

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.4826, 0.3510, 0.3932)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.4826, 0.3510, 0.3932)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	767656
RGB	118, 118, 86
RGB Percent	46%, 46%, 34%
CMY	0.5372, 0.5373, 0.6627
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.27, 0.54
HSL	60°, 16%, 40%
HSV	60°, 27%, 46%
XYZ	15.6304, 17.4803, 11.3571
YIQ	114.3520, 10.2720, -9.9520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

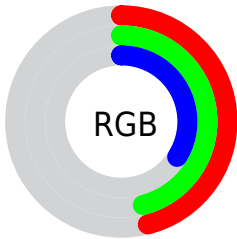
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 118, 86
Decimal	7763542
CIE Lab	48.86, -5.63, 17.68
CIE LCh	49, 18.557, 107.669
Yxy	17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285953622 (0xFF767656)
YUV	114.3520, -13.9775, 3.1993
Hunter-Lab	41.8094, -6.4344, 13.1611

Details

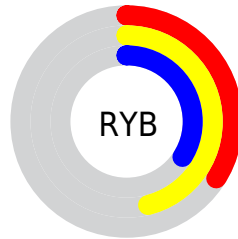
The Yxy color **17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **9.9461, 0.2684, 0.2557**, and the grayscale version is **16.9799, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.1850, 0.3432, 0.3776**, and **5.7987, 0.3673, 0.4236** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3057, 0.3656, 0.4165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6879, 0.3370, 0.3692**.

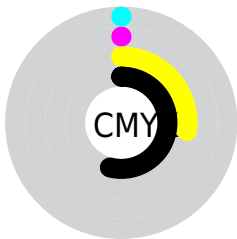
Distribution



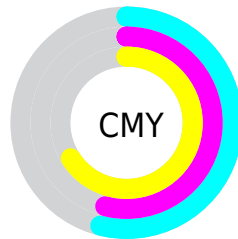
- Red (46%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4803, 0.3515,
0.3931

■ 17.4803, 0.3515,
0.3931

■ 237.9252, 0.3294,
0.3555

■ 10.5775, 0.3580,
0.4050

■ 39.1498, 0.3427,
0.3778

■ 5.7835, 0.3671,
0.4220

■ 54.6852, 0.3397,
0.3725

■ 2.7139, 0.3800,
0.4484

■ 73.8670, 0.3372,
0.3683

■ 0.9843, 0.4467,
0.5533

■ 97.0796, 0.3351,
0.3649

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 124.7073, 0.3333,
0.3619

157.1345, 0.3318,

0.3595

194.7457, 0.3305,
0.3573

■ 17.4803, 0.3515,
0.3931

■ 17.4803, 0.3515,
0.3931

■ 17.3057, 0.3656,
0.4165

■ 17.6879, 0.3370,
0.3692

■ 17.1602, 0.3789,
0.4384

■ 17.9275, 0.3227,
0.3455

■ 17.0429, 0.3909,
0.4582

■ 18.2013, 0.3088,
0.3224

■ 16.9520, 0.4011,
0.4750

■ 18.5107, 0.2955,
0.3005

■ 16.8854, 0.4091,
0.4882

■ 18.8566, 0.2831,
0.2800

■ 16.8407, 0.4147,
0.4975

■ 19.2404, 0.2715,
0.2609

■ 16.8125, 0.4183,
0.5036

■ 19.6631, 0.2610,
0.2434

■ 16.8049, 0.4194,
0.5052

■ 20.1258, 0.2513,
0.2275

■ 20.6295, 0.2425,
0.2130

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4803, 0.3767, 0.3799



17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931



17.4803, 0.3167, 0.3875

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931



17.4803, 0.2459, 0.2968



17.4803, 0.3419, 0.2979

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931



9.9461, 0.2684, 0.2557

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4803, 0.3054, 0.2783



17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931



17.4803, 0.2516, 0.2763

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931



17.4803, 0.2567, 0.3286



17.4803, 0.2727, 0.2702



17.4803, 0.3715, 0.3252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931



17.4803, 0.2931, 0.3729



17.4803, 0.2727, 0.2702



17.4803, 0.3299, 0.2903

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4811, 0.3515, 0.3931



31.4699, 0.3242, 0.3480



11.1906, 0.3665, 0.3280



7.2227, 0.3260, 0.3510



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4811, 0.3515, 0.3931



30.5209, 0.3610, 0.4089



16.4872, 0.3305, 0.3977



4.2662, 0.3254, 0.3500



18.1783, 0.4194, 0.5052



88.5835, 0.4194, 0.5052

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.9461, 0.2684, 0.2557



14.7599, 0.2554, 0.2343



10.7603, 0.2906, 0.2601



3.5900, 0.2995, 0.3071



1.4156, 0.1500, 0.0600



6.8969, 0.1500, 0.0600

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

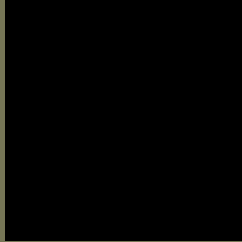
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931

Protanopia

17.5066, 0.3635, 0.3894

Deuteranopia

17.3754, 0.3808, 0.3734



Tritanopia

17.4263, 0.3148, 0.3120

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931

Protanomaly

17.5160, 0.3588, 0.3921

Deuteranomaly

17.4686, 0.3691, 0.3805

Tritanomaly

17.4305, 0.3279, 0.3407

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931

Achromatopsia

16.8269, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.9058, 0.3261, 0.3512

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 118, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 118, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 118, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 118, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 118, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 118, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 118, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 118, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 118, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 118,  
86) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.4803, 0.3515, 0.3931 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 118, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
118, 86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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