

Converting Colors

$Yxy(16.9831, 0.2205, 0.3138)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(16.9831, 0.2205, 0.3138)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007F86
RGB	0, 127, 134
RGB Percent	0%, 50%, 53%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5019, 0.4746
CMYK	1.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	183°, 100%, 26%
HSV	183°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	11.8910, 16.9000, 25.1854
YIQ	89.8250, -77.9390, -24.7470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

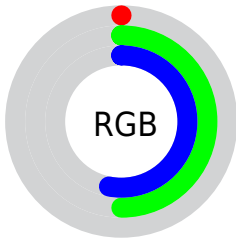
Format	Color
RYB	0, 65, 134
Decimal	32646
CIELab	48.13, -26.37, -12.19
CIELCh	48, 29.051, 204.820
Yxy	16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222726 (0xFF007F86)
YUV	89.8250, 21.7783, -78.7765
Hunter-Lab	41.1096, -20.3105, -7.5467

Details

The Yxy color **16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **5.2191, 0.6346, 0.3343**, and the grayscale version is **10.1470, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.0694, 0.2409, 0.3179**, and **5.9478, 0.2180, 0.3048** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.9011, 0.2203, 0.3131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1707, 0.2228, 0.3148**.

Distribution



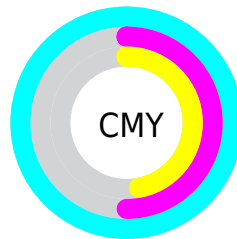
- Red (0%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.9000, 0.2203,
0.3131


 16.9000, 0.2203,
0.3131


 234.5955, 0.2726,
0.3239


 10.1632, 0.2049,
0.3089


 38.1538, 0.2410,
0.3180


 5.5073, 0.1836,
0.3023

 53.4395, 0.2482,
0.3195

 2.5479, 0.1527,
0.2906


 72.3438, 0.2541,
0.3206

 0.9005, 0.0656,
0.2786

 95.2508, 0.2591,
0.3216

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 122.5451, 0.2633,
0.3223

 154.6111, 0.2668,

0.3229

191.8331, 0.2699,
0.3235

■ 16.9000, 0.2203,
0.3131

■ 16.9000, 0.2203,
0.3131

■ 16.9011, 0.2203,
0.3131

■ 17.1707, 0.2228,
0.3148

■ 17.4947, 0.2265,
0.3165

■ 17.9030, 0.2319,
0.3182

■ 18.4059, 0.2391,
0.3199

■ 19.0120, 0.2480,
0.3216

■ 19.7288, 0.2586,
0.3232

■ 20.5635, 0.2706,
0.3248

■ 21.5223, 0.2838,
0.3263

■ 22.6112, 0.2979,
0.3277

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.9000, 0.2531, 0.3710



16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131



16.9000, 0.2107, 0.2674

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131



16.9000, 0.3138, 0.2578



16.9000, 0.4047, 0.4139

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131



5.2191, 0.6346, 0.3343

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.9000, 0.4261, 0.3758



16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131



16.9000, 0.3714, 0.2899

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131



16.9000, 0.2607, 0.2410



16.9000, 0.4142, 0.3316



16.9000, 0.3592, 0.4327

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131



16.9000, 0.2175, 0.2488



16.9000, 0.4142, 0.3316



16.9000, 0.4151, 0.4026

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.9011, 0.2203, 0.3131



36.1334, 0.2698, 0.3247



17.0620, 0.2987, 0.5954



8.0178, 0.2654, 0.3241



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.9011, 0.2203, 0.3131



29.7132, 0.2202, 0.3128



4.9837, 0.1739, 0.1461



5.2384, 0.2992, 0.3278



15.8464, 0.2203, 0.3131



0.0581, 0.2227, 0.3215

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.5999, 0.3340, 0.1614



11.6233, 0.3343, 0.1616



9.9243, 0.5227, 0.4232



4.7588, 0.3144, 0.3087



6.1866, 0.3340, 0.1614



0.0218, 0.3269, 0.1575

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

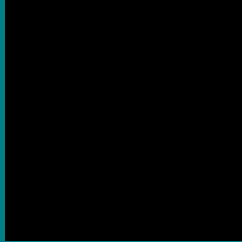
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131

Protanopia

16.8016, 0.2985, 0.3055

Deuteranopia

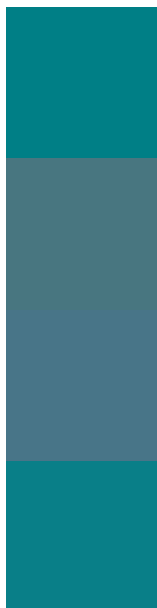
16.6857, 0.2850, 0.2796



Tritanopia

17.0782, 0.2207, 0.3067

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131

Protanomaly

15.8931, 0.2522, 0.3072

Deuteranomaly

15.8779, 0.2450, 0.2887

Tritanomaly

17.0144, 0.2204, 0.3088

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.6110, 0.2528, 0.3212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 127, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 127, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 127, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 127, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 127, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 127, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 127, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 127, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 127, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 127,  
134) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.9000, 0.2203, 0.3131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 127, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 127,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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