

Converting Colors

$Yxy(16.5810, 0.1180, 0.4989)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.5810, 0.1180, 0.4989)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00905A
RGB	0, 144, 90
RGB Percent	0%, 56%, 35%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4353, 0.6471
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.38, 0.44
HSL	157°, 100%, 28%
HSV	157°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	11.8179, 20.6847, 13.0384
YIQ	94.7880, -68.4900, -47.3220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

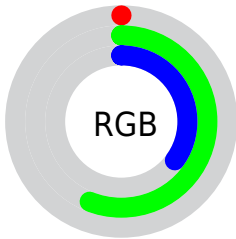
Format	Color
RYB	0, 89, 144
Decimal	36954
CIELab	52.60, -46.14, 19.70
CIELCh	53, 50.174, 156.880
Yxy	20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278227034 (0xFF00905A)
YUV	94.7880, -2.3605, -83.1291
Hunter-Lab	45.4804, -33.2084, 14.8390

Details

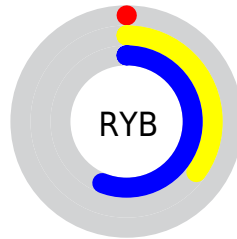
The Yxy color **20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **6.1962, 0.5430, 0.2765**, and the grayscale version is **11.4084, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.6251, 0.2735, 0.4236**, and **7.8361, 0.2712, 0.4963** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.6856, 0.2595, 0.4542**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.8776, 0.2582, 0.4402**.

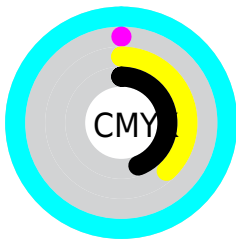
Distribution



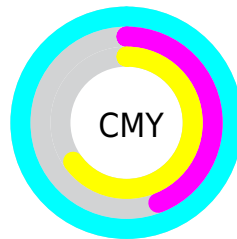
- Red (0%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 20.6847, 0.2595,
0.4542

 20.6847, 0.2595,
0.4542


255.5981, 0.2919,
0.3787


 12.8937, 0.2487,
0.4792


 44.5622, 0.2731,
0.4228


 7.3554, 0.2325,
0.5160


 61.4175, 0.2776,
0.4122

 3.6853, 0.2063,
0.5752

 82.0630, 0.2812,
0.4038

 1.4992, 0.1085,
0.8145

 106.8832, 0.2841,
0.3970

 0.2881, 0.0000,
1.0000

 136.2624, 0.2865,
0.3912

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 170.5850, 0.2886,

0.3864

210.2354, 0.2903,
0.3823

■ 20.6847, 0.2595,
0.4542

■ 20.6847, 0.2595,
0.4542

■ 20.6856, 0.2595,
0.4542

■ 20.8776, 0.2582,
0.4402

■ 21.1415, 0.2582,
0.4261

■ 21.5102, 0.2602,
0.4119

■ 21.9961, 0.2641,
0.3979

■ 22.6097, 0.2696,
0.3844

■ 23.3603, 0.2765,
0.3715

■ 24.2562, 0.2846,
0.3595

■ 25.3053, 0.2934,
0.3483

■ 26.5147, 0.3029,
0.3382

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.6847, 0.3439, 0.4993



20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542



20.6847, 0.1945, 0.3559

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542



20.6847, 0.1966, 0.1948



20.6847, 0.4897, 0.3517

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542



6.1962, 0.5430, 0.2765

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.6847, 0.4398, 0.2901



20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542



20.6847, 0.2601, 0.2046

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542



20.6847, 0.1645, 0.2129



20.6847, 0.3499, 0.2383



20.6847, 0.4805, 0.4166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542



20.6847, 0.1697, 0.2921



20.6847, 0.3499, 0.2383



20.6847, 0.4795, 0.3305

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.6856, 0.2595, 0.4542



42.6750, 0.2840, 0.3602



20.7657, 0.3236, 0.5813



9.6437, 0.2809, 0.3646



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.6856, 0.2595, 0.4542



36.4494, 0.2603, 0.4569



17.2451, 0.2146, 0.2926



6.0825, 0.3037, 0.3374



18.0170, 0.2593, 0.4534



0.1765, 0.2420, 0.3911

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.1962, 0.5430, 0.2765



10.8980, 0.5480, 0.2792



6.3244, 0.6281, 0.3395



5.4555, 0.3226, 0.3208



5.3997, 0.5415, 0.2757



0.0557, 0.4382, 0.2188

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542

Protanopia

20.5107, 0.3767, 0.4065

Deuteranopia

20.4805, 0.3775, 0.3706



Tritanopia

20.7332, 0.2317, 0.3068

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542

Protanomaly

19.1846, 0.3101, 0.4304

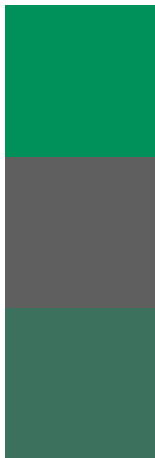
Deuteranomaly

18.8883, 0.3092, 0.4032

Tritanomaly

20.5955, 0.2391, 0.3568

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542

Achromatopsia

11.4435, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.5612, 0.2725, 0.3792

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 144, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 144, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 144, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 144, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 144, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 144, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 144, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 144, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 144, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 144, 90)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.6847, 0.2595, 0.4542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 144, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 144,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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