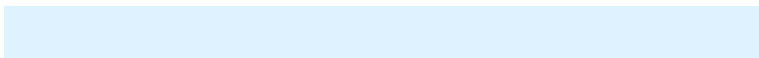
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680



88.4349, 0.2829, 0.3395



88.4349, 0.2790, 0.2910

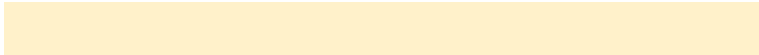


88.4349, 0.3429, 0.3181

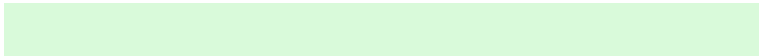


# Rectangle

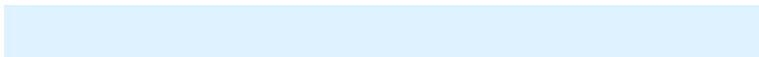
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680



88.4349, 0.3110, 0.3637



88.4349, 0.2790, 0.2910



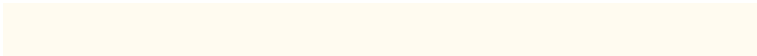
88.4349, 0.3131, 0.2974

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.4389, 0.3468, 0.3680



96.5137, 0.3219, 0.3399



68.4431, 0.3437, 0.3147



20.5784, 0.3230, 0.3411



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

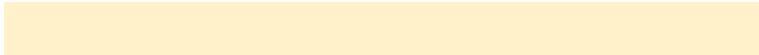


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

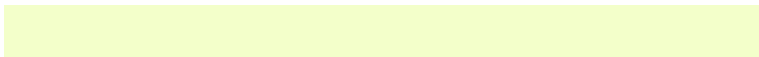
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.4389, 0.3468, 0.3680



86.3211, 0.3544, 0.3762



94.7349, 0.3360, 0.3824



20.2350, 0.3276, 0.3464



30.1491, 0.4751, 0.4610



3.1138, 0.4673, 0.4672



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.8320, 0.2788, 0.2867



63.4458, 0.2712, 0.2768



63.7927, 0.2861, 0.2725



18.1542, 0.2979, 0.3110



6.0780, 0.1587, 0.0911



0.7608, 0.1645, 0.1123



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

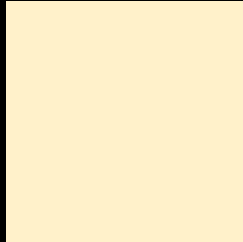
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

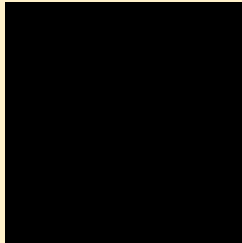
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680

### Protanopia

88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680

### Deuteranopia

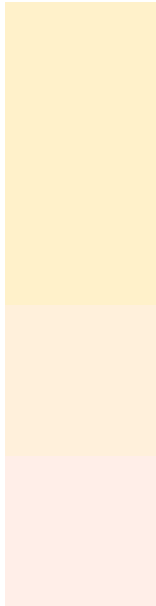
88.6501, 0.3297, 0.3389



## Tritanopia

88.6679, 0.3172, 0.3174

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680

## Protanomaly

88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680

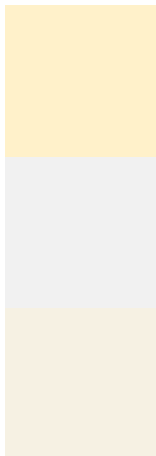
## Deuteranomaly

88.6946, 0.3360, 0.3498

## Tritanomaly

88.2353, 0.3279, 0.3349

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680

## Achromatopsia

87.9622, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

88.0495, 0.3247, 0.3431

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 241, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 241, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 241, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 241, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 241, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 241, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 241, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 241, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 241, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 241,  
202) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 88.4349, 0.3468, 0.3680 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 241, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
241, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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