

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141)
contains.

Yxy(17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B68AE
RGB	123, 104, 174
RGB Percent	48%, 41%, 68%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5922, 0.3177
CMYK	0.29, 0.40, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	256°, 30%, 55%
HSV	256°, 40%, 68%
XYZ	20.7599, 17.1676, 42.2575
YIQ	117.6610, -11.1460, 25.7980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

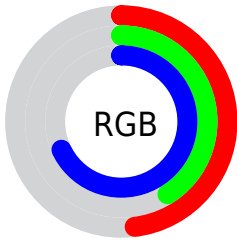
Format	Color
R _Y B	123, 104, 174
Decimal	8087726
CIE Lab	48.47, 23.22, -34.73
CIE LCh	48, 41.779, 303.772
Yxy	17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286277806 (0xFF7B68AE)
YUV	117.6610, 27.7751, 4.6823
Hunter-Lab	41.4338, 16.9260, -31.4650

Details

The Yxy color **17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **38.2317, 0.3531, 0.4334**, and the grayscale version is **17.9208, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.5030, 0.2714, 0.2368**, and **5.6844, 0.2367, 0.1773** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.1448, 0.2419, 0.1818**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.0353, 0.2747, 0.2458**.

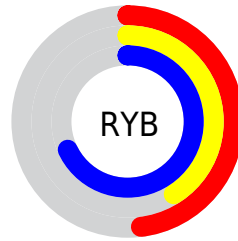
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (41%)

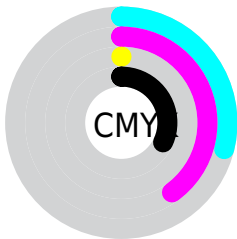
Blue (68%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (68%)

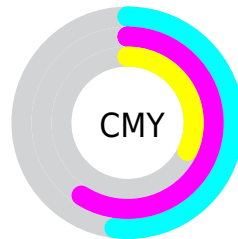


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1676, 0.2589,
0.2141

■ 17.1676, 0.2589,
0.2141

■ 236.1364, 0.2905,
0.2758

■ 10.3541, 0.2493,
0.1976

■ 38.6137, 0.2716,
0.2374

■ 5.6343, 0.2359,
0.1761

■ 54.0151, 0.2760,
0.2459

■ 2.6240, 0.2161,
0.1471

■ 73.0478, 0.2796,
0.2530

■ 0.9388, 0.1852,
0.1072

■ 96.0964, 0.2825,
0.2589

■ 0.0000, 0.1231,
0.0000

■ 123.5451, 0.2850,
0.2641

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

155.7784, 0.2871,

0.2685

193.1807, 0.2889,
0.2724

■ 17.1676, 0.2589,
0.2141

■ 17.1676, 0.2589,
0.2141

■ 13.1448, 0.2419,
0.1818

■ 22.0353, 0.2747,
0.2458

■ 9.9155, 0.2244,
0.1505

■ 27.7911, 0.2889,
0.2758

■ 7.4258, 0.2072,
0.1221

■ 34.4778, 0.3015,
0.3034

■ 5.6138, 0.1913,
0.0983

■ 42.1347, 0.3125,
0.3285

■ 4.4071, 0.1778,
0.0809

■ 50.7988, 0.3219,
0.3508

■ 3.6669, 0.1672,
0.0695

■ 60.5052, 0.3299,
0.3707

■ 71.2872, 0.3367,
0.3881

■ 83.1768, 0.3425,
0.4035

■ 92.5881, 0.3486,
0.4120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1676, 0.2035, 0.2079



17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141



17.1676, 0.3375, 0.2430

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141



17.1676, 0.4667, 0.4049



17.1676, 0.2118, 0.3629

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141



38.2317, 0.3531, 0.4334

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1676, 0.2739, 0.4451



17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141



17.1676, 0.4216, 0.4570

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141



17.1676, 0.4679, 0.3458



17.1676, 0.3508, 0.4795



17.1676, 0.1788, 0.2808

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141



17.1676, 0.3932, 0.2724



17.1676, 0.3508, 0.4795



17.1676, 0.2297, 0.3928

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1683, 0.2589, 0.2141



60.0030, 0.2992, 0.2981



29.5490, 0.2535, 0.2982



12.9828, 0.2976, 0.2947



89.0005, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.0645, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1683, 0.2589, 0.2141



24.7645, 0.2443, 0.1863



20.1900, 0.2980, 0.2260



7.8586, 0.3026, 0.3059



2.6858, 0.1682, 0.0700



0.1019, 0.2020, 0.0887

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.2627, 0.3404, 0.2556



33.3297, 0.3484, 0.2406



35.2835, 0.3207, 0.4451



8.1104, 0.3177, 0.3126



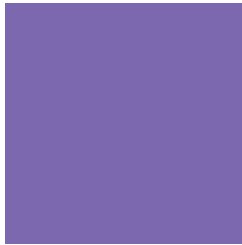
7.6429, 0.4026, 0.1991



0.2211, 0.3729, 0.1828

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

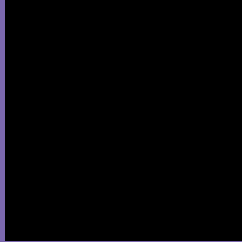
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141.

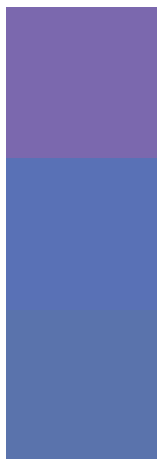


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141

Protanopia

17.3115, 0.2241, 0.2101

Deuteranopia

17.4137, 0.2321, 0.2272



Tritanopia

17.2274, 0.2997, 0.3114

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141

Protanomaly

17.1732, 0.2349, 0.2115

Deuteranomaly

17.2108, 0.2405, 0.2213

Tritanomaly

17.1038, 0.2844, 0.2717

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141

Achromatopsia

18.1164, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

17.6383, 0.2924, 0.2828

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 104, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 104, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 104, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 104, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 104, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 104, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 104, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 104, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 104, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 104,  
174) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.1676, 0.2589, 0.2141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 104, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
104, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor