

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.2095, 0.2520, 0.2783)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.2095, 0.2520, 0.2783)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	577790
RGB	87, 119, 144
RGB Percent	34%, 47%, 56%
CMY	0.6587, 0.5333, 0.4354
CMYK	0.40, 0.17, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	206°, 25%, 45%
HSV	206°, 40%, 56%
XYZ	15.5620, 17.2335, 28.8849
YIQ	112.2820, -27.0970, 0.9910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

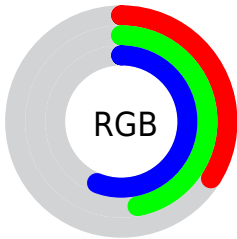
Format	Color
R _Y B	87, 107, 144
Decimal	5732240
CIE Lab	48.55, -4.71, -17.21
CIE LCh	49, 17.844, 254.692
Yxy	17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283922320 (0xFF577790)
YUV	112.2820, 15.6370, -22.1723
Hunter-Lab	41.5133, -5.7344, -12.1947

Details

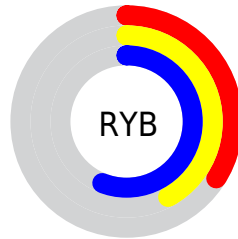
The Yxy color **17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **18.2071, 0.3900, 0.3734**, and the grayscale version is **16.2511, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6920, 0.2659, 0.2906**, and **5.7079, 0.2272, 0.2575** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1549, 0.2375, 0.2642**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.5516, 0.2676, 0.2936**.

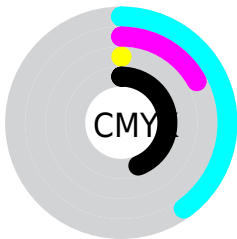
Distribution



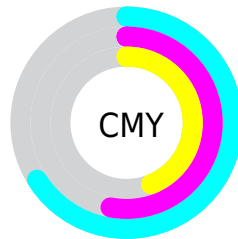
- Red (34%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.2335, 0.2523,
0.2794

■ 17.2335, 0.2523,
0.2794

■ 236.5144, 0.2868,
0.3082

■ 10.4011, 0.2419,
0.2705

■ 38.7268, 0.2660,
0.2910

■ 5.6657, 0.2274,
0.2578

■ 54.1565, 0.2708,
0.2950

■ 2.6429, 0.2058,
0.2384

■ 73.2208, 0.2747,
0.2983

■ 0.9483, 0.1704,
0.2059

■ 96.3040, 0.2780,
0.3010

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 123.7906, 0.2807,
0.3032

156.0649, 0.2830,

0.3051

193.5114, 0.2850,
0.3068

■ 17.2335, 0.2523,
0.2794

■ 17.2335, 0.2523,
0.2794

■ 15.1549, 0.2375,
0.2642

■ 19.5516, 0.2676,
0.2936

■ 13.3036, 0.2236,
0.2482

■ 22.1167, 0.2831,
0.3067

■ 11.6692, 0.2110,
0.2317

■ 24.9382, 0.2984,
0.3187

■ 10.2393, 0.2001,
0.2150

■ 28.0246, 0.3134,
0.3295

■ 8.9996, 0.1913,
0.1985

■ 31.3837, 0.3277,
0.3391

■ 7.9176, 0.1841,
0.1825

■ 35.0232, 0.3414,
0.3476

■ 7.8721, 0.1838,
0.1817

■ 38.9501, 0.3544,
0.3552

■ 43.1715, 0.3665,
0.3618

■ 47.6941, 0.3779,
0.3677

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.2335, 0.2484, 0.3006



17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794



17.2335, 0.2714, 0.2721

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794



17.2335, 0.3673, 0.3226



17.2335, 0.3202, 0.3869

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794



18.2071, 0.3900, 0.3734

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.2335, 0.3532, 0.3904



17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794



17.2335, 0.3816, 0.3513

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794



17.2335, 0.3376, 0.2966



17.2335, 0.3762, 0.3763



17.2335, 0.2863, 0.3648

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794



17.2335, 0.2910, 0.2749



17.2335, 0.3762, 0.3763



17.2335, 0.3317, 0.3902

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.2342, 0.2523, 0.2794



42.6128, 0.2943, 0.3156



23.1325, 0.2861, 0.3936



9.6411, 0.2926, 0.3143



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.2342, 0.2523, 0.2794



27.2936, 0.2398, 0.2667



11.4927, 0.2435, 0.2205



5.7256, 0.2990, 0.3191



6.9040, 0.1841, 0.1826



0.1100, 0.2036, 0.2530

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.0804, 0.3540, 0.2733



21.4481, 0.3665, 0.2617



25.4271, 0.3722, 0.4183



5.4716, 0.3200, 0.3167



5.6833, 0.4654, 0.2338



0.0588, 0.3893, 0.1918

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

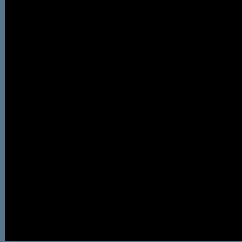
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

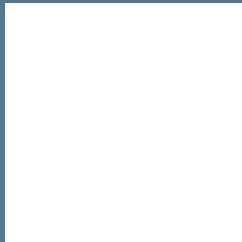
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794

Protanopia

17.1793, 0.2775, 0.2795

Deuteranopia

17.1696, 0.2735, 0.2691



Tritanopia

17.1983, 0.2614, 0.3081

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794

Protanomaly

17.1806, 0.2681, 0.2805

Deuteranomaly

17.1306, 0.2651, 0.2716

Tritanomaly

17.1418, 0.2576, 0.2962

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794

Achromatopsia

16.2029, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.6003, 0.2875, 0.3107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 119, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 119, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 119, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 119, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 119, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 119, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 119, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 119, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 119, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 119,  
144) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.2335, 0.2523, 0.2794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 119, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 119,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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