

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(16.7493, 0.4386, 0.4615)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(16.7493, 0.4386, 0.4615)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86701E
RGB	134, 112, 30
RGB Percent	53%, 44%, 12%
CMY	0.4745, 0.5608, 0.8825
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.78, 0.47
HSL	47°, 63%, 32%
HSV	47°, 78%, 53%
XYZ	15.8591, 16.7504, 3.6233
YIQ	109.2300, 39.4340, -20.8380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

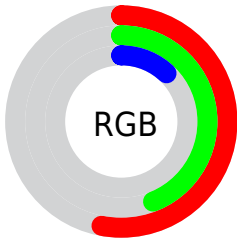
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	58, 134, 30
Decimal	8810526
CIE Lab	47.94, -0.36, 45.92
CIE LCh	48, 45.920, 90.445
Yxy	16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287000606 (0xFF86701E)
YUV	109.2300, -39.0604, 21.7233
Hunter-Lab	40.9273, -2.4550, 23.4002

# Details

The Yxy color **16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **4.4487, 0.1804, 0.1324**, and the grayscale version is **15.4658, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.7356, 0.4130, 0.4351**, and **5.5299, 0.4554, 0.4766** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.0815, 0.4494, 0.4688**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.4697, 0.4236, 0.4516**.

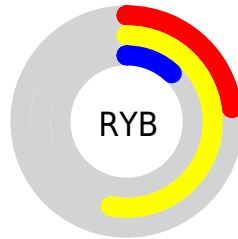
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (44%)

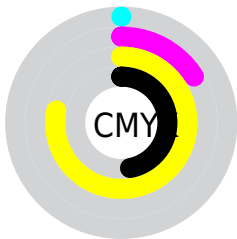
Blue (12%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (12%)

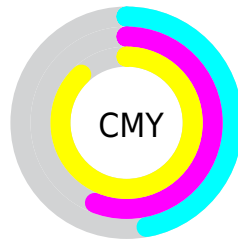


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (78%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (88%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 16.7504, 0.4377,  
0.4623


 16.7504, 0.4377,  
0.4623


233.7299, 0.3700,  
0.3899


 10.0567, 0.4532,  
0.4791


 37.8961, 0.4131,  
0.4359

 5.4366, 0.4787,  
0.5065

 53.1169, 0.4037,  
0.4258


 2.5056, 0.4855,  
0.5145

 71.9489, 0.3957,  
0.4173

 0.8794, 0.4847,  
0.5153

 94.7764, 0.3890,  
0.4101

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 121.9839, 0.3832,  
0.4040

 153.9557, 0.3782,

0.3986

191.0762, 0.3738,  
0.3940

16.7504, 0.4377,  
0.4623

16.7504, 0.4377,  
0.4623

16.0815, 0.4494,  
0.4688

17.4697, 0.4236,  
0.4516

15.4535, 0.4588,  
0.4715

18.2405, 0.4077,  
0.4373

15.3085, 0.4611,  
0.4721

19.0665, 0.3907,  
0.4204

19.9505, 0.3733,  
0.4017

20.8949, 0.3561,  
0.3822

■ 21.9021, 0.3395,  
0.3625

■ 22.9742, 0.3239,  
0.3432

■ 24.1132, 0.3094,  
0.3247

■ 25.3210, 0.2960,  
0.3072

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7504, 0.4844, 0.4021



16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623



16.7504, 0.3618, 0.4960

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623



16.7504, 0.1691, 0.2832



16.7504, 0.3292, 0.2307

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623



4.4487, 0.1804, 0.1324

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.7504, 0.2451, 0.2022



16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623



16.7504, 0.1637, 0.2228

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623



16.7504, 0.2076, 0.3774



16.7504, 0.1890, 0.1981



16.7504, 0.4207, 0.2788



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623



16.7504, 0.3053, 0.4852



16.7504, 0.1890, 0.1981



16.7504, 0.2988, 0.2188

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.7512, 0.4377, 0.4623



37.5372, 0.3492, 0.3740



6.2474, 0.5175, 0.2959



8.3340, 0.3544, 0.3802



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.7512, 0.4377, 0.4623



27.5131, 0.4563, 0.4708



20.1166, 0.3726, 0.5160



5.2604, 0.3262, 0.3460



14.3632, 0.4609, 0.4722



0.0601, 0.4383, 0.4902



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.4487, 0.1804, 0.1324



5.0833, 0.1613, 0.0940



3.5914, 0.1994, 0.1085



4.6924, 0.2992, 0.3114



2.4195, 0.1572, 0.0857

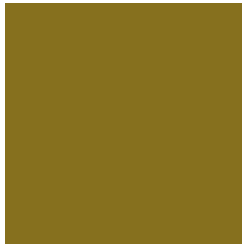


0.0173, 0.1760, 0.1535



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

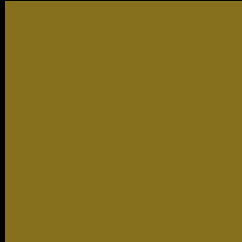
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

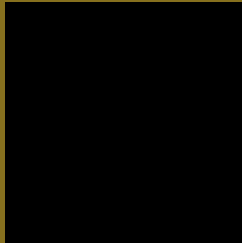
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623

### Protanopia

16.7228, 0.4259, 0.4696

### Deuteranopia

16.6690, 0.4543, 0.4468



## Tritanopia

16.6683, 0.3519, 0.3129

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623

## Protanomaly

16.6550, 0.4300, 0.4663

## Deuteranomaly

16.6117, 0.4495, 0.4517

## Tritanomaly

16.5432, 0.3905, 0.3734

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623

## Achromatopsia

15.2926, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

15.5826, 0.3632, 0.3904

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 112, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 112, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 112, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 112, 30) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 112, 30) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 112, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 112, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 112, 30); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 112, 30); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 112, 30) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.7504, 0.4377, 0.4623 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 112, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
112, 30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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