

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E11E46
RGB	225, 30, 70
RGB Percent	88%, 12%, 27%
CMY	0.1177, 0.8822, 0.7254
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.69, 0.12
HSL	348°, 76%, 50%
HSV	348°, 87%, 88%
XYZ	32.6202, 17.3783, 7.4314
YIQ	92.8650, 103.3800, 53.7800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

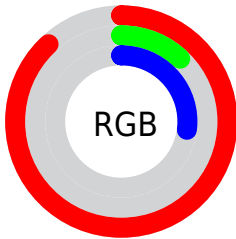
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	225, 30, 70
Decimal	14753350
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.73, 71.05, 29.88
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 77.072, 22.807
Yxy	17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292943430 (0xFFE11E46)
YUV	92.8650, -11.2724, 115.8824
Hunter-Lab	41.6873, 66.7231, 18.6117

# Details

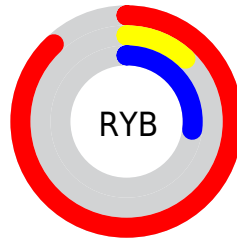
The Yxy color **17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **57.6274, 0.2431, 0.3868**, and the grayscale version is **10.9269, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.6823, 0.4838, 0.3124**, and **7.6562, 0.6135, 0.3153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4193, 0.5999, 0.3102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2136, 0.5289, 0.2984**.

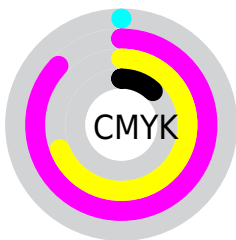
# Distribution



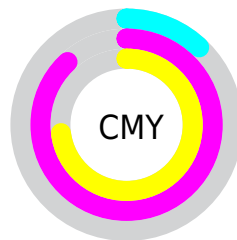
- Red (88%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 17.3783, 0.5680,  
0.3026


 17.3783, 0.5680,  
0.3026


237.3431, 0.4222,  
0.3278


 10.5046, 0.6084,  
0.2906


 38.9751, 0.5113,  
0.3156


 5.7348, 0.6608,  
0.2713

 54.4669, 0.4910,  
0.3193


 2.6845, 0.7414,  
0.2433

 73.6002, 0.4744,  
0.3219

 0.9693, 0.8148,  
0.1852

 96.7594, 0.4604,  
0.3238

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

 124.3289, 0.4486,  
0.3253

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 156.6931, 0.4385,

0.3264

194.2364, 0.4298,  
0.3272

■ 17.3783, 0.5680,  
0.3026

■ 17.3783, 0.5680,  
0.3026

■ 16.4193, 0.5999,  
0.3102

■ 19.2136, 0.5289,  
0.2984

■ 16.2049, 0.6088,  
0.3128

■ 22.0797, 0.4875,  
0.2977

■ 26.1021, 0.4480,  
0.2999

■ 31.3875, 0.4128,  
0.3040

■ 38.0304, 0.3829,  
0.3092

■ 46.1163, 0.3582,  
0.3148

■ 55.7235, 0.3381,  
0.3204

■ 66.9248, 0.3218,  
0.3257

■ 79.7882, 0.3086,  
0.3306

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3783, 0.4506, 0.2293



17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026



17.3783, 0.5788, 0.3832

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026



17.3783, 0.2707, 0.6001



17.3783, 0.1210, 0.1415

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026



57.6274, 0.2431, 0.3868

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3783, 0.0980, 0.1784



17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026



17.3783, 0.1658, 0.4558

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026



17.3783, 0.3914, 0.5784



17.3783, 0.1090, 0.2769



17.3783, 0.1826, 0.1416



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026



17.3783, 0.5359, 0.4455



17.3783, 0.1090, 0.2769



17.3783, 0.1096, 0.1489

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3794, 0.5680, 0.3026



61.8045, 0.3572, 0.3151



16.4034, 0.2735, 0.1338



12.3719, 0.3652, 0.3131



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3794, 0.5680, 0.3026



21.5105, 0.6103, 0.3135



22.6409, 0.5667, 0.3713



13.7463, 0.3260, 0.3242



9.3521, 0.6054, 0.3109



0.6611, 0.5628, 0.2874



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3794, 0.5680, 0.3026



21.5105, 0.6103, 0.3135



34.3706, 0.2044, 0.2469



13.7463, 0.3260, 0.3242



9.3521, 0.6054, 0.3109



0.6611, 0.5628, 0.2874



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026.

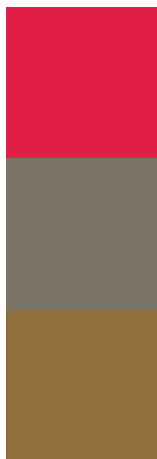


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026

### Protanopia

17.5679, 0.3391, 0.3584

### Deuteranopia

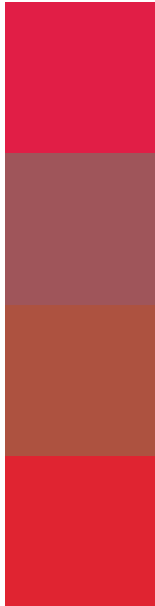
17.5348, 0.4236, 0.4167



## Tritanopia

17.4319, 0.6037, 0.3310

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026

## Protanomaly

14.6061, 0.4265, 0.3212

## Deuteranomaly

15.2890, 0.4908, 0.3543

## Tritanomaly

17.3308, 0.5931, 0.3220

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026

## Achromatopsia

10.9462, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

10.6989, 0.4186, 0.3023

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 30, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(225, 30, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 30, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 30, 70) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 30, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 30, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 30, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 30, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 30, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 30,  
70) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.3783, 0.5680, 0.3026 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 30, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225, 30,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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