

Converting Colors

$Yxy(16.5714, 0.2249, 0.2701)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.5714, 0.2249, 0.2701)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	377995
RGB	55, 121, 149
RGB Percent	22%, 47%, 58%
CMY	0.7844, 0.5255, 0.4156
CMYK	0.63, 0.19, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	198°, 46%, 40%
HSV	198°, 63%, 58%
XYZ	13.8378, 16.6569, 30.9246
YIQ	104.4580, -48.3240, -5.2840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

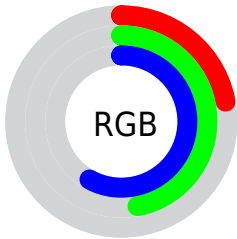
Format	Color
R_{YB}	55, 94, 149
Decimal	3635605
CIE _{Lab}	47.82, -12.07, -21.42
CIE _{LCh}	48, 24.590, 240.597
Yxy	16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281825685 (0xFF377995)
YUV	104.4580, 21.9592, -43.3747
Hunter-Lab	40.8129, -10.9014, -16.3560

Details

The Yxy color **16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **12.8525, 0.4721, 0.3750**, and the grayscale version is **13.9218, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.5784, 0.2447, 0.2849**, and **5.5166, 0.2017, 0.2461** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.2442, 0.2154, 0.2602**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.2475, 0.2369, 0.2819**.

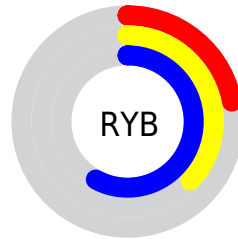
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (47%)

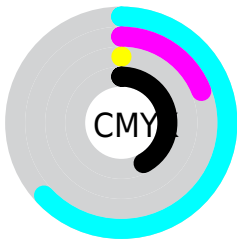
Blue (58%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (58%)

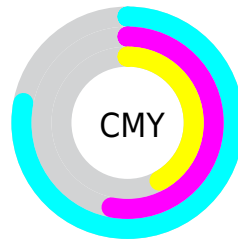


Cyan (63%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.6569, 0.2253,
0.2712

■ 16.6569, 0.2253,
0.2712

■ 233.1874, 0.2747,
0.3054

■ 9.9902, 0.2109,
0.2604

■ 37.7349, 0.2448,
0.2852

■ 5.3924, 0.1910,
0.2450

■ 52.9150, 0.2516,
0.2899

■ 2.4793, 0.1624,
0.2214

■ 71.7017, 0.2572,
0.2938

■ 0.8663, 0.1121,
0.1836

■ 94.4793, 0.2619,
0.2969

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 121.6323, 0.2659,
0.2996

153.5450, 0.2692,

0.3018

190.6019, 0.2722,
0.3038

■ 16.6569, 0.2253,
0.2712

■ 16.6569, 0.2253,
0.2712

■ 15.2442, 0.2154,
0.2602

■ 18.2475, 0.2369,
0.2819

■ 13.9951, 0.2072,
0.2492

■ 20.0253, 0.2498,
0.2921

■ 12.8955, 0.2011,
0.2382

■ 22.0007, 0.2636,
0.3018

■ 12.1966, 0.1974,
0.2307

■ 24.1830, 0.2782,
0.3109

■ 26.5805, 0.2931,
0.3192

■ 29.2013, 0.3081,
0.3268

■ 32.0527, 0.3229,
0.3337

■ 35.1418, 0.3374,
0.3398

■ 38.4754, 0.3515,
0.3452

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.6569, 0.2299, 0.3075



16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712



16.6569, 0.2415, 0.2534

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712



16.6569, 0.3712, 0.3021



16.6569, 0.3444, 0.4166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712



12.8525, 0.4721, 0.3750

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.6569, 0.3857, 0.4069



16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712



16.6569, 0.4031, 0.3395

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712



16.6569, 0.3236, 0.2719



16.6569, 0.4080, 0.3774



16.6569, 0.2965, 0.3978

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712



16.6569, 0.2628, 0.2520



16.6569, 0.4080, 0.3774



16.6569, 0.3595, 0.4163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.6575, 0.2253, 0.2712



44.8491, 0.2837, 0.3141



22.9143, 0.2861, 0.4739



9.6979, 0.2798, 0.3118



74.8414, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.9280, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.6575, 0.2253, 0.2712



26.2670, 0.2115, 0.2553



8.0632, 0.2026, 0.1712



6.2734, 0.2990, 0.3223



10.3165, 0.1976, 0.2314



0.1778, 0.2115, 0.2815

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5024, 0.3668, 0.2238



15.6366, 0.3843, 0.2094



22.2724, 0.4180, 0.4457



5.8800, 0.3180, 0.3136



6.2348, 0.4112, 0.2039



0.0815, 0.3621, 0.1768

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

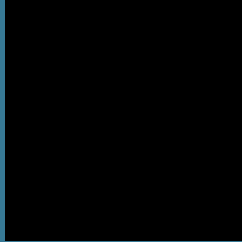
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712

Protanopia

16.5446, 0.2707, 0.2714

Deuteranopia

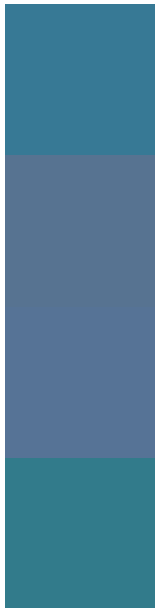
16.4868, 0.2598, 0.2539



Tritanopia

16.7409, 0.2325, 0.3069

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712

Protanomaly

16.3320, 0.2502, 0.2693

Deuteranomaly

16.4419, 0.2451, 0.2605

Tritanomaly

16.7081, 0.2302, 0.2945

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712

Achromatopsia

13.8432, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.4864, 0.2714, 0.3070

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 121, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 121, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 121, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 121, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 121, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 121, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 121, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 121, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 121, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 121,  
149) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.6569, 0.2253, 0.2712 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 121, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 121,  
149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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