

Converting Colors

$Yxy(16.7542, 0.2057, 0.4036)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.7542, 0.2057, 0.4036)
contains.

Yxy(18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008669
RGB	0, 134, 105
RGB Percent	0%, 53%, 41%
CMY	0.9992, 0.4745, 0.5883
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.47
HSL	167°, 100%, 26%
HSV	167°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	11.0764, 18.0701, 16.2672
YIQ	90.6280, -70.5550, -37.4270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

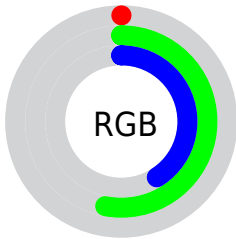
Format	Color
RYB	0, 75, 134
Decimal	34409
CIELab	49.58, -38.45, 6.95
CIELCh	50, 39.074, 169.760
Yxy	18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224489 (0xFF008669)
YUV	90.6280, 7.0854, -79.4808
Hunter-Lab	42.5089, -27.8796, 7.0674

Details

The Yxy color **18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **5.1622, 0.5965, 0.3062**, and the grayscale version is **10.3824, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.1161, 0.2601, 0.3812**, and **6.4920, 0.2504, 0.4215** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0686, 0.2439, 0.3980**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.2205, 0.2442, 0.3902**.

Distribution



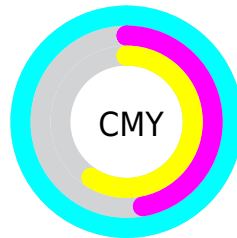
- Red (0%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (47%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 18.0701, 0.2439,
0.3979

 18.0701, 0.2439,
0.3979


241.2659, 0.2841,
0.3568


 11.0003, 0.2313,
0.4113


 40.1567, 0.2602,
0.3809


 6.0671, 0.2132,
0.4312

 55.9424, 0.2658,
0.3752

 2.8859, 0.1852,
0.4632

 75.4021, 0.2703,
0.3706

 1.0725, 0.0384,
0.5921

 98.9203, 0.2740,
0.3669

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 126.8814, 0.2771,
0.3637

 159.6698, 0.2798,

0.3611

197.6698, 0.2821,
0.3588

■ 18.0701, 0.2439,
0.3979

■ 18.0701, 0.2439,
0.3979

■ 18.0686, 0.2439,
0.3980

■ 18.2205, 0.2442,
0.3902

■ 18.4261, 0.2457,
0.3825

■ 18.7171, 0.2490,
0.3748

■ 19.1036, 0.2542,
0.3672

■ 19.5943, 0.2610,
0.3598

■ 20.1969, 0.2694,
0.3528

■ 20.9182, 0.2790,
0.3461

■ 21.7647, 0.2896,
0.3399

■ 22.7423, 0.3010,
0.3341

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.0701, 0.3105, 0.4565



18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979



18.0701, 0.1991, 0.3182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979



18.0701, 0.2357, 0.2163



18.0701, 0.4613, 0.3755

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979



5.1622, 0.5965, 0.3062

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.0701, 0.4394, 0.3203



18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979



18.0701, 0.3002, 0.2338

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979



18.0701, 0.1959, 0.2221



18.0701, 0.3771, 0.2706



18.0701, 0.4378, 0.4282

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979



18.0701, 0.1854, 0.2732



18.0701, 0.3771, 0.2706



18.0701, 0.4593, 0.3570

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.0708, 0.2439, 0.3979



36.7463, 0.2782, 0.3466



17.3480, 0.3104, 0.5916



8.1722, 0.2746, 0.3490



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.0708, 0.2439, 0.3979



31.8131, 0.2444, 0.3996



10.5174, 0.2008, 0.2426



5.2621, 0.3019, 0.3337



16.9351, 0.2438, 0.3978



0.0597, 0.2338, 0.3616

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.1622, 0.5965, 0.3062



9.0672, 0.6019, 0.3089



6.3230, 0.5991, 0.3622



4.7040, 0.3248, 0.3243



4.8345, 0.5963, 0.3058



0.0177, 0.4989, 0.2522

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

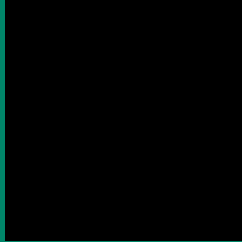
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979

Protanopia

17.8707, 0.3465, 0.3679

Deuteranopia

17.8416, 0.3421, 0.3347



Tritanopia

18.0654, 0.2282, 0.3054

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979

Protanomaly

16.7483, 0.2867, 0.3808

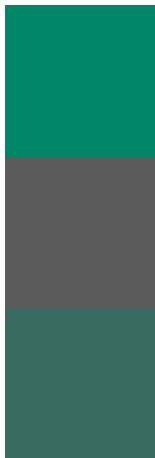
Deuteranomaly

16.6423, 0.2836, 0.3575

Tritanomaly

17.9845, 0.2323, 0.3377

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979

Achromatopsia

10.4616, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.2595, 0.2655, 0.3572

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 134, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 134, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 134, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 134, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 134, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 134, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 134, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 134, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 134, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 134,  
105) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.0701, 0.2439, 0.3979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 134, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 134,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor