

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.4917, 0.5259, 0.4206)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(17.4917, 0.5259, 0.4206)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AF6000
RGB	175, 96, 0
RGB Percent	69%, 38%, 0%
CMY	0.3138, 0.6235, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 1.00, 0.31
HSL	33°, 100%, 34%
HSV	33°, 100%, 69%
XYZ	21.8600, 17.4797, 2.2192
YIQ	108.6770, 77.9000, -13.1080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

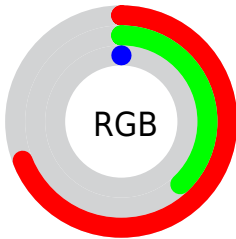
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	144, 175, 0
Decimal	11493376
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.86, 26.78, 57.19
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 63.152, 64.911
Yxy	17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289683456 (0xFFAF6000)
YUV	108.6770, -53.5778, 58.1653
Hunter-Lab	41.8087, 20.1648, 26.1189

# Details

The Yxy color **17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. A complement of this color would be **8.6833, 0.1730, 0.1426**, and the grayscale version is **15.3357, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.0481, 0.4851, 0.4127**, and **5.8269, 0.5590, 0.3944** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4808, 0.5260, 0.4206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0374, 0.5073, 0.4251**.

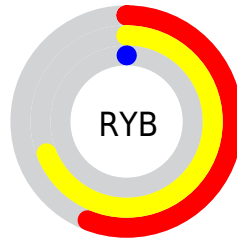
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (38%)

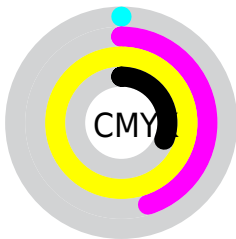
Blue (0%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (0%)

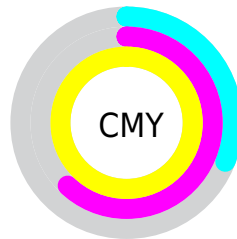


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 17.4797, 0.5260,  
0.4206


 17.4797, 0.5260,  
0.4206


237.9218, 0.4117,  
0.3849


 10.5771, 0.5519,  
0.4209


 39.1487, 0.4853,  
0.4131

 5.7832, 0.5838,  
0.4162

 54.6839, 0.4694,  
0.4083


 2.7137, 0.6085,  
0.3915

 73.8655, 0.4559,  
0.4036

 0.9842, 0.6499,  
0.3501

 97.0777, 0.4444,  
0.3992

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

 124.7051, 0.4345,  
0.3952

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 157.1319, 0.4259,


0.3914


 194.7427, 0.4183,  
0.3880

 17.4797, 0.5260,  
0.4206

 17.4797, 0.5260,  
0.4206


 17.4808, 0.5260,  
0.4206

 19.0374, 0.5073,  
0.4251

 20.7801, 0.4859,  
0.4251

 22.7274, 0.4620,  
0.4201

 24.8900, 0.4369,  
0.4111

 27.2771, 0.4120,  
0.3992

■ 29.8974, 0.3882,  
0.3855

■ 32.7589, 0.3663,  
0.3711

■ 35.8690, 0.3463,  
0.3565

■ 39.2349, 0.3285,  
0.3424

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4797, 0.5420, 0.3425



17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206



17.4797, 0.4510, 0.5032

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206



17.4797, 0.1640, 0.3708



17.4797, 0.2369, 0.1730

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206



8.6833, 0.1730, 0.1426

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4797, 0.1634, 0.1623



17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206



17.4797, 0.1274, 0.2477

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206



17.4797, 0.2444, 0.5109



17.4797, 0.1286, 0.1831



17.4797, 0.3509, 0.2112



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206



17.4797, 0.3847, 0.5463



17.4797, 0.1286, 0.1831



17.4797, 0.2076, 0.1663

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4808, 0.5260, 0.4206



58.4013, 0.3673, 0.3718



9.7168, 0.5092, 0.2579



12.4999, 0.3762, 0.3778



89.0005, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.0645, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4808, 0.5260, 0.4206



30.8694, 0.5282, 0.4188



39.1081, 0.4136, 0.5098



8.7163, 0.3273, 0.3414



12.6445, 0.5244, 0.4218



0.4591, 0.4848, 0.4533



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.6833, 0.1730, 0.1426



15.1303, 0.1721, 0.1396



3.1324, 0.1511, 0.0606



8.3302, 0.2986, 0.3162



6.3389, 0.1735, 0.1447



0.2865, 0.1901, 0.2043



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

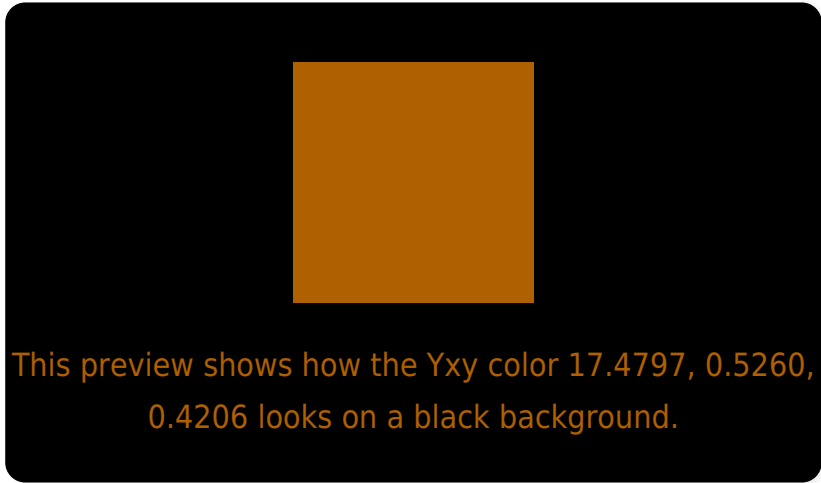
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206

### Protanopia

17.6598, 0.4360, 0.4825

### Deuteranopia

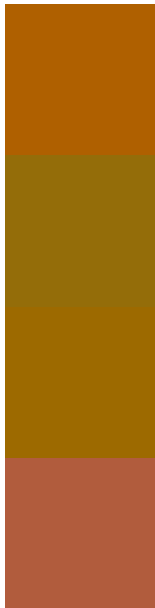
17.5719, 0.4694, 0.4655



## Tritanopia

17.4543, 0.4398, 0.3193

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206

## Protanomaly

17.2529, 0.4711, 0.4584

## Deuteranomaly

17.4762, 0.4899, 0.4492

## Tritanomaly

17.3383, 0.4883, 0.3713

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206

## Achromatopsia

15.2926, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

15.3168, 0.4048, 0.3950

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 96, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 96, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 96, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 96, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 96, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 96, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 96, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 96, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 96, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 96, 0)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.4797, 0.5260, 0.4206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 96, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175, 96,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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