

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.2192, 0.4631, 0.4243)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.2192, 0.4631, 0.4243)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A6A2A
RGB	154, 106, 42
RGB Percent	60%, 42%, 16%
CMY	0.3960, 0.5843, 0.8354
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.73, 0.40
HSL	34°, 57%, 38%
HSV	34°, 73%, 60%
XYZ	18.8992, 17.3453, 4.5392
YIQ	113.0560, 49.1520, -9.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

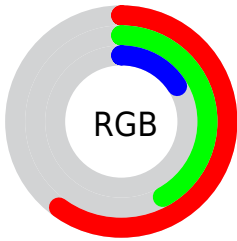
Format	Color
R _Y B	126, 154, 42
Decimal	10119722
CIE Lab	48.69, 12.99, 42.19
CIE LCh	49, 44.144, 72.887
Yxy	17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288309802 (0xFF9A6A2A)
YUV	113.0560, -35.0306, 35.9079
Hunter-Lab	41.6477, 8.1174, 22.6913

Details

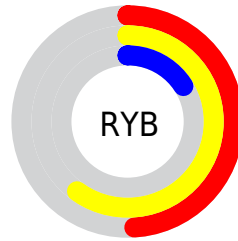
The Yxy color **17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **10.1331, 0.1987, 0.1928**, and the grayscale version is **16.6257, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.8663, 0.4317, 0.4083**, and **5.7806, 0.5063, 0.4362** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.9481, 0.4856, 0.4298**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.8913, 0.4397, 0.4166**.

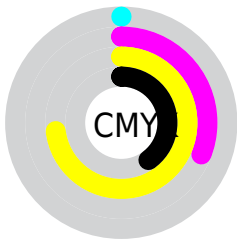
Distribution



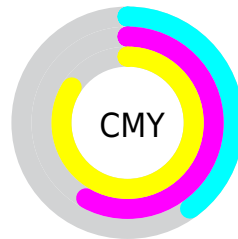
- Red (60%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.3453, 0.4634,
0.4253


 17.3453, 0.4634,
0.4253


237.1545, 0.3791,
0.3764


 10.4810, 0.4854,
0.4348


 38.9185, 0.4314,
0.4087

 5.7190, 0.5149,
0.4454

 54.3962, 0.4196,
0.4019


 2.6750, 0.5496,
0.4504

 73.5138, 0.4099,
0.3961

 0.9645, 0.5731,
0.4269

 96.6557, 0.4017,
0.3910

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 124.2064, 0.3948,
0.3866

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 156.5501, 0.3888,

0.3828

194.0713, 0.3836,
0.3794

■ 17.3453, 0.4634,
0.4253

■ 17.3453, 0.4634,
0.4253

■ 15.9481, 0.4856,
0.4298

■ 18.8913, 0.4397,
0.4166

■ 14.6897, 0.5051,
0.4292

■ 20.5900, 0.4157,
0.4049

■ 13.8534, 0.5182,
0.4268

■ 22.4484, 0.3926,
0.3911

■ 24.4721, 0.3708,
0.3764

■ 26.6662, 0.3509,
0.3614

■ 29.0357, 0.3329,
0.3468

■ 31.5851, 0.3168,
0.3327

■ 34.3190, 0.3026,
0.3195

■ 37.2415, 0.2900,
0.3072

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3453, 0.4811, 0.3642



17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253



17.3453, 0.4053, 0.4749

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253



17.3453, 0.1930, 0.3358



17.3453, 0.2791, 0.2160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253



10.1331, 0.1987, 0.1928

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3453, 0.2130, 0.2019



17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253



17.3453, 0.1691, 0.2575

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253



17.3453, 0.2492, 0.4288



17.3453, 0.1762, 0.2139



17.3453, 0.3657, 0.2522

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253



17.3453, 0.3541, 0.4878



17.3453, 0.1762, 0.2139



17.3453, 0.2540, 0.2087

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3462, 0.4634, 0.4253



48.5635, 0.3503, 0.3610



9.2716, 0.4447, 0.2573



10.7596, 0.3551, 0.3647



78.7412, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3462, 0.4634, 0.4253



27.5678, 0.4977, 0.4301



29.4414, 0.3989, 0.4909



6.7792, 0.3270, 0.3417



11.3574, 0.5172, 0.4276



0.2419, 0.4667, 0.4676

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.1331, 0.1987, 0.1928



13.8230, 0.1807, 0.1591



4.6510, 0.1821, 0.1065



6.4398, 0.2989, 0.3160



5.1424, 0.1719, 0.1387



0.1470, 0.1942, 0.2190

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

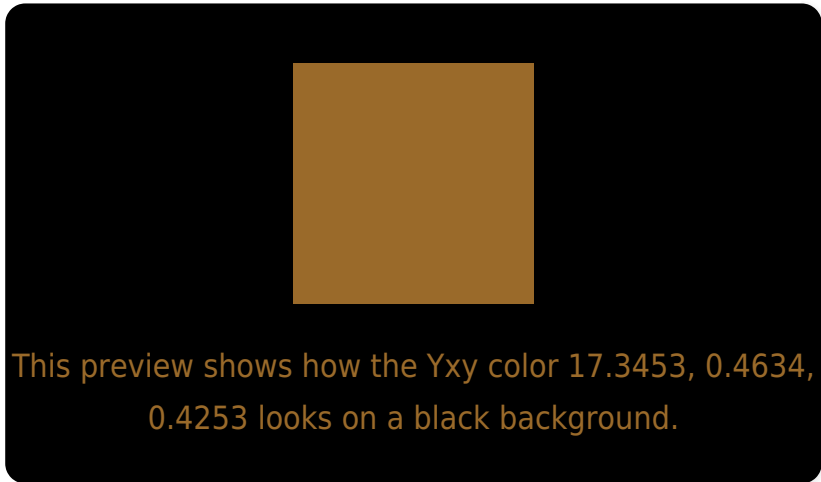
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253

Protanopia

17.3474, 0.4138, 0.4551

Deuteranopia

17.3317, 0.4469, 0.4388



Tritanopia

17.2543, 0.3886, 0.3161

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253

Protanomaly

17.1735, 0.4321, 0.4435

Deuteranomaly

17.3933, 0.4523, 0.4351

Tritanomaly

17.2954, 0.4215, 0.3606

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253

Achromatopsia

16.5132, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.4292, 0.3685, 0.3737

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 106, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 106, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 106, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 106, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 106, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 106, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 106, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 106, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 106, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 106,  
42) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.3453, 0.4634, 0.4253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 106, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
106, 42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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