

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(16.7956, 0.1833, 0.1799)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.7956, 0.1833, 0.1799)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0074CC
RGB	0, 116, 204
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 80%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5450, 0.2001
CMYK	1.00, 0.43, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	206°, 100%, 40%
HSV	206°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	17.1401, 16.8504, 59.4671
YIQ	91.3480, -97.3840, 2.7760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

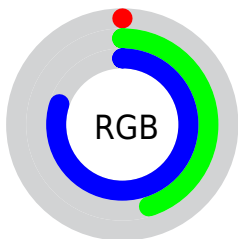
Format	Color
RYB	0, 74, 204
Decimal	29900
CIELab	48.07, 6.32, -53.01
CIELCh	48, 53.389, 276.795
Yxy	16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219980 (0xFF0074CC)
YUV	91.3480, 55.5374, -80.1122
Hunter-Lab	41.0492, 2.6965, -57.1575

Details

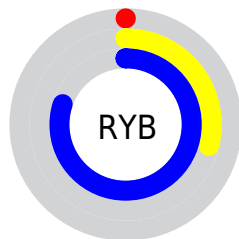
The Yxy color **16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **19.8107, 0.5618, 0.3921**, and the grayscale version is **10.4344, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.4541, 0.2118, 0.2149**, and **6.4262, 0.1746, 0.1486** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.8527, 0.1834, 0.1803**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1311, 0.1898, 0.1963**.

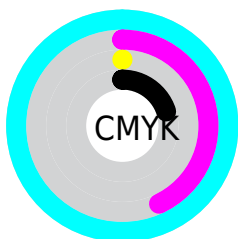
Distribution



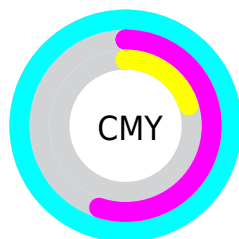
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.8504, 0.1834,
0.1803

■ 16.8504, 0.1834,
0.1803

234.3088, 0.2535,
0.2592

■ 10.1279, 0.1652,
0.1604

■ 38.0684, 0.2097,
0.2094

■ 5.4838, 0.1421,
0.1356

■ 53.3326, 0.2193,
0.2203

■ 2.5338, 0.1126,
0.1044

■ 72.2129, 0.2274,
0.2294

■ 0.8935, 0.0757,
0.0667

■ 95.0937, 0.2343,
0.2372

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 122.3592, 0.2401,
0.2439

154.3940, 0.2452,

0.2497

191.5824, 0.2496,
0.2548

■ 16.8504, 0.1834,
0.1803

■ 16.8504, 0.1834,
0.1803

■ 16.8527, 0.1834,
0.1803

■ 19.1311, 0.1898,
0.1963

■ 21.7681, 0.1982,
0.2128

■ 24.8240, 0.2087,
0.2296

■ 28.3331, 0.2212,
0.2463

■ 32.3249, 0.2351,
0.2626

■ 36.8257, 0.2502,
0.2781

■ 41.8596, 0.2658,
0.2926

■ 47.4487, 0.2816,
0.3059

■ 53.6136, 0.2974,
0.3181

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8504, 0.1490, 0.1988



16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803



16.8504, 0.2527, 0.1914

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803



16.8504, 0.5128, 0.3503



16.8504, 0.2509, 0.4748

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803



19.8107, 0.5618, 0.3921

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.8504, 0.3444, 0.5242



16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803



16.8504, 0.4995, 0.4217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803



16.8504, 0.4570, 0.2839



16.8504, 0.4347, 0.4902



16.8504, 0.1799, 0.3587

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803



16.8504, 0.3176, 0.2131



16.8504, 0.4347, 0.4902



16.8504, 0.2809, 0.5018

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8527, 0.1834, 0.1803



68.9908, 0.2652, 0.2920



43.8352, 0.2802, 0.5288



13.9842, 0.2584, 0.2859



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



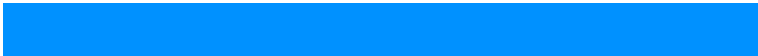
21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8527, 0.1834, 0.1803



27.4785, 0.1829, 0.1783



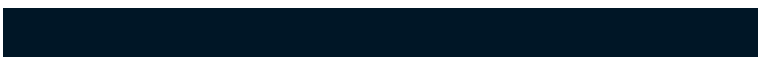
4.7599, 0.1514, 0.0649



11.8852, 0.2983, 0.3188



10.7969, 0.1840, 0.1825



0.7060, 0.1928, 0.2140

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.0967, 0.4682, 0.2353



23.3051, 0.4705, 0.2366



48.3710, 0.4348, 0.4930



11.3188, 0.3203, 0.3159



8.8929, 0.4655, 0.2338



0.4738, 0.4298, 0.2141

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

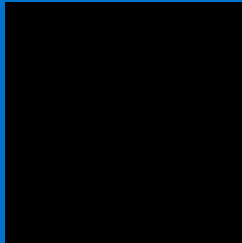
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803

Protanopia

16.9482, 0.2044, 0.1841

Deuteranopia

16.9991, 0.1856, 0.1810



Tritanopia

16.6710, 0.2191, 0.3086

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803

Protanomaly

16.6316, 0.1920, 0.1812

Deuteranomaly

16.9360, 0.1847, 0.1807

Tritanomaly

16.4571, 0.2031, 0.2513

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803

Achromatopsia

10.4616, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.6798, 0.2291, 0.2557

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 116, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 116, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 116, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 116, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 116, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 116, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 116, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 116, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 116, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 116,  
204) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.8504, 0.1834, 0.1803 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 116, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 116,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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