

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	537B78
RGB	83, 123, 120
RGB Percent	33%, 48%, 47%
CMY	0.6747, 0.5176, 0.5294
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.02, 0.52
HSL	175°, 19%, 40%
HSV	175°, 33%, 48%
XYZ	14.0369, 17.3610, 20.3796
YIQ	110.6980, -22.8770, -9.4130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

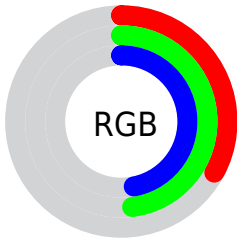
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 104, 123
Decimal	5471096
CIE _{Lab}	48.71, -14.64, -2.83
CIE _{LCh}	49, 14.911, 190.950
Yxy	17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283661176 (0xFF537B78)
YUV	110.6980, 4.5859, -24.2911
Hunter-Lab	41.6665, -12.7822, 0.1671

Details

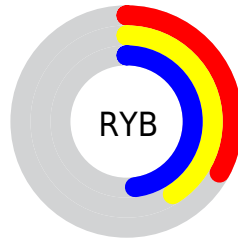
The Yxy color **17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **11.0620, 0.3778, 0.3230**, and the grayscale version is **15.7931, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.0976, 0.2810, 0.3349**, and **5.7228, 0.2530, 0.3358** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.8290, 0.2606, 0.3375**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.9939, 0.2829, 0.3332**.

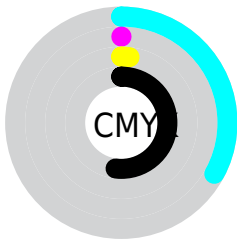
Distribution



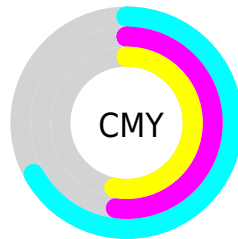
- Red (33%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3610, 0.2711,
0.3353

■ 17.3610, 0.2711,
0.3353

■ 237.2442, 0.2951,
0.3319

■ 10.4922, 0.2637,
0.3362

■ 38.9454, 0.2808,
0.3340

■ 5.7265, 0.2531,
0.3375

■ 54.4298, 0.2841,
0.3335

■ 2.6795, 0.2367,
0.3391

■ 73.5549, 0.2868,
0.3331

■ 0.9668, 0.1995,
0.3449

■ 96.7051, 0.2890,
0.3328

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 124.2647, 0.2909,
0.3325

156.6182, 0.2925,

0.3323

194.1499, 0.2939,
0.3321

■ 17.3610, 0.2711,
0.3353

■ 17.3610, 0.2711,
0.3353

■ 16.8290, 0.2606,
0.3375

■ 17.9939, 0.2829,
0.3332

■ 16.3905, 0.2515,
0.3398

■ 18.7305, 0.2957,
0.3312

■ 16.0405, 0.2440,
0.3422

■ 19.5760, 0.3092,
0.3294

■ 15.7726, 0.2383,
0.3447

■ 20.5346, 0.3232,
0.3278

■ 15.5796, 0.2344,
0.3471

■ 21.6105, 0.3374,
0.3263

■ 15.4530, 0.2321,
0.3495

■ 22.8074, 0.3517,
0.3250

■ 15.3783, 0.2309,
0.3514

■ 24.1291, 0.3658,
0.3239

■ 25.5791, 0.3797,
0.3228

■ 27.1606, 0.3931,
0.3220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3610, 0.2941, 0.3615



17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353



17.3610, 0.2592, 0.3086

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353



17.3610, 0.3005, 0.2852



17.3610, 0.3671, 0.3667

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353



11.0620, 0.3778, 0.3230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3610, 0.3694, 0.3451



17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353



17.3610, 0.3300, 0.2994

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353



17.3610, 0.2755, 0.2812



17.3610, 0.3556, 0.3209



17.3610, 0.3497, 0.3794

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353



17.3610, 0.2587, 0.2945



17.3610, 0.3556, 0.3209



17.3610, 0.3697, 0.3602

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3617, 0.2711, 0.3353



33.8682, 0.2987, 0.3308



16.7849, 0.3123, 0.4191



7.9368, 0.2972, 0.3310



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3617, 0.2711, 0.3353



30.3622, 0.2632, 0.3369



13.6411, 0.2640, 0.2921



4.5075, 0.3003, 0.3306



15.9051, 0.2309, 0.3514



75.8132, 0.2313, 0.3526

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.0620, 0.3778, 0.3230



17.2489, 0.3995, 0.3216



13.8815, 0.3728, 0.3631



4.0195, 0.3266, 0.3274



4.3768, 0.6277, 0.3231



20.8266, 0.6341, 0.3267

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

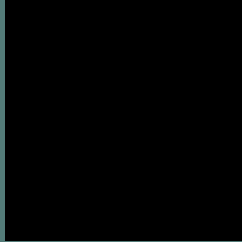
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353

Protanopia

17.2812, 0.3153, 0.3290

Deuteranopia

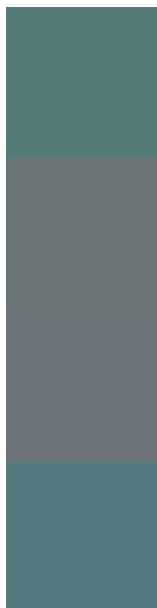
17.2044, 0.3149, 0.3100



Tritanopia

17.2919, 0.2633, 0.3083

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353

Protanomaly

17.2445, 0.2978, 0.3310

Deuteranomaly

17.0594, 0.2969, 0.3190

Tritanomaly

17.3827, 0.2663, 0.3184

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353

Achromatopsia

15.8961, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.2431, 0.2962, 0.3310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 123, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 123, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 123, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 123, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 123, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 123, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 123, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 123, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 123, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 123,  
120) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.3610, 0.2711, 0.3353 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 123, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 123,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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