

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(16.4419, 0.1646, 0.2234)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.4419, 0.1646, 0.2234)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007EB3
RGB	0, 126, 179
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 70%
CMY	0.9990, 0.5059, 0.2981
CMYK	1.00, 0.30, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	198°, 100%, 35%
HSV	198°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	15.5979, 18.1764, 45.3224
YIQ	94.3680, -92.1090, -10.2290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

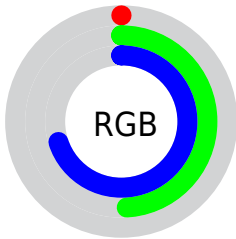
Format	Color
RYB	0, 74, 179
Decimal	32435
CIELab	49.71, -9.49, -36.04
CIELCh	50, 37.266, 255.254
Yxy	18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222515 (0xFF007EB3)
YUV	94.3680, 41.7236, -82.7607
Hunter-Lab	42.6338, -9.3037, -33.1853

Details

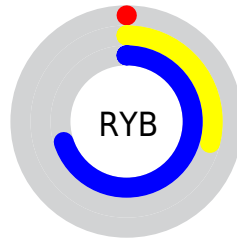
The Yxy color **18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **12.1498, 0.5963, 0.3646**, and the grayscale version is **11.2195, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.5137, 0.2212, 0.2523**, and **6.8141, 0.1891, 0.2007** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.1556, 0.1971, 0.2296**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.6986, 0.2022, 0.2408**.

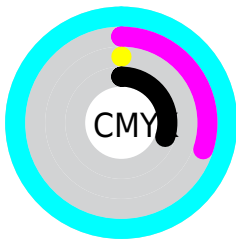
Distribution



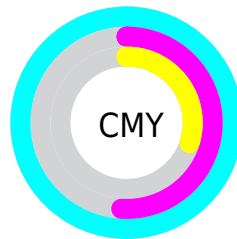
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

18.1764, 0.1972,
0.2298

18.1764, 0.1972,
0.2298

241.8635, 0.2602,
0.2858

11.0767, 0.1802,
0.2140

40.3377, 0.2212,
0.2516

6.1185, 0.1580,
0.1927

56.1681, 0.2299,
0.2594

2.9172, 0.1282,
0.1633

75.6774, 0.2371,
0.2657

1.0887, 0.0883,
0.1217

99.2502, 0.2432,
0.2711

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

127.2709, 0.2484,
0.2756

160.1237, 0.2529,

0.2795

198.1931, 0.2568,
0.2828

■ 18.1764, 0.1972,
0.2298

■ 18.1764, 0.1972,
0.2298

■ 18.1556, 0.1971,
0.2296

■ 19.6986, 0.2022,
0.2408

■ 21.4107, 0.2089,
0.2519

■ 23.3579, 0.2175,
0.2630

■ 25.5623, 0.2280,
0.2740

■ 28.0430, 0.2400,
0.2847

■ 30.8167, 0.2534,
0.2950

■ 33.8986, 0.2677,
0.3046

■ 37.3027, 0.2826,
0.3135

■ 41.0420, 0.2978,
0.3217

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1764, 0.1891, 0.2664



18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298



18.1764, 0.2318, 0.2202

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298



18.1764, 0.4264, 0.3135



18.1764, 0.3216, 0.4541

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298



12.1498, 0.5963, 0.3646

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1764, 0.3884, 0.4542



18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298



18.1764, 0.4542, 0.3663

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298



18.1764, 0.3633, 0.2669



18.1764, 0.4382, 0.4176



18.1764, 0.2559, 0.4049

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298



18.1764, 0.2686, 0.2269



18.1764, 0.4382, 0.4176



18.1764, 0.3447, 0.4596

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1770, 0.1972, 0.2298



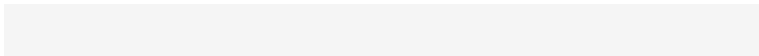
60.3502, 0.2667, 0.3040



32.4714, 0.2897, 0.5628



12.8490, 0.2607, 0.3000



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1770, 0.1972, 0.2298



32.1162, 0.1966, 0.2279



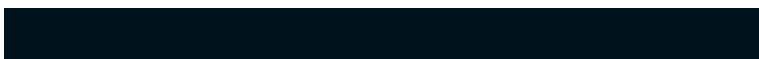
4.7054, 0.1565, 0.0831



9.1976, 0.2986, 0.3221



12.9502, 0.1975, 0.2309



0.5031, 0.2060, 0.2615

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.0931, 0.4128, 0.2049



19.8179, 0.4149, 0.2059



28.4129, 0.4634, 0.4702



8.6029, 0.3181, 0.3131



7.8475, 0.4117, 0.2041



0.2566, 0.3810, 0.1872

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

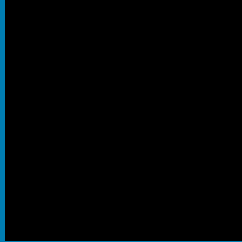
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298.

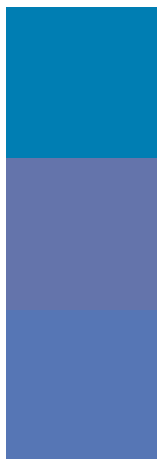


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298

Protanopia

18.1404, 0.2416, 0.2325

Deuteranopia

18.2715, 0.2243, 0.2196



Tritanopia

18.1557, 0.2187, 0.3072

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298

Protanomaly

17.5789, 0.2150, 0.2294

Deuteranomaly

17.7823, 0.2077, 0.2218

Tritanomaly

18.0671, 0.2098, 0.2754

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298

Achromatopsia

11.1932, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.7494, 0.2394, 0.2848

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 126, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 126, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 126, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 126, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 126, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 126, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 126, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 126, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 126, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 126,  
179) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.1764, 0.1972, 0.2298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 126, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 126,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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