

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.3814, 0.4620, 0.4603)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.3814, 0.4620, 0.4603)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	916F10
RGB	145, 111, 16
RGB Percent	57%, 44%, 6%
CMY	0.4313, 0.5647, 0.9371
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.89, 0.43
HSL	44°, 80%, 32%
HSV	44°, 89%, 57%
XYZ	17.4563, 17.4260, 2.9346
YIQ	110.3360, 50.7590, -22.3370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

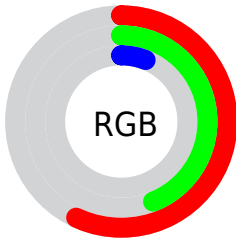
Format	Color
R_{YB}	62, 145, 16
Decimal	9531152
CIE Lab	48.79, 4.93, 51.75
CIE LCh	49, 51.981, 84.554
Yxy	17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287721232 (0xFF916F10)
YUV	110.3360, -46.5076, 30.4003
Hunter-Lab	41.7445, 1.5904, 25.0531

Details

The Yxy color **17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **4.4392, 0.1692, 0.1162**, and the grayscale version is **15.8216, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.9921, 0.4341, 0.4375**, and **5.8405, 0.4764, 0.4599** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.5761, 0.4727, 0.4619**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3382, 0.4483, 0.4559**.

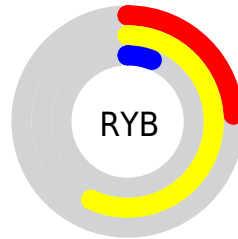
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (44%)

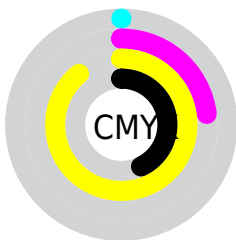
Blue (6%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (6%)

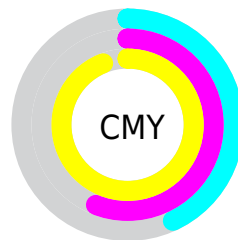


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)


Magenta (56%)


Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17.4260, 0.4616,
0.4608


 17.4260, 0.4616,
0.4608


237.6155, 0.3823,
0.3934

 10.5387, 0.4788,
0.4735


 39.0568, 0.4334,
0.4380


 5.7576, 0.5062,
0.4938

 54.5690, 0.4224,
0.4287


 2.6982, 0.5116,
0.4884

 73.7250, 0.4130,
0.4206

 0.9763, 0.5211,
0.4789

 96.9092, 0.4050,
0.4136


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 124.5060, 0.3981,
0.4075


 156.8997, 0.3921,

0.4022


 194.4747, 0.3869,
0.3975


 17.4260, 0.4616,
0.4608

 17.4260, 0.4616,
0.4608


 16.5761, 0.4727,
0.4619

 18.3382, 0.4483,
0.4559

 16.4889, 0.4738,
0.4620

 19.3199, 0.4325,
0.4466

 20.3766, 0.4150,
0.4336

 21.5122, 0.3965,
0.4178

 22.7303, 0.3779,
0.4002

■ 24.0341, 0.3596,
0.3817

■ 25.4266, 0.3423,
0.3630

■ 26.9107, 0.3261,
0.3447

■ 28.4889, 0.3112,
0.3272

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4260, 0.5063, 0.3916



17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608



17.4260, 0.3818, 0.5114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608



17.4260, 0.1605, 0.2945



17.4260, 0.3101, 0.2136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608



4.4392, 0.1692, 0.1162

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4260, 0.2231, 0.1877



17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608



17.4260, 0.1489, 0.2207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608



17.4260, 0.2085, 0.4057



17.4260, 0.1696, 0.1883



17.4260, 0.4141, 0.2616

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608



17.4260, 0.3204, 0.5129



17.4260, 0.1696, 0.1883



17.4260, 0.2778, 0.2023

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4269, 0.4616, 0.4608



43.3720, 0.3572, 0.3791



6.6258, 0.5469, 0.2911



9.4881, 0.3625, 0.3847



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4269, 0.4616, 0.4608



29.2302, 0.4752, 0.4609



23.9296, 0.3805, 0.5270



6.0481, 0.3265, 0.3451



14.1850, 0.4734, 0.4623



0.1716, 0.4440, 0.4857

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.4392, 0.1692, 0.1162



5.9213, 0.1587, 0.0914



2.9997, 0.1763, 0.0823



5.4719, 0.2990, 0.3123



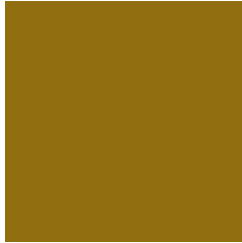
2.9932, 0.1599, 0.0957



0.0606, 0.1811, 0.1718

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

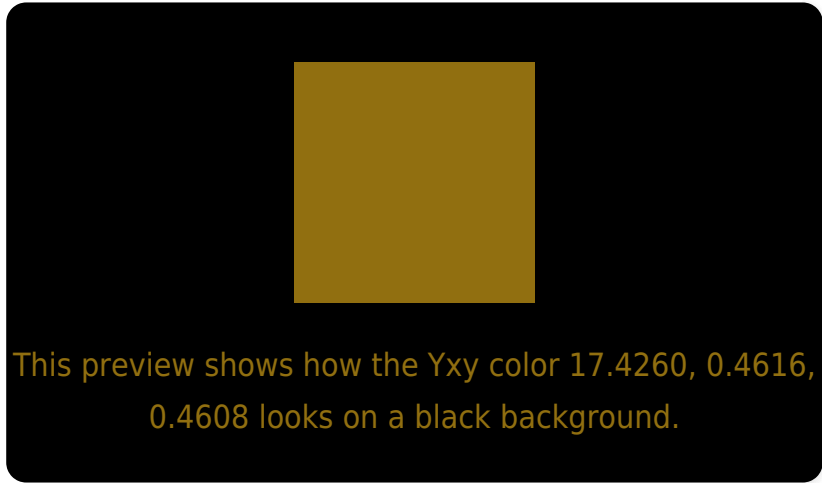
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

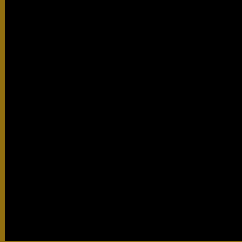
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608

Protanopia

17.5915, 0.4331, 0.4812

Deuteranopia

17.3954, 0.4653, 0.4571



Tritanopia

17.3322, 0.3694, 0.3155

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608

Protanomaly

17.5362, 0.4432, 0.4743

Deuteranomaly

17.3033, 0.4640, 0.4580

Tritanomaly

17.1258, 0.4153, 0.3809

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608

Achromatopsia

15.5926, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

15.8846, 0.3758, 0.3967

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 111, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 111, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 111, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 111, 16) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 111, 16) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 111, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 111, 16)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 111, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 111, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 111,  
16) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.4260, 0.4616, 0.4608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 111, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
111, 16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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