

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(16.8962, 0.2998, 0.5866)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.8962, 0.2998, 0.5866)
contains.

Yxy(16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0C850F
RGB	12, 133, 15
RGB Percent	5%, 52%, 6%
CMY	0.9530, 0.4784, 0.9412
CMYK	0.91, 0.00, 0.89, 0.48
HSL	121°, 83%, 28%
HSV	121°, 91%, 52%
XYZ	8.6251, 16.8877, 3.2567
YIQ	83.3690, -34.2380, -62.3500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

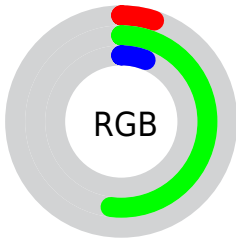
Format	Color
RYB	12, 130, 133
Decimal	820495
CIELab	48.12, -51.68, 48.47
CIELCh	48, 70.854, 136.841
Yxy	16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279010575 (0xFF0C850F)
YUV	83.3690, -33.7059, -62.5906
Hunter-Lab	41.0946, -34.4514, 24.0676

Details

The Yxy color **16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **6.8605, 0.3262, 0.1618**, and the grayscale version is **8.8039, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.9870, 0.3119, 0.5202**, and **6.0346, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.7832, 0.2994, 0.5977**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.0698, 0.3003, 0.5692**.

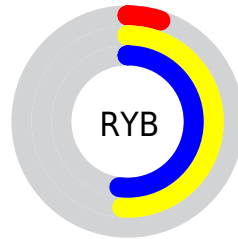
Distribution



Red (5%)

Green (52%)

Blue (6%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (52%)

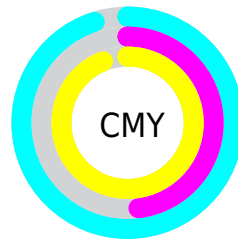


Cyan (91%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (95%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.8877, 0.2998,
0.5870

■ 16.8877, 0.2998,
0.5870

■ 234.5244, 0.3185,
0.4273

■ 10.1545, 0.2857,
0.6373

■ 38.1326, 0.3120,
0.5207

■ 5.5015, 0.2685,
0.7314

■ 53.4130, 0.3146,
0.4982

■ 2.5444, 0.2022,
0.7978

■ 72.3113, 0.3163,
0.4803

■ 0.8988, 0.0000,
1.0000


■ 95.2119, 0.3172,
0.4657

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 122.4990, 0.3178,
0.4536


■ 154.5573, 0.3182,


0.4434


 191.7709, 0.3184,
0.4347


 16.8877, 0.2998,
0.5870

 16.8877, 0.2998,
0.5870


 16.7832, 0.2994,
0.5977

 17.0698, 0.3003,
0.5692

 17.3587, 0.3012,
0.5441

 17.7682, 0.3025,
0.5137

 18.3096, 0.3041,
0.4804

 18.9928, 0.3058,
0.4464

■ 19.8269, 0.3076,
0.4136

■ 20.8200, 0.3094,
0.3831

■ 21.9800, 0.3111,
0.3556

■ 23.3139, 0.3126,
0.3313

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8877, 0.4150, 0.5504



16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870



16.8877, 0.1931, 0.4808

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870



16.8877, 0.1229, 0.1548



16.8877, 0.5362, 0.2921

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870



6.8605, 0.3262, 0.1618

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.8877, 0.4128, 0.2226



16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870



16.8877, 0.1745, 0.1481

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870



16.8877, 0.1072, 0.2010



16.8877, 0.2727, 0.1715



16.8877, 0.5700, 0.3693

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870



16.8877, 0.1431, 0.3634



16.8877, 0.2727, 0.1715



16.8877, 0.5025, 0.2678

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8884, 0.2998, 0.5870



36.0727, 0.3082, 0.4030



21.6266, 0.4140, 0.5027



8.0189, 0.3077, 0.4119



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8884, 0.2998, 0.5870



30.0503, 0.2995, 0.5983



17.3552, 0.2679, 0.4748



5.2065, 0.3113, 0.3508



15.9857, 0.2993, 0.5976



0.0555, 0.2963, 0.5867

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.8605, 0.3262, 0.1618



11.7972, 0.3272, 0.1576



5.6974, 0.4746, 0.2475



4.7609, 0.3141, 0.3081



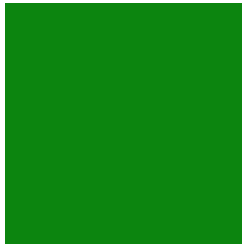
6.2770, 0.3271, 0.1575



0.0219, 0.3237, 0.1557

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870

Protanopia

16.6392, 0.4371, 0.4862

Deuteranopia

16.6690, 0.4543, 0.4468



Tritanopia

16.9773, 0.2378, 0.3072

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870

Protanomaly

15.6751, 0.3681, 0.5377

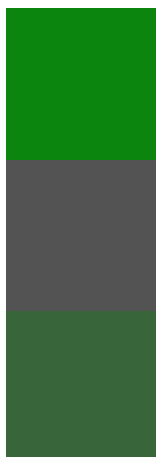
Deuteranomaly

15.2301, 0.3778, 0.5107

Tritanomaly

16.3852, 0.2637, 0.4174

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870

Achromatopsia

8.6500, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.4827, 0.3057, 0.4511

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(12, 133, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(12, 133, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 133, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(12, 133, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(12, 133, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(12, 133, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(12, 133, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(12, 133, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 133, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 133,  
15) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.8877, 0.2998, 0.5870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(12, 133, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(12, 133,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor