

Converting Colors

$Yxy(17.4002, 0.2214, 0.3017)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.4002, 0.2214, 0.3017)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	18808C
RGB	24, 128, 140
RGB Percent	9%, 50%, 55%
CMY	0.9054, 0.4981, 0.4509
CMYK	0.83, 0.09, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	186°, 71%, 32%
HSV	186°, 83%, 55%
XYZ	12.8319, 17.5260, 27.5218
YIQ	98.2720, -65.8360, -18.3160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

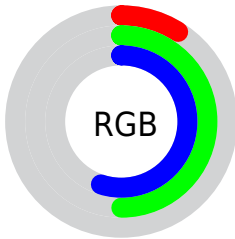
Format	Color
R_{YB}	24, 79, 140
Decimal	1605772
CIE _{Lab}	48.92, -23.31, -14.53
CIE _{LCh}	49, 27.468, 211.938
Yxy	17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279795852 (0xFF18808C)
YUV	98.2720, 20.5719, -65.1365
Hunter-Lab	41.8641, -18.5493, -9.6730

Details

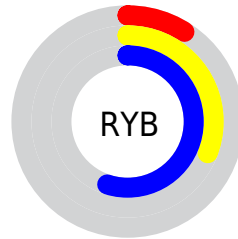
The Yxy color **17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **6.9124, 0.5774, 0.3435**, and the grayscale version is **12.2538, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.1669, 0.2413, 0.3091**, and **6.1870, 0.2137, 0.2893** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.0203, 0.2179, 0.2993**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.1267, 0.2272, 0.3063**.

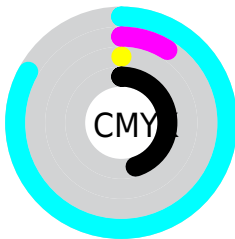
Distribution



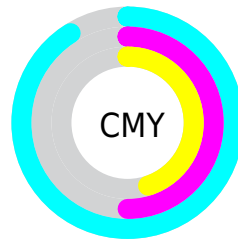
- Red (9%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.5260, 0.2217,
0.3028

■ 17.5260, 0.2217,
0.3028

■ 238.1856, 0.2729,
0.3194

■ 10.6102, 0.2068,
0.2970

■ 39.2280, 0.2418,
0.3099

■ 5.8054, 0.1864,
0.2881

■ 54.7829, 0.2489,
0.3123

■ 2.7271, 0.1569,
0.2735

■ 73.9864, 0.2547,
0.3141

■ 0.9910, 0.0935,
0.2511

■ 97.2229, 0.2596,
0.3156

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 124.8766, 0.2637,
0.3168

■ 157.3320, 0.2672,

0.3178

194.9736, 0.2702,
0.3187

■ 17.5260, 0.2217,
0.3028

■ 17.5260, 0.2217,
0.3028

■ 17.0203, 0.2179,
0.2993

■ 18.1267, 0.2272,
0.3063

■ 16.6870, 0.2158,
0.2968

■ 18.8324, 0.2346,
0.3098

■ 19.6539, 0.2437,
0.3132

■ 20.6000, 0.2543,
0.3166

■ 21.6786, 0.2664,
0.3198

■ 22.8971, 0.2797,
0.3228

■ 24.2622, 0.2938,
0.3257

■ 25.7802, 0.3086,
0.3283

■ 27.4570, 0.3236,
0.3307

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.5260, 0.2478, 0.3554



17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028



17.5260, 0.2179, 0.2642

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028



17.5260, 0.3269, 0.2680



17.5260, 0.3906, 0.4151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028



6.9124, 0.5774, 0.3435

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.5260, 0.4167, 0.3829



17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028



17.5260, 0.3790, 0.3012

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028



17.5260, 0.2747, 0.2483



17.5260, 0.4130, 0.3418



17.5260, 0.3446, 0.4255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028



17.5260, 0.2278, 0.2498



17.5260, 0.4130, 0.3418



17.5260, 0.4021, 0.4061

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.5266, 0.2217, 0.3028



39.7457, 0.2760, 0.3220



19.0808, 0.2967, 0.5620



9.0035, 0.2718, 0.3211



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.5266, 0.2217, 0.3028



29.3554, 0.2158, 0.2965



6.5290, 0.1854, 0.1651



5.6015, 0.2991, 0.3267



14.8410, 0.2158, 0.2970



0.1104, 0.2206, 0.3140

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.7928, 0.3421, 0.1772



12.4944, 0.3485, 0.1697



13.5866, 0.4786, 0.4348



5.1202, 0.3152, 0.3096



6.2824, 0.3481, 0.1691



0.0429, 0.3333, 0.1610

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

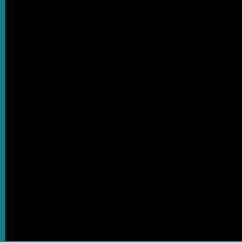
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028.

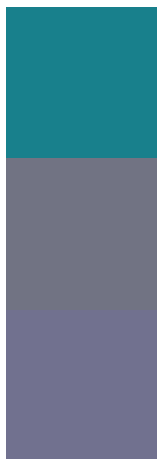


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028

Protanopia

17.4109, 0.2918, 0.2982

Deuteranopia

17.3041, 0.2789, 0.2731



Tritanopia

17.4730, 0.2218, 0.3049

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028

Protanomaly

16.9035, 0.2557, 0.2998

Deuteranomaly

16.6592, 0.2482, 0.2803

Tritanomaly

17.4846, 0.2220, 0.3049

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028

Achromatopsia

12.2139, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.4691, 0.2621, 0.3195

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 128, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 128, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 128, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 128, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 128, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 128, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 128, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 128, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 128, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 128,  
140) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.5260, 0.2217, 0.3028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 128, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 128,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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