

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.1490, 0.2906, 0.2581)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.1490, 0.2906, 0.2581)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F6B93
RGB	127, 107, 147
RGB Percent	50%, 42%, 58%
CMY	0.5020, 0.5804, 0.4235
CMYK	0.14, 0.27, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	270°, 16%, 50%
HSV	270°, 27%, 58%
XYZ	19.2758, 17.1340, 29.8983
YIQ	117.5400, -0.9200, 16.6800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

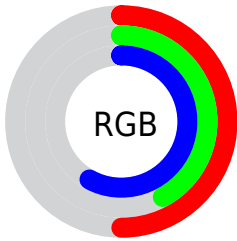
Format	Color
R _Y B	127, 107, 147
Decimal	8350611
CIE Lab	48.43, 16.05, -18.91
CIE LCh	48, 24.805, 310.326
Yxy	17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286540691 (0xFF7F6B93)
YUV	117.5400, 14.5238, 8.2964
Hunter-Lab	41.3932, 10.6846, -13.8499

Details

The Yxy color $17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $26.4457, 0.3302, 0.3997$, and the grayscale version is $17.9199, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $38.3741, 0.2962, 0.2732$, and $5.5502, 0.2799, 0.2306$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $13.7810, 0.2804, 0.2298$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $21.0509, 0.2998, 0.2859$.

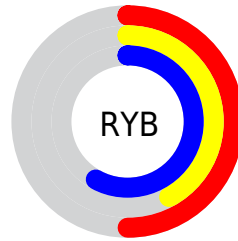
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (42%)

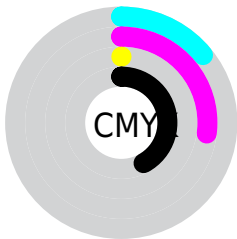
Blue (58%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (58%)

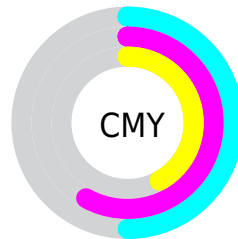


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1340, 0.2907,
0.2584

■ 17.1340, 0.2907,
0.2584

■ 235.9434, 0.3040,
0.2977

■ 10.3301, 0.2864,
0.2470

■ 38.5560, 0.2962,
0.2738

■ 5.6184, 0.2801,
0.2314

■ 53.9429, 0.2980,
0.2792

■ 2.6144, 0.2701,
0.2088

■ 72.9596, 0.2995,
0.2837

■ 0.9339, 0.2522,
0.1734

■ 95.9904, 0.3007,
0.2874

■ 0.0000, 0.1654,
0.0000

■ 123.4198, 0.3017,
0.2906

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

155.6322, 0.3026,

0.2933

193.0119, 0.3033,
0.2957

■ 17.1340, 0.2907,
0.2584

■ 17.1340, 0.2907,
0.2584

■ 13.7810, 0.2804,
0.2298

■ 21.0509, 0.2998,
0.2859

■ 10.9624, 0.2689,
0.2008

■ 25.5548, 0.3077,
0.3117

■ 8.6495, 0.2566,
0.1726

■ 30.6703, 0.3145,
0.3354

■ 6.8097, 0.2437,
0.1466

■ 36.4197, 0.3202,
0.3571

■ 5.4066, 0.2308,
0.1240

■ 42.8243, 0.3250,
0.3766

4.3980, 0.2185,
0.1062

49.9044, 0.3290,
0.3942

3.7116, 0.2071,
0.0931

57.6794, 0.3323,
0.4099

3.5405, 0.2040,
0.0897

66.1679, 0.3351,
0.4239

75.3878, 0.3373,
0.4364

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1340, 0.2509, 0.2517



17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584



17.1340, 0.3398, 0.2806

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584



17.1340, 0.4034, 0.3883



17.1340, 0.2448, 0.3394

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584



26.4457, 0.3302, 0.3997

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1340, 0.2818, 0.3859



17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584



17.1340, 0.3737, 0.4127

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584



17.1340, 0.4078, 0.3521



17.1340, 0.3289, 0.4137



17.1340, 0.2261, 0.2940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584



17.1340, 0.3708, 0.3018



17.1340, 0.3289, 0.4137



17.1340, 0.2554, 0.3558

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1347, 0.2907, 0.2584



44.9439, 0.3070, 0.3093



20.5865, 0.2709, 0.2934



9.9896, 0.3060, 0.3057



74.8414, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.9280, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1347, 0.2907, 0.2584



26.6860, 0.2842, 0.2400



18.7659, 0.3149, 0.2634



5.7667, 0.3062, 0.3067



3.0838, 0.2046, 0.0900



0.0552, 0.2534, 0.1170

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.2534, 0.3414, 0.2950



29.1114, 0.3505, 0.2866



25.0994, 0.3098, 0.4043



5.8609, 0.3209, 0.3180



5.8063, 0.4908, 0.2477



0.0770, 0.4033, 0.1996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

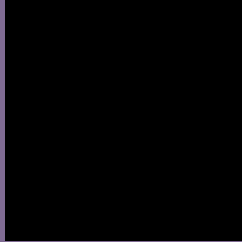
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584

Protanopia

17.3049, 0.2616, 0.2585

Deuteranopia

17.2006, 0.2725, 0.2674



Tritanopia

17.1798, 0.3161, 0.3119

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584

Protanomaly

17.0816, 0.2716, 0.2577

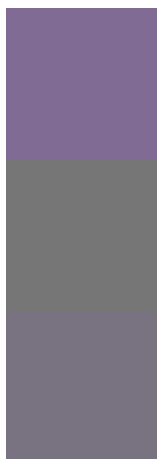
Deuteranomaly

17.1572, 0.2790, 0.2648

Tritanomaly

17.0487, 0.3066, 0.2918

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584

Achromatopsia

18.1164, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

17.6846, 0.3039, 0.3008

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 107, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 107, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 107, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 107, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 107, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 107, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 107, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 107, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 107, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 107,  
147) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.1340, 0.2907, 0.2584 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 107, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
107, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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