

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A56509
RGB	165, 101, 9
RGB Percent	65%, 40%, 4%
CMY	0.3530, 0.6038, 0.9647
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.95, 0.35
HSL	35°, 90%, 34%
HSV	35°, 95%, 65%
XYZ	20.2161, 17.3264, 2.5370
YIQ	109.6480, 67.6760, -15.0440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

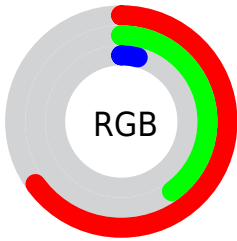
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	118, 165, 9
Decimal	10839305
CIE Lab	48.67, 19.72, 54.37
CIE LCh	49, 57.839, 70.067
Yxy	17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289029385 (0xFFA56509)
YUV	109.6480, -49.6195, 48.5437
Hunter-Lab	41.6250, 13.8489, 25.5238

# Details

The Yxy color **17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **7.5327, 0.1739, 0.1412**, and the grayscale version is **15.6177, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.8693, 0.4671, 0.4193**, and **5.7641, 0.5323, 0.4156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.6070, 0.5136, 0.4304**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7484, 0.4864, 0.4336**.

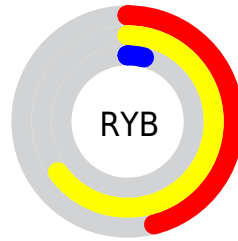
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (40%)

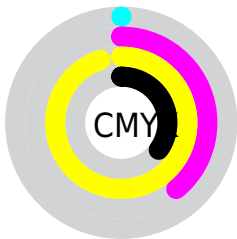
Blue (4%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (4%)

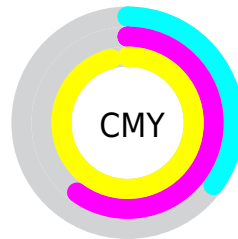


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (60%)


Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 17.3264, 0.5044,  
0.4323


 17.3264, 0.5044,  
0.4323


237.0464, 0.4010,  
0.3866


 10.4675, 0.5278,  
0.4364


 38.8861, 0.4672,  
0.4198


 5.7100, 0.5601,  
0.4399

 54.3557, 0.4529,  
0.4136


 2.6696, 0.5796,  
0.4204

 73.4643, 0.4407,  
0.4078

 0.9618, 0.6129,  
0.3871

 96.5963, 0.4303,  
0.4026

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


 124.1362, 0.4214,  
0.3979

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 156.4682, 0.4137,


0.3937


 193.9768, 0.4070,  
0.3900


 17.3264, 0.5044,  
0.4323


 17.3264, 0.5044,  
0.4323


 16.6070, 0.5136,  
0.4304

 18.7484, 0.4864,  
0.4336

 20.3223, 0.4655,  
0.4298

 22.0578, 0.4427,  
0.4215

 23.9628, 0.4193,  
0.4099

 26.0440, 0.3963,  
0.3960

■ 28.3078, 0.3745,  
0.3809

■ 30.7601, 0.3543,  
0.3654

■ 33.4066, 0.3360,  
0.3501

■ 36.2523, 0.3196,  
0.3354

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3264, 0.5281, 0.3570



17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323



17.3264, 0.4301, 0.5055

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323



17.3264, 0.1656, 0.3458



17.3264, 0.2586, 0.1868

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323



7.5327, 0.1739, 0.1412

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3264, 0.1820, 0.1721



17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323



17.3264, 0.1363, 0.2410

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323



17.3264, 0.2357, 0.4755



17.3264, 0.1426, 0.1870



17.3264, 0.3689, 0.2274



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323



17.3264, 0.3664, 0.5359



17.3264, 0.1426, 0.1870



17.3264, 0.2287, 0.1789

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3273, 0.5044, 0.4323



53.3241, 0.3621, 0.3716



8.6862, 0.5136, 0.2649



11.2665, 0.3705, 0.3779



82.7571, 0.3127, 0.3290



14.7319, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3273, 0.5044, 0.4323



29.3430, 0.5157, 0.4287



33.5939, 0.4044, 0.5138



7.7478, 0.3271, 0.3423



12.6676, 0.5124, 0.4314



0.3559, 0.4710, 0.4643



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.5327, 0.1739, 0.1412



11.8167, 0.1688, 0.1275



3.0815, 0.1566, 0.0668



7.3147, 0.2987, 0.3154



5.2449, 0.1702, 0.1326

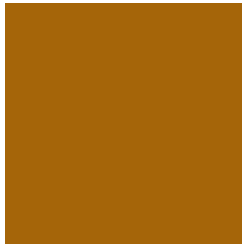


0.2021, 0.1904, 0.2053



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323

### Protanopia

17.3506, 0.4357, 0.4817

### Deuteranopia

17.3549, 0.4710, 0.4642



## Tritanopia

17.3800, 0.4163, 0.3185

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323

## Protanomaly

17.2376, 0.4601, 0.4643

## Deuteranomaly

17.3920, 0.4837, 0.4523

## Tritanomaly

17.2916, 0.4623, 0.3724

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323

## Achromatopsia

15.5926, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

15.7423, 0.3924, 0.3943

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 101, 9)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 101, 9)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 101, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 101, 9) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 101, 9) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 101, 9) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 101, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 101, 9); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 101, 9);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 101,  
9) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.3264, 0.5044, 0.4323 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 101, 9) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
101, 9) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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