

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.2258, 0.2637, 0.3167)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.2258, 0.2637, 0.3167)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	537A80
RGB	83, 122, 128
RGB Percent	33%, 48%, 50%
CMY	0.6743, 0.5216, 0.4980
CMYK	0.35, 0.05, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	188°, 21%, 41%
HSV	188°, 35%, 50%
XYZ	14.4259, 17.3166, 23.0049
YIQ	111.0230, -25.1700, -6.4020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

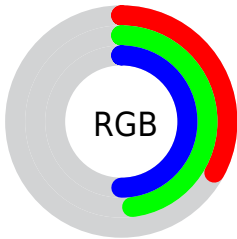
Format	Color
R _Y B	83, 104, 128
Decimal	5470848
CIE Lab	48.66, -11.98, -7.64
CIE LCh	49, 14.212, 212.532
Yxy	17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283660928 (0xFF537A80)
YUV	111.0230, 8.3697, -24.5762
Hunter-Lab	41.6132, -10.9430, -3.6478

Details

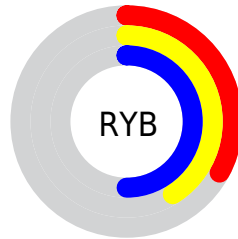
The Yxy color **17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **12.3680, 0.3874, 0.3412**, and the grayscale version is **15.8870, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6766, 0.2743, 0.3186**, and **5.6697, 0.2423, 0.3085** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.3711, 0.2515, 0.3121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3784, 0.2766, 0.3203**.

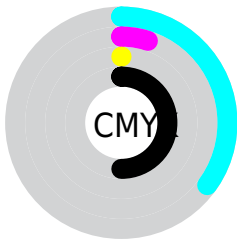
Distribution



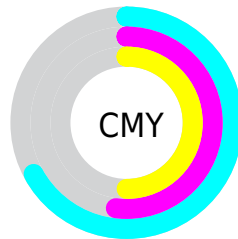
- Red (33%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3166, 0.2635,
0.3163

■ 17.3166, 0.2635,
0.3163

■ 236.9903, 0.2917,
0.3241

■ 10.4605, 0.2549,
0.3136

■ 38.8693, 0.2748,
0.3196

■ 5.7053, 0.2426,
0.3096

■ 54.3347, 0.2787,
0.3207

■ 2.6667, 0.2240,
0.3028

■ 73.4386, 0.2819,
0.3216

■ 0.9603, 0.1876,
0.2914

■ 96.5655, 0.2846,
0.3223

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 124.0997, 0.2868,
0.3228

156.4257, 0.2887,

0.3233

193.9277, 0.2903,
0.3238

■ 17.3166, 0.2635,
0.3163

■ 17.3166, 0.2635,
0.3163

■ 16.3711, 0.2515,
0.3121

■ 18.3784, 0.2766,
0.3203

■ 15.5338, 0.2408,
0.3078

■ 19.5600, 0.2906,
0.3240

■ 14.7990, 0.2318,
0.3033

■ 20.8671, 0.3051,
0.3274

■ 14.1593, 0.2244,
0.2988

■ 22.3047, 0.3200,
0.3305

■ 13.6064, 0.2189,
0.2942

■ 23.8771, 0.3349,
0.3333

■ 13.1279, 0.2149,
0.2897

■ 25.5889, 0.3497,
0.3358

■ 12.9049, 0.2132,
0.2875

■ 27.4441, 0.3643,
0.3381

■ 29.4466, 0.3784,
0.3400

■ 31.6003, 0.3921,
0.3418

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3166, 0.2783, 0.3425



17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163



17.3166, 0.2613, 0.2953

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163



17.3166, 0.3213, 0.2960



17.3166, 0.3539, 0.3749

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163



12.3680, 0.3874, 0.3412

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3166, 0.3668, 0.3599



17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163



17.3166, 0.3476, 0.3151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163



17.3166, 0.2937, 0.2849



17.3166, 0.3645, 0.3380



17.3166, 0.3301, 0.3776

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163



17.3166, 0.2671, 0.2867



17.3166, 0.3645, 0.3380



17.3166, 0.3597, 0.3710

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3173, 0.2635, 0.3163



35.3008, 0.2962, 0.3253



18.0020, 0.3021, 0.4154



8.2060, 0.2946, 0.3249



65.5931, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.8982, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3173, 0.2635, 0.3163



29.1653, 0.2540, 0.3130



12.4238, 0.2571, 0.2666



4.7920, 0.2993, 0.3260



12.7970, 0.2132, 0.2875



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.1876, 0.3256, 0.2558



18.8859, 0.3291, 0.2399



16.6968, 0.3729, 0.3841



4.4028, 0.3156, 0.3105



5.6864, 0.3566, 0.1738



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

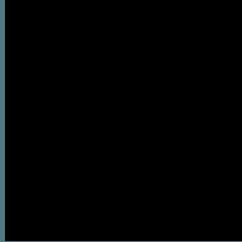
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

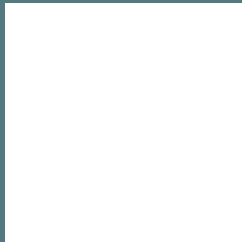
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163

Protanopia

17.1095, 0.3033, 0.3114

Deuteranopia

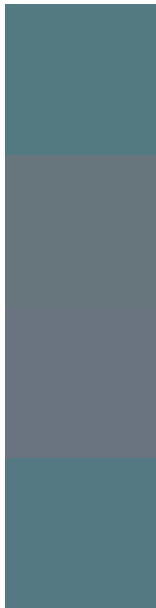
17.1220, 0.3002, 0.2949



Tritanopia

17.1983, 0.2614, 0.3081

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163

Protanomaly

17.0868, 0.2867, 0.3128

Deuteranomaly

17.1399, 0.2858, 0.3033

Tritanomaly

17.1713, 0.2623, 0.3102

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163

Achromatopsia

15.8961, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.3125, 0.2929, 0.3248

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(83, 122, 128) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 122, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 122, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 122, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 122, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 122, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 122, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 122, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 122, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 122,  
128) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to $\text{Yxy } 17.3166, 0.2635, 0.3163$ is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 122, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 122,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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