

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.4319, 0.4840, 0.4192)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.4319, 0.4840, 0.4192)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A36625
RGB	163, 102, 37
RGB Percent	64%, 40%, 15%
CMY	0.3608, 0.6000, 0.8549
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.77, 0.36
HSL	31°, 63%, 39%
HSV	31°, 77%, 64%
XYZ	20.1891, 17.4228, 4.0495
YIQ	112.8290, 57.2210, -7.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

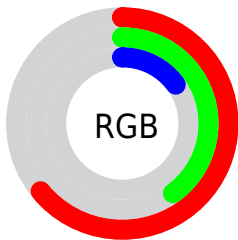
Format	Color
R_{YB}	155, 163, 37
Decimal	10708517
CIE _{Lab}	48.79, 19.07, 44.95
CIE _{LCh}	49, 48.823, 67.010
Yxy	17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288898597 (0xFFA36625)
YUV	112.8290, -37.3837, 44.0000
Hunter-Lab	41.7406, 13.2908, 23.4664

Details

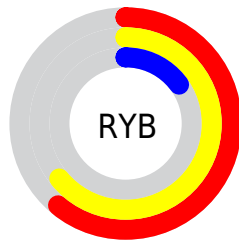
The Yxy color **17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **11.7724, 0.1963, 0.1968**, and the grayscale version is **16.5611, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.9839, 0.4489, 0.4051**, and **5.7965, 0.5282, 0.4188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.8652, 0.5085, 0.4191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1756, 0.4587, 0.4126**.

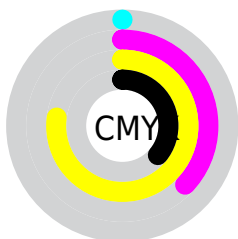
Distribution



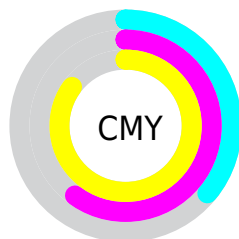
- Red (64%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.4228, 0.4846,
0.4182


 17.4228, 0.4846,
0.4182


237.5972, 0.3888,
0.3759


 10.5364, 0.5091,
0.4243

 39.0513, 0.4485,
0.4051


 5.7560, 0.5440,
0.4314

 54.5622, 0.4351,
0.3992

 2.6973, 0.5765,
0.4235

 73.7167, 0.4240,
0.3941

 0.9758, 0.6087,
0.3913

 96.8992, 0.4147,
0.3895

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 124.4941, 0.4067,
0.3855

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 156.8858, 0.3999,

0.3819

194.4587, 0.3940,
0.3787

17.4228, 0.4846,
0.4182

17.4228, 0.4846,
0.4182

15.8652, 0.5085,
0.4191

19.1756, 0.4587,
0.4126

14.4874, 0.5292,
0.4150

21.1301, 0.4323,
0.4033

14.1410, 0.5347,
0.4136

23.2959, 0.4067,
0.3915

25.6805, 0.3828,
0.3784

28.2914, 0.3609,
0.3647

■ 31.1354, 0.3413,
0.3512

■ 34.2189, 0.3240,
0.3381

■ 37.5483, 0.3088,
0.3257

■ 41.1293, 0.2955,
0.3142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4228, 0.4949, 0.3518



17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182



17.4228, 0.4266, 0.4788

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182



17.4228, 0.1910, 0.3560



17.4228, 0.2589, 0.2018

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182



11.7724, 0.1963, 0.1968

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4228, 0.1939, 0.1915



17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182



17.4228, 0.1593, 0.2632

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182



17.4228, 0.2573, 0.4582



17.4228, 0.1611, 0.2096



17.4228, 0.3512, 0.2362

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182



17.4228, 0.3728, 0.5027



17.4228, 0.1611, 0.2096



17.4228, 0.2337, 0.1955

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4237, 0.4846, 0.4182



52.5911, 0.3531, 0.3594



10.0298, 0.4392, 0.2438



11.4251, 0.3601, 0.3642



82.7571, 0.3127, 0.3290



14.7319, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4237, 0.4846, 0.4182



26.5541, 0.5240, 0.4163



34.1129, 0.4107, 0.4910



7.6620, 0.3273, 0.3406



11.0821, 0.5334, 0.4147



0.3271, 0.4824, 0.4552

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.7724, 0.1963, 0.1968



16.0095, 0.1801, 0.1636



4.3612, 0.1693, 0.0919



7.3994, 0.2987, 0.3171



6.4809, 0.1766, 0.1557



0.2308, 0.1954, 0.2235

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182

Protanopia

17.6285, 0.4174, 0.4608

Deuteranopia

17.3783, 0.4540, 0.4452



Tritanopia

17.5605, 0.4091, 0.3184

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182

Protanomaly

17.4923, 0.4411, 0.4452

Deuteranomaly

17.3121, 0.4653, 0.4352

Tritanomaly

17.4069, 0.4431, 0.3586

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182

Achromatopsia

16.5132, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.4185, 0.3761, 0.3750

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 102, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 102, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 102, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 102, 37) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 102, 37) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 102, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 102, 37)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 102, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 102, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 102,  
37) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.4228, 0.4846, 0.4182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 102, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
102, 37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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