

Converting Colors

$Yxy(16.7919, 0.2596, 0.4474)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.7919, 0.2596, 0.4474)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	098353
RGB	9, 131, 83
RGB Percent	4%, 51%, 33%
CMY	0.9649, 0.4863, 0.6745
CMYK	0.93, 0.00, 0.37, 0.49
HSL	156°, 87%, 27%
HSV	156°, 93%, 51%
XYZ	9.7900, 16.9152, 10.9343
YIQ	89.0500, -57.3040, -40.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

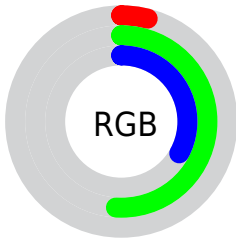
Format	Color
RYB	9, 85, 131
Decimal	623443
CIELab	48.15, -42.14, 17.65
CIElCh	48, 45.688, 157.279
Yxy	16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278813523 (0xFF098353)
YUV	89.0500, -2.9826, -70.2039
Hunter-Lab	41.1281, -29.4844, 13.0269

Details

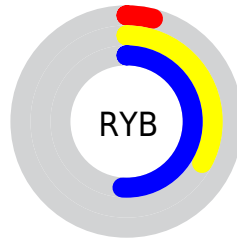
The Yxy color **16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **5.3147, 0.5133, 0.2676**, and the grayscale version is **10.0151, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.1852, 0.2739, 0.4174**, and **5.8709, 0.2717, 0.4980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.8051, 0.2609, 0.4594**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1118, 0.2596, 0.4347**.

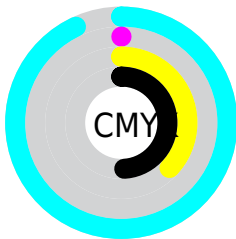
Distribution



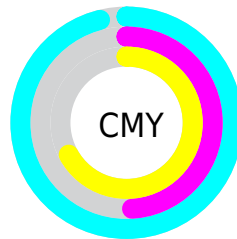
- Red (4%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.9152, 0.2601,
0.4494


 16.9152, 0.2601,
0.4494

234.6832, 0.2928,
0.3750


 10.1740, 0.2486,
0.4753


 38.1799, 0.2741,
0.4177


 5.5145, 0.2310,
0.5149

 53.4723, 0.2786,
0.4073

 2.5522, 0.2010,
0.5816

 72.3838, 0.2822,
0.3991

 0.9027, 0.0000,
1.0000

 95.2990, 0.2852,
0.3925

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 122.6021, 0.2876,
0.3870

 154.6776, 0.2896,

0.3823

191.9098, 0.2913,
0.3784

■ 16.9152, 0.2601,
0.4494

■ 16.9152, 0.2601,
0.4494

■ 16.8051, 0.2609,
0.4594

■ 17.1118, 0.2596,
0.4347

■ 17.3893, 0.2609,
0.4199

■ 17.7586, 0.2641,
0.4053

■ 18.2284, 0.2690,
0.3910

■ 18.8064, 0.2754,
0.3773

■ 19.4995, 0.2829,
0.3645

■ 20.3138, 0.2913,
0.3526

■ 21.2552, 0.3003,
0.3418

■ 22.3292, 0.3097,
0.3319

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.9152, 0.3426, 0.4945



16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494



16.9152, 0.1967, 0.3541

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494



16.9152, 0.1998, 0.1976



16.9152, 0.4855, 0.3526

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494



5.3147, 0.5133, 0.2676

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.9152, 0.4375, 0.2920



16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494



16.9152, 0.2626, 0.2075

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494



16.9152, 0.1678, 0.2152



16.9152, 0.3503, 0.2408



16.9152, 0.4763, 0.4162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494



16.9152, 0.1725, 0.2922



16.9152, 0.3503, 0.2408



16.9152, 0.4757, 0.3318

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.9159, 0.2601, 0.4494



35.5493, 0.2866, 0.3590



17.1458, 0.3289, 0.5699



8.1538, 0.2835, 0.3636



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.9159, 0.2601, 0.4494



30.0619, 0.2618, 0.4625



14.8422, 0.2183, 0.3005



5.2487, 0.3041, 0.3377



16.5418, 0.2609, 0.4593



0.0587, 0.2430, 0.3949

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.3147, 0.5133, 0.2676



9.0485, 0.5392, 0.2744



5.3873, 0.6106, 0.3398



4.7168, 0.3223, 0.3205



4.9900, 0.5334, 0.2712



0.0187, 0.4326, 0.2157

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494

Protanopia

16.7674, 0.3731, 0.4039

Deuteranopia

16.6284, 0.3749, 0.3688



Tritanopia

17.0208, 0.2324, 0.3071

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494



Protanomaly

15.7913, 0.3118, 0.4241



Deuteranomaly

15.4692, 0.3119, 0.3998



Tritanomaly

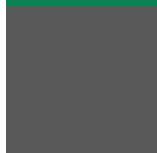
16.7630, 0.2404, 0.3545

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494



Achromatopsia

9.9899, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

11.5494, 0.2764, 0.3740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(9, 131, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(9, 131, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(9, 131, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(9, 131, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(9, 131, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(9, 131, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(9, 131, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(9, 131, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 131, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 131, 83)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.9152, 0.2601, 0.4494 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(9, 131, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(9, 131,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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