

Converting Colors

$Yxy(16.0195, 0.6119, 0.3142)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.0195, 0.6119, 0.3142)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0002B
RGB	224, 0, 43
RGB Percent	88%, 0%, 17%
CMY	0.1216, 0.9993, 0.8315
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.81, 0.12
HSL	349°, 100%, 44%
HSV	349°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	31.1725, 16.0217, 3.7330
YIQ	71.8780, 119.7010, 60.8610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

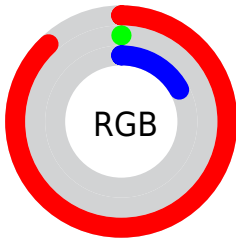
Format	Color
R_{YB}	224, 0, 43
Decimal	14680107
CIE Lab	47.00, 73.25, 43.65
CIE LCh	47, 85.268, 30.794
Yxy	16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292870187 (0xFFE0002B)
YUV	71.8780, -14.2369, 133.4110
Hunter-Lab	40.0271, 68.9658, 22.4895

Details

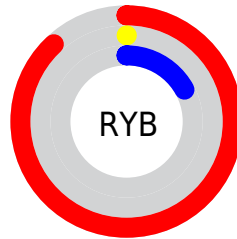
The Yxy color **16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **56.6471, 0.2422, 0.3919**, and the grayscale version is **6.4851, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.2936, 0.5269, 0.3305**, and **7.3709, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.0179, 0.6123, 0.3147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.7786, 0.5834, 0.3071**.

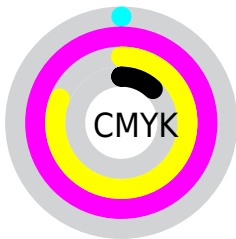
Distribution



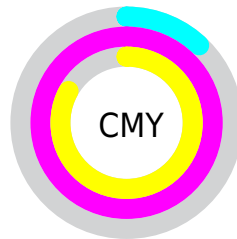
- Red (88%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (12%)





- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.0217, 0.6121,
0.3146


 16.0217, 0.6121,
0.3146


229.4697, 0.4440,
0.3405


 9.5395, 0.6546,
0.2990


 36.6359, 0.5490,
0.3303


 5.0947, 0.7128,
0.2762

 51.5366, 0.5255,
0.3342

 2.3029, 0.7677,
0.2323

 70.0124, 0.5060,
0.3367

 0.7753, 0.8340,
0.1660

 92.4475, 0.4896,
0.3383

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 119.2264, 0.4756,
0.3394

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 150.7335, 0.4635,

0.3400

187.3531, 0.4531,
0.3404

■ 16.0217, 0.6121,
0.3146

■ 16.0217, 0.6121,
0.3146

■ 16.0179, 0.6123,
0.3147

■ 16.7786, 0.5834,
0.3071

■ 18.2869, 0.5461,
0.3018

■ 20.7723, 0.5044,
0.2999

■ 24.3660, 0.4632,
0.3010

■ 29.1788, 0.4258,
0.3044

■ 35.3079, 0.3935,
0.3089

■ 42.8406, 0.3667,
0.3140

■ 51.8568, 0.3447,
0.3193

■ 62.4305, 0.3270,
0.3243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.0217, 0.5122, 0.2375



16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146



16.0217, 0.5862, 0.4022

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146



16.0217, 0.2245, 0.6175



16.0217, 0.1181, 0.1226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146



56.6471, 0.2422, 0.3919

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.0217, 0.0850, 0.1473



16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146



16.0217, 0.1262, 0.4112

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146



16.0217, 0.3521, 0.6266



16.0217, 0.0847, 0.2288



16.0217, 0.1957, 0.1316

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146



16.0217, 0.5240, 0.4760



16.0217, 0.0847, 0.2288



16.0217, 0.1031, 0.1265

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.0227, 0.6121, 0.3146



57.1562, 0.3674, 0.3139



14.9949, 0.2702, 0.1262



11.2696, 0.3782, 0.3117



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.0227, 0.6121, 0.3146



21.4798, 0.6137, 0.3154



19.8973, 0.5981, 0.3632



13.7432, 0.3262, 0.3245



9.3378, 0.6090, 0.3129



0.6597, 0.5672, 0.2898

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.0227, 0.6121, 0.3146



21.4798, 0.6137, 0.3154



29.4423, 0.1964, 0.2269



13.7432, 0.3262, 0.3245



9.3378, 0.6090, 0.3129



0.6597, 0.5672, 0.2898

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

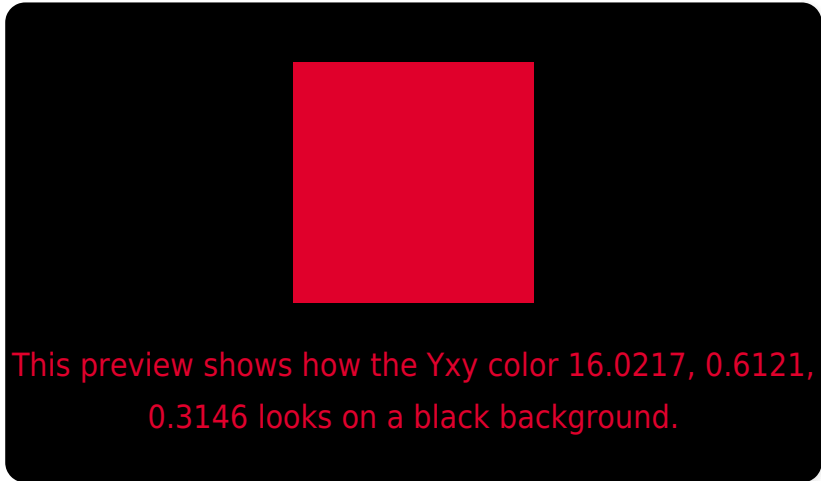
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146

Protanopia

16.5006, 0.3863, 0.4185

Deuteranopia

16.6350, 0.4590, 0.4527



Tritanopia

16.1883, 0.6342, 0.3346

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146

Protanomaly

12.4138, 0.4957, 0.3500

Deuteranomaly

13.1312, 0.5479, 0.3708

Tritanomaly

16.0132, 0.6304, 0.3292

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146

Achromatopsia

6.4803, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.8029, 0.4689, 0.3017

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 0, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 0, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 0, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 0, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 0, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 0, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 0, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 0, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 0, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 0, 43)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.0217, 0.6121, 0.3146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 0, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224, 0,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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