

Converting Colors

$Yxy(16.3393, 0.1847, 0.1849)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.3393, 0.1847, 0.1849)
contains.

Yxy(16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0073C6
RGB	0, 115, 198
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 78%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5490, 0.2236
CMYK	1.00, 0.42, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	205°, 100%, 39%
HSV	205°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	16.3210, 16.3387, 55.7053
YIQ	90.0770, -95.1830, 1.4330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

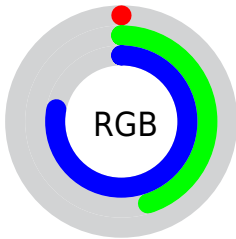
Format	Color
RYB	0, 73, 198
Decimal	29638
CIELab	47.42, 4.57, -50.62
CIELCh	47, 50.827, 275.156
Yxy	16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219718 (0xFF0073C6)
YUV	90.0770, 53.2060, -78.9975
Hunter-Lab	40.4212, 1.3367, -53.4141

Details

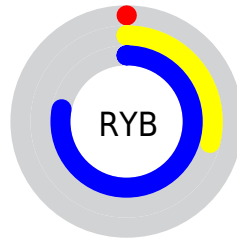
The Yxy color **16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **18.1845, 0.5650, 0.3896**, and the grayscale version is **10.1375, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.0338, 0.2111, 0.2135**, and **6.1174, 0.1759, 0.1532** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.3393, 0.1847, 0.1849**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.4643, 0.1910, 0.2005**.

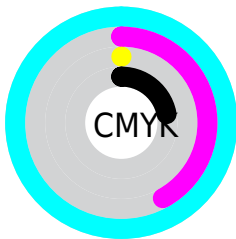
Distribution



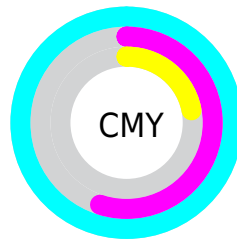
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.3387, 0.1847,
0.1849

■ 16.3387, 0.1847,
0.1849

■ 231.3321, 0.2546,
0.2624

■ 9.7641, 0.1664,
0.1650

■ 37.1852, 0.2110,
0.2138

■ 5.2429, 0.1429,
0.1399

■ 52.2260, 0.2207,
0.2245

■ 2.3905, 0.1127,
0.1080

■ 70.8575, 0.2287,
0.2334

■ 0.8210, 0.0746,
0.0686

■ 93.4644, 0.2355,
0.2410

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 120.4309, 0.2413,
0.2475

■ 152.1414, 0.2464,

0.2531

188.9803, 0.2507,
0.2580

■ 16.3387, 0.1847,
0.1849

■ 16.3387, 0.1847,
0.1849

■ 16.3393, 0.1847,
0.1849

■ 18.4643, 0.1910,
0.2005

■ 20.9138, 0.1993,
0.2165

■ 23.7445, 0.2096,
0.2328

■ 26.9877, 0.2219,
0.2490

■ 30.6706, 0.2357,
0.2647

■ 34.8173, 0.2505,
0.2797

■ 39.4496, 0.2660,
0.2937

■ 44.5878, 0.2817,
0.3066

■ 50.2509, 0.2974,
0.3184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.3387, 0.1528, 0.2052



16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849



16.3387, 0.2503, 0.1941

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849



16.3387, 0.5044, 0.3471



16.3387, 0.2583, 0.4732

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849



18.1845, 0.5650, 0.3896

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.3387, 0.3495, 0.5165



16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849



16.3387, 0.4960, 0.4164

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849



16.3387, 0.4470, 0.2825



16.3387, 0.4361, 0.4826



16.3387, 0.1873, 0.3643

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849



16.3387, 0.3121, 0.2145



16.3387, 0.4361, 0.4826



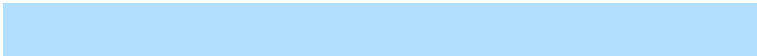
16.3387, 0.2878, 0.4976

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3393, 0.1847, 0.1849



69.4874, 0.2653, 0.2931



40.9944, 0.2801, 0.5285



14.1022, 0.2586, 0.2872



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



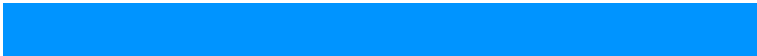
21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3393, 0.1847, 0.1849



28.4415, 0.1841, 0.1827



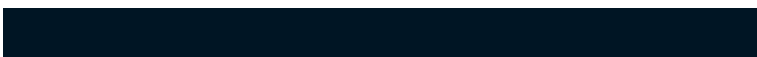
4.4617, 0.1514, 0.0651



11.2938, 0.2983, 0.3191



10.8008, 0.1853, 0.1870



0.6523, 0.1943, 0.2196

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.2406, 0.4627, 0.2323



23.4023, 0.4653, 0.2337



45.2456, 0.4348, 0.4930



10.7385, 0.3201, 0.3157



8.6303, 0.4603, 0.2309



0.4229, 0.4236, 0.2107

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

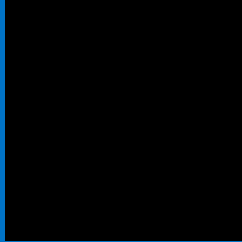
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849

Protanopia

16.2795, 0.2081, 0.1886

Deuteranopia

16.4692, 0.1897, 0.1849



Tritanopia

16.3607, 0.2196, 0.3106

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849

Protanomaly

15.8923, 0.1940, 0.1853

Deuteranomaly

16.2824, 0.1869, 0.1839

Tritanomaly

16.1091, 0.2040, 0.2543

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.3785, 0.2302, 0.2591

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 115, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 115, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 115, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 115, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 115, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 115, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 115, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115,  
198) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.3387, 0.1847, 0.1849 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 115, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 115,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor