

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.0776, 0.2931, 0.2862)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.0776, 0.2931, 0.2862)
contains.

Yxy(17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	757086
RGB	117, 112, 134
RGB Percent	46%, 44%, 53%
CMY	0.5411, 0.5608, 0.4744
CMYK	0.13, 0.16, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	254°, 9%, 48%
HSV	254°, 16%, 53%
XYZ	17.4364, 17.0915, 24.9415
YIQ	116.0030, -4.0820, 7.9020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

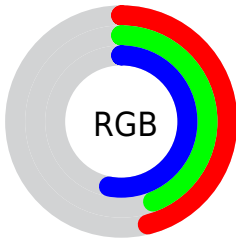
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 112, 134
Decimal	7696518
CIE Lab	48.38, 6.62, -11.38
CIE LCh	48, 13.168, 300.202
Yxy	17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285886598 (0xFF757086)
YUV	116.0030, 8.8725, 0.8744
Hunter-Lab	41.3419, 2.9362, -6.8302

Details

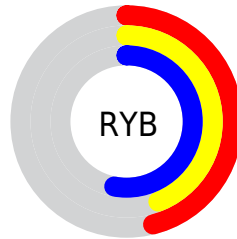
The Yxy color $17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $22.8922, 0.3304, 0.3689$, and the grayscale version is $17.4406, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $38.5738, 0.2979, 0.2976$, and $5.5721, 0.2856, 0.2703$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $13.6742, 0.2791, 0.2587$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $21.0296, 0.3056, 0.3136$.

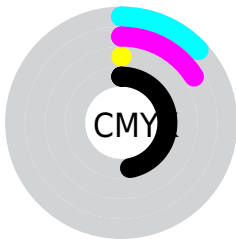
Distribution



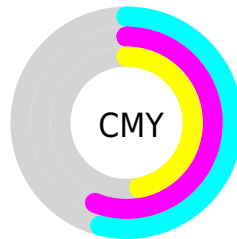
- Red (46%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.0915, 0.2932,
0.2874

■ 17.0915, 0.2932,
0.2874

235.6991, 0.3047,
0.3112

■ 10.2998, 0.2896,
0.2802

■ 38.4830, 0.2979,
0.2969

■ 5.5982, 0.2843,
0.2700

■ 53.8516, 0.2995,
0.3002

■ 2.6023, 0.2759,
0.2546

■ 72.8479, 0.3008,
0.3029

■ 0.9278, 0.2609,
0.2285

■ 95.8563, 0.3018,
0.3051

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

123.2612, 0.3027,
0.3070

155.4471, 0.3035,

0.3086

192.7983, 0.3041,
0.3100

■ 17.0915, 0.2932,
0.2874

■ 17.0915, 0.2932,
0.2874

■ 13.6742, 0.2791,
0.2587

■ 21.0296, 0.3056,
0.3136

■ 10.7537, 0.2635,
0.2280

■ 25.5071, 0.3164,
0.3371

■ 8.3071, 0.2465,
0.1961

■ 30.5441, 0.3257,
0.3580

■ 6.3090, 0.2288,
0.1642

■ 36.1591, 0.3336,
0.3764

■ 4.7315, 0.2111,
0.1342

■ 42.3699, 0.3404,
0.3927

■ 3.5435, 0.1944,
0.1079

■ 49.1934, 0.3462,
0.4069

■ 2.7095, 0.1798,
0.0872

■ 56.6457, 0.3511,
0.4194

■ 2.1702, 0.1680,
0.0726

■ 64.7425, 0.3553,
0.4304

■ 2.0067, 0.1643,
0.0679

■ 73.4988, 0.3589,
0.4400

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0915, 0.2736, 0.2878



17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874



17.0915, 0.3187, 0.2971

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874



17.0915, 0.3634, 0.3565



17.0915, 0.2821, 0.3434

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874



22.8922, 0.3304, 0.3689

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0915, 0.3052, 0.3643



17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874



17.0915, 0.3524, 0.3710

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874



17.0915, 0.3601, 0.3358



17.0915, 0.3310, 0.3744



17.0915, 0.2675, 0.3191

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874



17.0915, 0.3358, 0.3080



17.0915, 0.3310, 0.3744



17.0915, 0.2891, 0.3512

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.0922, 0.2932, 0.2874



38.0294, 0.3071, 0.3168



20.9321, 0.2885, 0.3200



8.4671, 0.3064, 0.3154



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.0922, 0.2932, 0.2874



27.5862, 0.2878, 0.2762



17.8810, 0.3066, 0.2890



4.5921, 0.3024, 0.3068



1.8843, 0.1646, 0.0680



0.0093, 0.2034, 0.0894

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.2419, 0.3207, 0.2986



30.0485, 0.3229, 0.2910



22.0936, 0.3178, 0.3704



4.7451, 0.3169, 0.3124



5.6771, 0.3864, 0.1902



0.0208, 0.3508, 0.1706

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

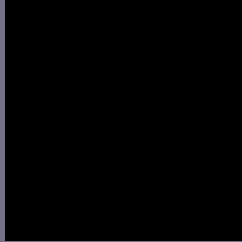
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874

Protanopia

17.1634, 0.2850, 0.2887

Deuteranopia

17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874



Tritanopia

17.1095, 0.3033, 0.3114

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874

Protanomaly

17.0702, 0.2873, 0.2870

Deuteranomaly

17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874

Tritanomaly

17.0556, 0.2999, 0.3020

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874

Achromatopsia

17.4647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

17.4045, 0.3045, 0.3135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 112, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 112, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 112, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 112, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 112, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 112, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 112, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 112, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 112, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 112,  
134) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.0915, 0.2932, 0.2874 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 112, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
112, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor