

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.2722, 0.4043, 0.3433)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(17.2722, 0.4043, 0.3433)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

**Color**

**Yxy(17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9C665D
RGB	156, 102, 93
RGB Percent	61%, 40%, 36%
CMY	0.3882, 0.6000, 0.6354
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.40, 0.39
HSL	9°, 25%, 49%
HSV	9°, 40%, 61%
XYZ	20.4369, 17.3610, 12.6262
YIQ	117.1200, 35.0730, 8.6490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

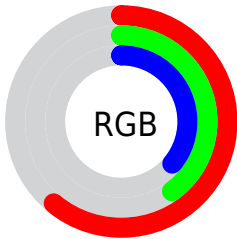
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	156, 104, 93
Decimal	10249821
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.71, 20.62, 14.04
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 24.944, 34.262
Yxy	17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288439901 (0xFF9C665D)
YUV	117.1200, -11.8912, 34.0978
Hunter-Lab	41.6665, 14.6354, 11.2000

# Details

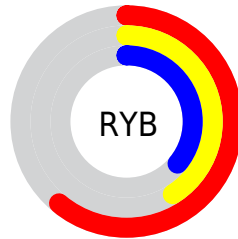
The Yxy color **17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **25.5876, 0.2560, 0.3127**, and the grayscale version is **17.8579, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.7627, 0.3835, 0.3417**, and **5.6684, 0.4464, 0.3461** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6940, 0.4404, 0.3478**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.5097, 0.3755, 0.3404**.

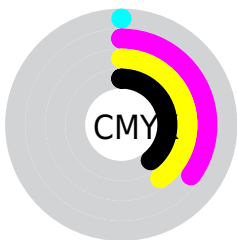
# Distribution



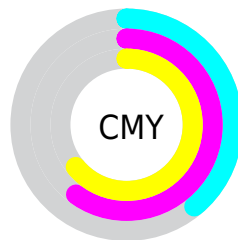
- Red (61%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (39%)




- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (64%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 17.3610, 0.4053,  
0.3443


 17.3610, 0.4053,  
0.3443


237.2442, 0.3510,  
0.3370


 10.4922, 0.4224,  
0.3456


 38.9454, 0.3832,  
0.3419


 5.7265, 0.4469,  
0.3466

 54.4298, 0.3756,  
0.3409

 2.6795, 0.4847,  
0.3462

 73.5549, 0.3695,  
0.3400

 0.9668, 0.6015,  
0.3722

 96.7051, 0.3645,  
0.3393

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

124.2647, 0.3603,  
0.3386

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

156.6182, 0.3567,

0.3380

194.1499, 0.3536,  
0.3375

■ 17.3610, 0.4053,  
0.3443

■ 17.3610, 0.4053,  
0.3443

■ 14.6940, 0.4404,  
0.3478

■ 20.5097, 0.3755,  
0.3404

■ 12.4825, 0.4802,  
0.3504

■ 24.1598, 0.3506,  
0.3365

■ 10.7016, 0.5229,  
0.3514


■ 28.3327, 0.3301,  
0.3327


■ 9.3229, 0.5645,  
0.3501

■ 33.0479, 0.3133,  
0.3291

■ 8.3145, 0.5997,  
0.3462


■ 38.3240, 0.2995,  
0.3259

 7.6545, 0.6252,  
0.3418

 44.1786, 0.2880,  
0.3229

 50.6286, 0.2785,  
0.3202

 57.6902, 0.2706,  
0.3178

 65.3789, 0.2639,  
0.3156

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3610, 0.3763, 0.3064



17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443



17.3610, 0.4067, 0.3817

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443



17.3610, 0.2908, 0.3937



17.3610, 0.2448, 0.2525

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443



25.5876, 0.2560, 0.3127

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3610, 0.2261, 0.2680



17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443



17.3610, 0.2509, 0.3494

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443



17.3610, 0.3386, 0.4160



17.3610, 0.2282, 0.3022



17.3610, 0.2815, 0.2556



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443



17.3610, 0.3924, 0.4019



17.3610, 0.2282, 0.3022



17.3610, 0.2364, 0.2555

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3618, 0.4053, 0.3443



49.9902, 0.3336, 0.3334



17.0194, 0.3282, 0.2435



10.7973, 0.3359, 0.3338



78.7412, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3618, 0.4053, 0.3443



27.3360, 0.4350, 0.3473



24.6041, 0.3850, 0.3937



6.7918, 0.3281, 0.3323



6.3379, 0.6243, 0.3425



0.1516, 0.5718, 0.3842



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.5876, 0.2560, 0.3127



44.2480, 0.2460, 0.3087



17.2383, 0.2470, 0.2539



7.3475, 0.2988, 0.3257



15.9842, 0.2122, 0.2839



0.3260, 0.2177, 0.3037



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443.

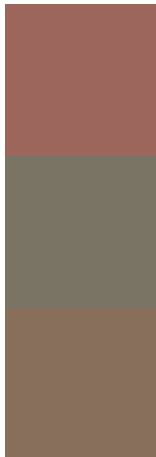


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443

### Protanopia

17.5485, 0.3403, 0.3604

### Deuteranopia

17.3585, 0.3740, 0.3662



## Tritanopia

17.3440, 0.3867, 0.3176

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443

## Protanomaly

17.3003, 0.3630, 0.3553

## Deuteranomaly

17.3375, 0.3844, 0.3578

## Tritanomaly

17.4348, 0.3938, 0.3276

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443

## Achromatopsia

17.7888, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

17.4963, 0.3436, 0.3366

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 102, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 102, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 102, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 102, 93) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 102, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 102, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 102, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 102, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 102, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 102,  
93) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.3610, 0.4053, 0.3443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 102, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
102, 93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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