

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(16.0195, 0.2218, 0.2769)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.0195, 0.2218, 0.2769)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C7890
RGB	44, 120, 144
RGB Percent	17%, 47%, 56%
CMY	0.8270, 0.5294, 0.4353
CMYK	0.69, 0.17, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	194°, 53%, 37%
HSV	194°, 69%, 56%
XYZ	12.7925, 15.9820, 28.7975
YIQ	100.0120, -53.0000, -8.6480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

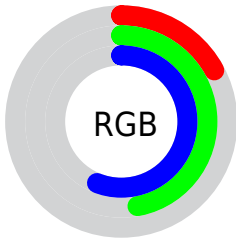
Format	Color
RYB	44, 87, 144
Decimal	2914448
CIELab	46.95, -15.10, -19.84
CIELCh	47, 24.937, 232.726
Yxy	15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281104528 (0xFF2C7890)
YUV	100.0120, 21.6861, -49.1225
Hunter-Lab	39.9775, -12.8419, -14.7249

Details

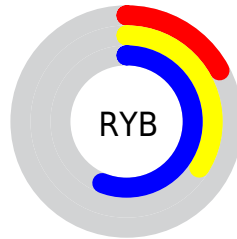
The Yxy color **15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **10.2605, 0.5025, 0.3674**, and the grayscale version is **12.7081, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.4070, 0.2421, 0.2897**, and **5.3146, 0.2037, 0.2533** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8989, 0.2142, 0.2689**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2071, 0.2320, 0.2862**.

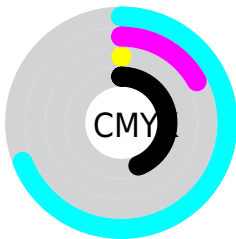
Distribution



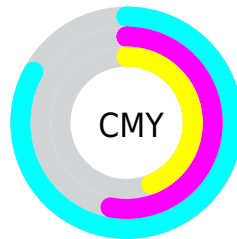
- Red (17%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

15.9820, 0.2222,
0.2776

15.9820, 0.2222,
0.2776

229.2355, 0.2736,
0.3086

9.5114, 0.2070,
0.2675

36.5670, 0.2425,
0.2905

5.0762, 0.1861,
0.2528

51.4501, 0.2497,
0.2948

2.2921, 0.1558,
0.2297

69.9063, 0.2555,
0.2982

0.7695, 0.0910,
0.1930

92.3198, 0.2603,
0.3011

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

119.0751, 0.2644,
0.3034

150.5565, 0.2679,

0.3054

187.1485, 0.2710,
0.3071

■ 15.9820, 0.2222,
0.2776

■ 15.9820, 0.2222,
0.2776

■ 14.8989, 0.2142,
0.2689

■ 17.2071, 0.2320,
0.2862

■ 13.9437, 0.2081,
0.2602

■ 18.5832, 0.2433,
0.2945

■ 13.0871, 0.2034,
0.2516

■ 20.1201, 0.2560,
0.3025

■ 13.0348, 0.2031,
0.2510

■ 21.8265, 0.2696,
0.3100

■ 23.7102, 0.2840,
0.3170

■ 25.7786, 0.2987,
0.3235

■ 28.0385, 0.3136,
0.3294

■ 30.4963, 0.3285,
0.3347

■ 33.1582, 0.3431,
0.3394

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.9820, 0.2325, 0.3191



15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776



15.9820, 0.2333, 0.2542

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776



15.9820, 0.3609, 0.2923



15.9820, 0.3575, 0.4192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776



10.2605, 0.5025, 0.3674

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9820, 0.3960, 0.4024



15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776



15.9820, 0.3995, 0.3293

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776



15.9820, 0.3104, 0.2643



15.9820, 0.4123, 0.3687



15.9820, 0.3087, 0.4079

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776



15.9820, 0.2519, 0.2496



15.9820, 0.4123, 0.3687



15.9820, 0.3721, 0.4162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.9826, 0.2222, 0.2776



41.1072, 0.2810, 0.3156



20.8958, 0.2887, 0.5009



9.2368, 0.2774, 0.3139



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.9826, 0.2222, 0.2776



25.3522, 0.2107, 0.2643



7.0254, 0.1950, 0.1647



5.8997, 0.2990, 0.3236



11.3876, 0.2032, 0.2515



0.1429, 0.2144, 0.2919

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.0946, 0.3625, 0.2087



13.6423, 0.3770, 0.1961



18.9198, 0.4335, 0.4466



5.4892, 0.3171, 0.3124



6.1359, 0.3907, 0.1926



0.0621, 0.3526, 0.1716

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

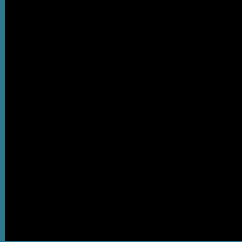
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776.

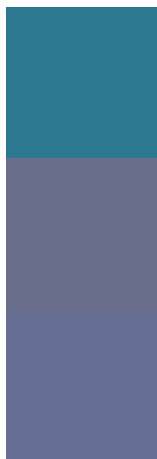


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776

Protanopia

15.9011, 0.2743, 0.2760

Deuteranopia

15.8374, 0.2629, 0.2580



Tritanopia

15.9601, 0.2275, 0.3063

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776

Protanomaly

15.7219, 0.2494, 0.2756

Deuteranomaly

15.6039, 0.2440, 0.2642

Tritanomaly

15.8837, 0.2256, 0.2957

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776

Achromatopsia

12.7438, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.4818, 0.2681, 0.3085

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 120, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 120, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 120, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 120, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 120, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 120, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 120, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 120, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 120, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 120,  
144) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.9820, 0.2222, 0.2776 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 120, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 120,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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