

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(16.3313, 0.3247, 0.3273)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(16.3313, 0.3247, 0.3273)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	786E6F
RGB	120, 110, 111
RGB Percent	47%, 43%, 44%
CMY	0.5295, 0.5686, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.07, 0.53
HSL	354°, 4%, 45%
HSV	354°, 8%, 47%
XYZ	16.1880, 16.2926, 17.3286
YIQ	113.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

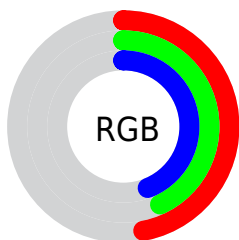
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">120, 110, 111</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7892591</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">47.36, 4.07, 0.85</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">47, 4.156, 11.812</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286082671</a> (0xFF786E6F)
YUV	<a href="#">113.1040, -1.0373, 6.0478</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">40.3641, 0.9502, 2.8012</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.0745, 0.3016, 0.3309**, and the grayscale version is **16.5473, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.2557, 0.3214, 0.3276**, and **5.1818, 0.3329, 0.3259** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.6529, 0.3429, 0.3247**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3131, 0.3105, 0.3294**.

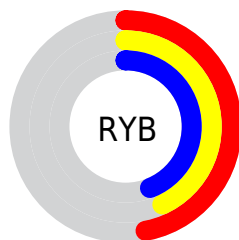
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (43%)

Blue (44%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (44%)

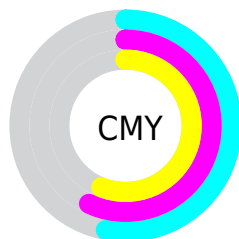


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (56%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 16.2926, 0.3250,  
0.3271


 16.2926, 0.3250,  
0.3271


231.0621, 0.3178,  
0.3282


 9.7314, 0.3273,  
0.3267


 37.1054, 0.3220,  
0.3276


 5.2213, 0.3307,  
0.3262


 52.1259, 0.3210,  
0.3277

 2.3777, 0.3361,  
0.3252

 70.7349, 0.3202,  
0.3279

 0.8144, 0.3474,  
0.3238

 93.3169, 0.3196,  
0.3280

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


120.2562, 0.3190,  
0.3281


151.9372, 0.3185,


0.3281


188.7444, 0.3181,  
0.3282

 16.2926, 0.3250,  
0.3271


 16.2926, 0.3250,  
0.3271


 13.6529, 0.3429,  
0.3247


 19.3131, 0.3105,  
0.3294

 11.3770, 0.3650,  
0.3222


 22.7265, 0.2986,  
0.3315


 9.4494, 0.3920,  
0.3197

 26.5469, 0.2890,  
0.3334

 7.8531, 0.4244,  
0.3174


 30.7873, 0.2811,  
0.3351


 6.5692, 0.4623,  
0.3157


 35.4597, 0.2745,  
0.3367


 5.5773, 0.5043,  
0.3149


 40.5760, 0.2691,  
0.3381


 4.8545, 0.5474,  
0.3156

 46.1474, 0.2645,  
0.3394

 4.3742, 0.5867,  
0.3180

 52.1849, 0.2607,  
0.3406

 4.0663, 0.6183,  
0.3206

 58.6989, 0.2575,  
0.3416

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2926, 0.3180, 0.3205



16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271



16.2926, 0.3287, 0.3343

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271



16.2926, 0.3156, 0.3424



16.2926, 0.2976, 0.3176

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271



18.0745, 0.3016, 0.3309

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2926, 0.2970, 0.3234



16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271



16.2926, 0.3073, 0.3378

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271



16.2926, 0.3232, 0.3433



16.2926, 0.3006, 0.3308



16.2926, 0.3022, 0.3150



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271



16.2926, 0.3287, 0.3385



16.2926, 0.3006, 0.3308



16.2926, 0.2970, 0.3193

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2933, 0.3250, 0.3271



31.9139, 0.3156, 0.3285



16.4304, 0.3123, 0.3097



7.5827, 0.3153, 0.3286



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2933, 0.3250, 0.3271



27.7167, 0.3282, 0.3266



17.1514, 0.3255, 0.3368



4.0209, 0.3263, 0.3269



4.3835, 0.6237, 0.3210



20.8493, 0.6312, 0.3251



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2933, 0.3250, 0.3271



27.7167, 0.3282, 0.3266



17.1597, 0.3005, 0.3210



4.0209, 0.3263, 0.3269



4.3835, 0.6237, 0.3210



20.8493, 0.6312, 0.3251



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

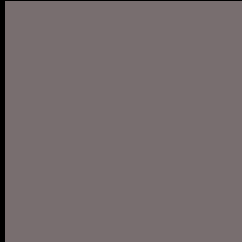
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

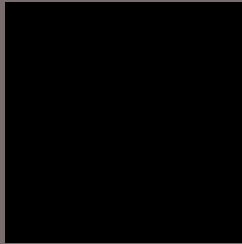
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271

### Protanopia

16.3356, 0.3154, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

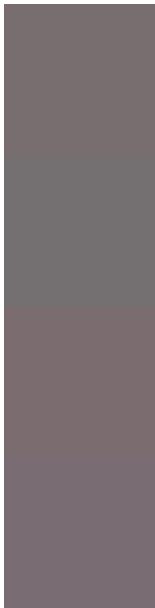
16.3701, 0.3307, 0.3252



## Tritanopia

16.3102, 0.3176, 0.3116

# Trichromacy



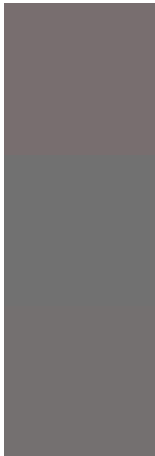
**Original Color**  
16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271

**Protanomaly**  
16.2517, 0.3182, 0.3270

**Deuteranomaly**  
16.2959, 0.3294, 0.3252

**Tritanomaly**  
16.2400, 0.3214, 0.3173

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271

**Achromatopsia**  
16.5132, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**  
16.4712, 0.3180, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 110, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 110, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 110, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 110, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 110, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 110, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 110, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 110, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 110, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 110,  
111) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.2926, 0.3250, 0.3271 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 110, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
110, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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