

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	546DBD
RGB	84, 109, 189
RGB Percent	33%, 43%, 74%
CMY	0.6705, 0.5725, 0.2589
CMYK	0.56, 0.42, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	226°, 44%, 54%
HSV	226°, 56%, 74%
XYZ	18.3102, 16.4962, 50.3573
YIQ	110.6450, -40.5800, 19.5800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

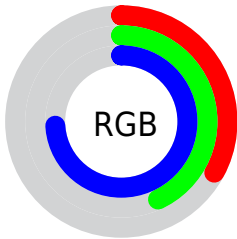
Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 104, 189
Decimal	5533117
CIE _{Lab}	47.62, 14.55, -44.98
CIE _{LCh}	48, 47.275, 287.928
Yxy	16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283723197 (0xFF546DBD)
YUV	110.6450, 38.6290, -23.3677
Hunter-Lab	40.6155, 9.3938, -45.0800

Details

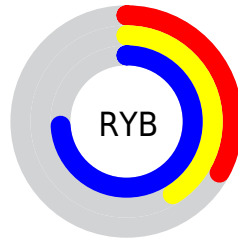
The Yxy color **16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. A complement of this color would be **38.0125, 0.4089, 0.4334**, and the grayscale version is **15.6848, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.3709, 0.2359, 0.2202**, and **5.3047, 0.1791, 0.1506** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.9139, 0.1974, 0.1652**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.8183, 0.2337, 0.2221**.

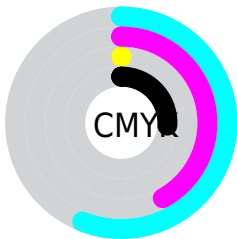
Distribution



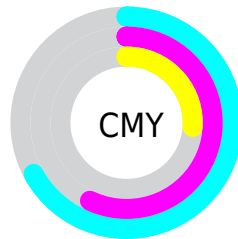
- Red (33%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.4962, 0.2150,
0.1937

■ 16.4962, 0.2150,
0.1937

232.2521, 0.2700,
0.2661

■ 9.8760, 0.1996,
0.1749

■ 37.4575, 0.2363,
0.2208

■ 5.3168, 0.1792,
0.1508

■ 52.5674, 0.2439,
0.2308

■ 2.4343, 0.1514,
0.1195

■ 71.2759, 0.2502,
0.2391

■ 0.8435, 0.1129,
0.0795

■ 93.9675, 0.2555,
0.2462

■ 0.0000, 0.0234,
0.0000

121.0265, 0.2599,
0.2522

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

152.8373, 0.2638,

0.2575

189.7844, 0.2671,
0.2621

■ 16.4962, 0.2150,
0.1937

■ 16.4962, 0.2150,
0.1937

■ 12.9139, 0.1974,
0.1652

■ 20.8183, 0.2337,
0.2221

■ 10.0259, 0.1819,
0.1381

■ 25.9186, 0.2525,
0.2494

■ 7.7837, 0.1693,
0.1138

■ 31.8347, 0.2709,
0.2748

■ 6.1303, 0.1604,
0.0937

■ 38.6012, 0.2883,
0.2979

■ 5.5485, 0.1573,
0.0862

■ 46.2507, 0.3044,
0.3186

■ 54.8140, 0.3191,
0.3369

■ 64.3203, 0.3324,
0.3529

■ 74.7977, 0.3444,
0.3668

■ 86.2728, 0.3552,
0.3790

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.4962, 0.1710, 0.2009



16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937



16.4962, 0.2905, 0.2130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937



16.4962, 0.4957, 0.3757



16.4962, 0.2308, 0.4226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937



38.0125, 0.4089, 0.4334

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.4962, 0.3117, 0.4946



16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937



16.4962, 0.4661, 0.4409

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937



16.4962, 0.4671, 0.3116



16.4962, 0.3974, 0.4925



16.4962, 0.1770, 0.3187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937



16.4962, 0.3538, 0.2386



16.4962, 0.3974, 0.4925



16.4962, 0.2557, 0.4536

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.4968, 0.2150, 0.1937



66.9353, 0.2853, 0.2941



40.9121, 0.2579, 0.3710



13.8568, 0.2819, 0.2896



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.4968, 0.2150, 0.1937



21.7088, 0.1932, 0.1582



13.3493, 0.2298, 0.1630



9.5841, 0.2984, 0.3110



3.8343, 0.1579, 0.0882



0.2549, 0.1711, 0.1358

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.2655, 0.4358, 0.2958



26.5809, 0.4823, 0.2921



44.7913, 0.3674, 0.4723



9.5726, 0.3252, 0.3236



7.4168, 0.5940, 0.3046



0.3011, 0.5247, 0.2664

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

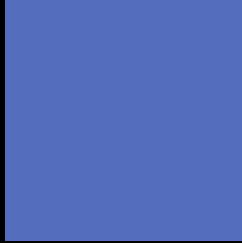
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

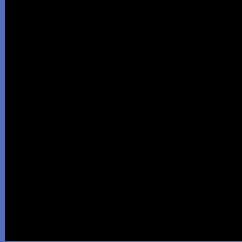
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937

Protanopia

16.5318, 0.2114, 0.1932

Deuteranopia

16.4652, 0.2037, 0.1977



Tritanopia

16.5819, 0.2433, 0.3093

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937

Protanomaly

16.6189, 0.2128, 0.1936

Deuteranomaly

16.5213, 0.2077, 0.1972

Tritanomaly

16.2917, 0.2313, 0.2589

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937

Achromatopsia

15.8961, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

15.7826, 0.2689, 0.2719

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 109, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(84, 109, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 109, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 109, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 109, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 109, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 109, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 109, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 109, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 109,  
189) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.4962, 0.2150, 0.1937 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 109, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 109,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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