

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.7343, 0.5052, 0.4370)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.7343, 0.5052, 0.4370)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A66700
RGB	166, 103, 0
RGB Percent	65%, 40%, 0%
CMY	0.3490, 0.5961, 0.9997
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 1.00, 0.35
HSL	37°, 100%, 33%
HSV	37°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	20.5778, 17.8075, 2.3548
YIQ	110.0950, 70.6110, -18.6770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

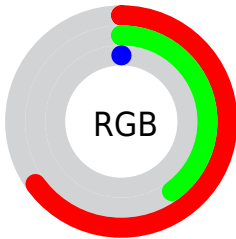
Format	Color
RYB	102, 166, 0
Decimal	10905344
CIELab	49.26, 18.93, 56.80
CIELCh	49, 59.870, 71.566
Yxy	17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289095424 (0xFFA66700)
YUV	110.0950, -54.2768, 49.0287
Hunter-Lab	42.1989, 13.1953, 26.2308

Details

The Yxy color **17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **6.3189, 0.1672, 0.1219**, and the grayscale version is **15.7685, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.6388, 0.4686, 0.4239**, and **6.0165, 0.5286, 0.4185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.8021, 0.5052, 0.4371**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1495, 0.4895, 0.4395**.

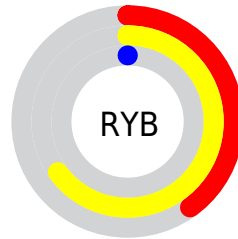
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (40%)

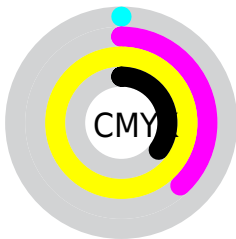
Blue (0%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (0%)

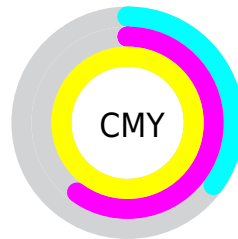


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)


Magenta (60%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.8075, 0.5051,
0.4371


 17.8075, 0.5051,
0.4371


239.7838, 0.4028,
0.3897

 10.8119, 0.5276,
0.4413


 39.7090, 0.4689,
0.4243


 5.9405, 0.5565,
0.4435

 55.3837, 0.4547,
0.4179


 2.8089, 0.5748,
0.4252

 74.7202, 0.4426,
0.4119

 1.0328, 0.6059,
0.3941

 98.1030, 0.4322,
0.4065


 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 125.9163, 0.4233,
0.4016

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 158.5446, 0.4155,


0.3972


 196.3723, 0.4088,
0.3933


 17.8075, 0.5051,
0.4371


 17.8075, 0.5051,
0.4371

 17.8021, 0.5052,
0.4371

 19.1495, 0.4895,
0.4395

 20.6197, 0.4715,
0.4378

 22.2344, 0.4510,
0.4313

 24.0015, 0.4290,
0.4207

 25.9278, 0.4067,
0.4073

■ 28.0195, 0.3850,
0.3921

■ 30.2825, 0.3644,
0.3760

■ 32.7220, 0.3454,
0.3598

■ 35.3432, 0.3282,
0.3440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8075, 0.5335, 0.3603



17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371



17.8075, 0.4269, 0.5119

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371



17.8075, 0.1599, 0.3393



17.8075, 0.2622, 0.1856

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371



6.3189, 0.1672, 0.1219

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8075, 0.1823, 0.1692



17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371



17.8075, 0.1325, 0.2346

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371



17.8075, 0.2290, 0.4740



17.8075, 0.1407, 0.1824



17.8075, 0.3762, 0.2280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371



17.8075, 0.3615, 0.5421



17.8075, 0.1407, 0.1824



17.8075, 0.2311, 0.1771

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8084, 0.5051, 0.4371



54.6960, 0.3656, 0.3770



8.4762, 0.5425, 0.2762



11.8604, 0.3738, 0.3835



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8084, 0.5051, 0.4371



31.8861, 0.5071, 0.4355



33.4463, 0.3991, 0.5213



8.2880, 0.3271, 0.3430



13.8954, 0.5042, 0.4379



0.4320, 0.4697, 0.4652

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.3189, 0.1672, 0.1219



11.0779, 0.1663, 0.1186



2.8981, 0.1546, 0.0626



7.7501, 0.2986, 0.3146



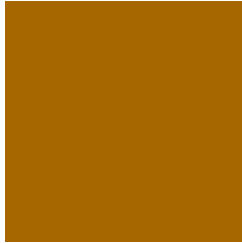
4.9791, 0.1677, 0.1235



0.2201, 0.1867, 0.1921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

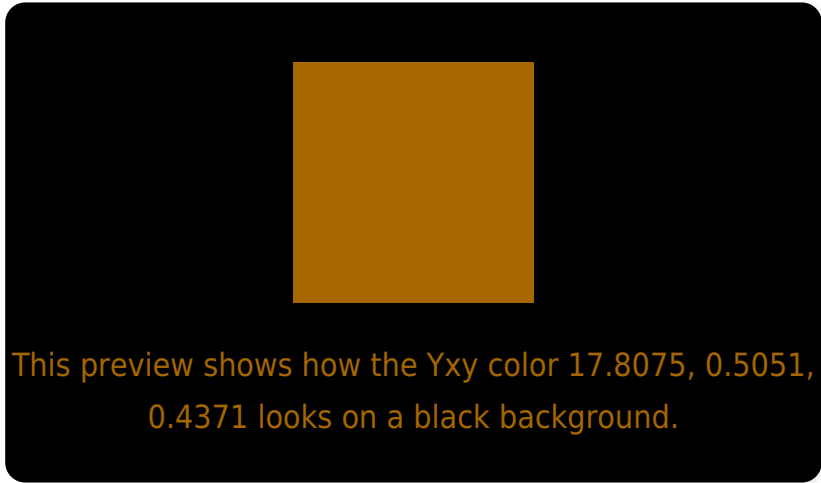
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371

Protanopia

17.9700, 0.4366, 0.4837

Deuteranopia

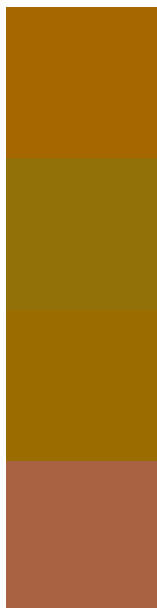
17.9779, 0.4703, 0.4648



Tritanopia

17.8911, 0.4132, 0.3186

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371

Protanomaly

17.8475, 0.4612, 0.4670

Deuteranomaly

17.9058, 0.4825, 0.4551

Tritanomaly

17.7520, 0.4641, 0.3778

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371

Achromatopsia

15.5926, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

15.7034, 0.3964, 0.3998

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 103, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 103, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 103, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 103, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 103, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 103, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 103, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 103, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 103, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 103,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.8075, 0.5051, 0.4371 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 103, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
103, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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