

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602)
contains.

Yxy(16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	50796B
RGB	80, 121, 107
RGB Percent	31%, 47%, 42%
CMY	0.6863, 0.5255, 0.5804
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.12, 0.53
HSL	159°, 20%, 39%
HSV	159°, 34%, 47%
XYZ	12.7992, 16.4418, 16.4053
YIQ	107.1450, -19.9420, -13.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

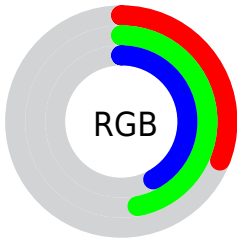
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 105, 121
Decimal	5273963
CIE _{Lab}	47.55, -17.64, 3.14
CIE _{LCh}	48, 17.913, 169.893
Yxy	16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283464043 (0xFF50796B)
YUV	107.1450, -0.0715, -23.8062
Hunter-Lab	40.5485, -14.6159, 4.3961

Details

The Yxy color **16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **10.6119, 0.3613, 0.3001**, and the grayscale version is **14.7500, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.5660, 0.2887, 0.3537**, and **5.2681, 0.2646, 0.3738** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.8773, 0.2725, 0.3712**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1067, 0.2893, 0.3500**.

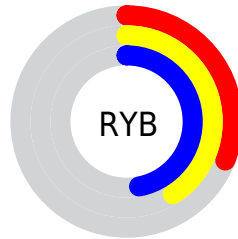
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (47%)

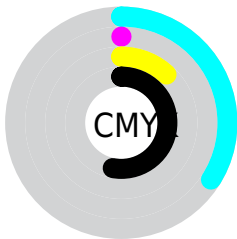
Blue (42%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (47%)

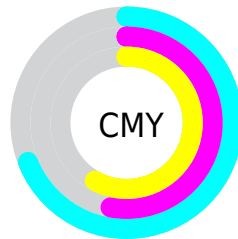


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.4418, 0.2804,
0.3602

■ 16.4418, 0.2804,
0.3602

■ 231.9348, 0.2995,
0.3416

■ 9.8373, 0.2743,
0.3663

■ 37.3635, 0.2882,
0.3525

■ 5.2912, 0.2653,
0.3753

■ 52.4495, 0.2909,
0.3500

■ 2.4191, 0.2509,
0.3900

■ 71.1315, 0.2930,
0.3479

■ 0.8357, 0.1925,
0.4422

■ 93.7939, 0.2947,
0.3462

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 120.8210, 0.2962,
0.3448

152.5972, 0.2975,

0.3436

189.5070, 0.2985,
0.3425

■ 16.4418, 0.2804,
0.3602

■ 16.4418, 0.2804,
0.3602

■ 15.8773, 0.2725,
0.3712

■ 17.1067, 0.2893,
0.3500

■ 15.4060, 0.2658,
0.3828

■ 17.8747, 0.2988,
0.3406

■ 15.0230, 0.2605,
0.3950

■ 18.7510, 0.3088,
0.3321

■ 14.7220, 0.2570,
0.4075

■ 19.7398, 0.3190,
0.3244

■ 14.4959, 0.2553,
0.4201

■ 20.8449, 0.3292,
0.3175

■ 14.3350, 0.2553,
0.4327

■ 22.0703, 0.3394,
0.3114

■ 14.2493, 0.2557,
0.4404

■ 23.4195, 0.3493,
0.3060

■ 24.8959, 0.3589,
0.3012

■ 26.5028, 0.3682,
0.2971

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.4418, 0.3141, 0.3854



16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602



16.4418, 0.2562, 0.3261

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602



16.4418, 0.2753, 0.2712



16.4418, 0.3835, 0.3565

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602



10.6119, 0.3613, 0.3001

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.4418, 0.3723, 0.3275



16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602



16.4418, 0.3082, 0.2801

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602



16.4418, 0.2535, 0.2761



16.4418, 0.3440, 0.3002



16.4418, 0.3744, 0.3807

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602



16.4418, 0.2481, 0.3046



16.4418, 0.3440, 0.3002



16.4418, 0.3820, 0.3470

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.4425, 0.2804, 0.3602



32.5542, 0.3024, 0.3374



16.6532, 0.3258, 0.4193



7.4042, 0.3013, 0.3384



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.4425, 0.2804, 0.3602



28.6055, 0.2739, 0.3691



15.3143, 0.2651, 0.3154



4.4903, 0.3036, 0.3364



15.2674, 0.2558, 0.4408



72.6624, 0.2576, 0.4472

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.6119, 0.3613, 0.3001



16.4049, 0.3783, 0.2930



11.3248, 0.3828, 0.3421



4.0356, 0.3228, 0.3217



4.5285, 0.5525, 0.2817



21.4563, 0.5656, 0.2890

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602.

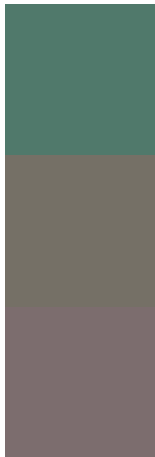


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602

Protanopia

16.3296, 0.3321, 0.3492

Deuteranopia

16.3482, 0.3321, 0.3271



Tritanopia

16.4467, 0.2643, 0.3079

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602

Protanomaly

16.2040, 0.3116, 0.3522

Deuteranomaly

16.1025, 0.3110, 0.3373

Tritanomaly

16.3887, 0.2702, 0.3267

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602

Achromatopsia

14.7027, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

15.1913, 0.2992, 0.3398

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 121, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 121, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 121, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 121, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 121, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 121, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 121, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 121, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 121, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 121,  
107) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.4418, 0.2804, 0.3602 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 121, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 121,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor