

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.2176, 0.4095, 0.4148)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.2176, 0.4095, 0.4148)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	897040
RGB	137, 112, 64
RGB Percent	54%, 44%, 25%
CMY	0.4628, 0.5608, 0.7490
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.53, 0.46
HSL	39°, 36%, 39%
HSV	39°, 53%, 54%
XYZ	17.0356, 17.2769, 7.2885
YIQ	114.0030, 30.3080, -9.6280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

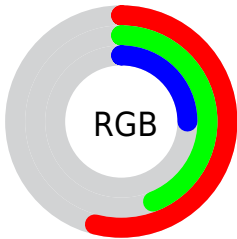
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 137, 64
Decimal	9007168
CIE Lab	48.61, 3.43, 30.19
CIE LCh	49, 30.380, 83.516
Yxy	17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287197248 (0xFF897040)
YUV	114.0030, -24.6515, 20.1684
Hunter-Lab	41.5655, 0.4186, 18.6994

Details

The Yxy color **17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **10.0406, 0.2252, 0.2216**, and the grayscale version is **16.8972, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.9496, 0.3874, 0.3971**, and **5.6418, 0.4482, 0.4445** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1321, 0.4302, 0.4287**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5156, 0.3889, 0.3999**.

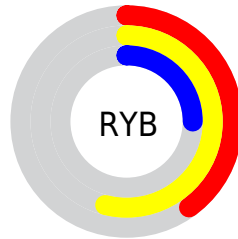
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (44%)

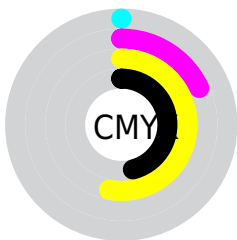
Blue (25%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (25%)

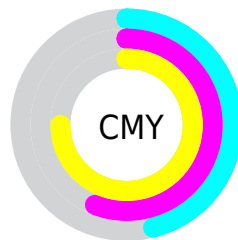


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.2769, 0.4095,
0.4153

■ 17.2769, 0.4095,
0.4153

■ 236.7631, 0.3543,
0.3670

■ 10.4321, 0.4253,
0.4284

■ 38.8013, 0.3878,
0.3967

■ 5.6864, 0.4462,
0.4452

■ 54.2496, 0.3801,
0.3900

■ 2.6553, 0.4922,
0.4837

■ 73.3346, 0.3738,
0.3845

■ 0.9546, 0.5112,
0.4888

■ 96.4406, 0.3686,
0.3799

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 123.9521, 0.3642,
0.3759

■ 156.2534, 0.3604,

0.3725

193.7289, 0.3571,
0.3696

■ 17.2769, 0.4095,
0.4153

■ 17.2769, 0.4095,
0.4153

■ 16.1321, 0.4302,
0.4287

■ 18.5156, 0.3889,
0.3999

■ 15.0750, 0.4500,
0.4389

■ 19.8491, 0.3691,
0.3834

■ 14.1025, 0.4682,
0.4452

■ 21.2813, 0.3504,
0.3666

■ 13.2097, 0.4836,
0.4467

■ 22.8153, 0.3332,
0.3500

■ 12.6455, 0.4935,
0.4464

■ 24.4536, 0.3175,
0.3340

■ 26.1990, 0.3034,
0.3190

■ 28.0540, 0.2907,
0.3048

■ 30.0210, 0.2794,
0.2918

■ 32.1023, 0.2693,
0.2797

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.2769, 0.4305, 0.3751



17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153



17.2769, 0.3630, 0.4365

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153



17.2769, 0.2181, 0.3147



17.2769, 0.3111, 0.2543

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153



10.0406, 0.2252, 0.2216

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.2769, 0.2567, 0.2377



17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153



17.2769, 0.2072, 0.2666

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153



17.2769, 0.2528, 0.3752



17.2769, 0.2206, 0.2409



17.2769, 0.3712, 0.2868

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153



17.2769, 0.3250, 0.4321



17.2769, 0.2206, 0.2409



17.2769, 0.2915, 0.2468

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.2777, 0.4095, 0.4153



39.9968, 0.3383, 0.3551



9.7163, 0.4062, 0.2824



8.8626, 0.3413, 0.3580



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.2777, 0.4095, 0.4153



28.4748, 0.4345, 0.4311



22.6991, 0.3738, 0.4591



5.5614, 0.3265, 0.3433



11.8030, 0.4932, 0.4466



0.1057, 0.4534, 0.4782

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.0406, 0.2252, 0.2216



14.1081, 0.2054, 0.1919



6.9679, 0.2270, 0.1710



5.1541, 0.2991, 0.3142



3.5898, 0.1653, 0.1150



0.0491, 0.1880, 0.1968

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

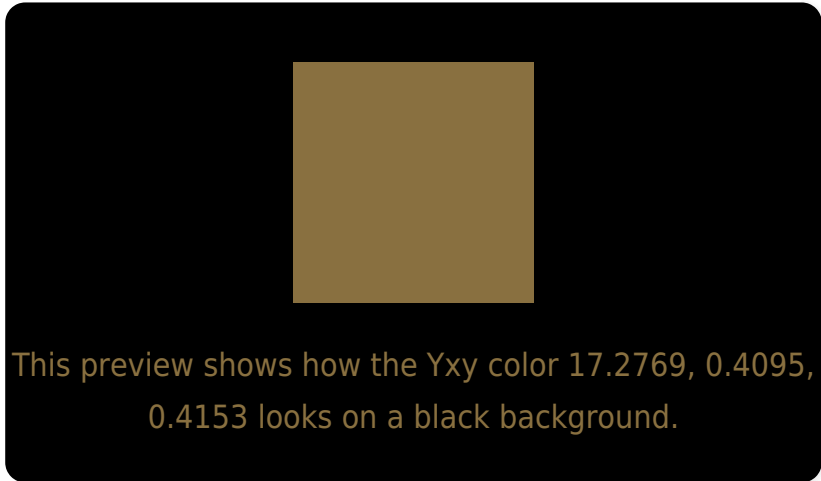
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

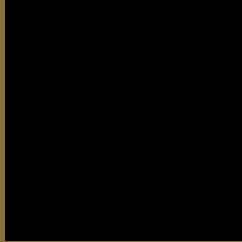
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153

Protanopia

17.3845, 0.3905, 0.4255

Deuteranopia

17.1847, 0.4172, 0.4100



Tritanopia

17.1857, 0.3513, 0.3148

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153

Protanomaly

17.4684, 0.3970, 0.4217

Deuteranomaly

17.3145, 0.4147, 0.4121

Tritanomaly

17.1451, 0.3744, 0.3510

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153

Achromatopsia

16.8269, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.7924, 0.3465, 0.3627

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 112, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 112, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 112, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 112, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 112, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 112, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 112, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 112, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 112, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 112,  
64) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.2769, 0.4095, 0.4153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 112, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
112, 64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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