

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.7478, 0.4285, 0.4469)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.7478, 0.4285, 0.4469)
contains.

Yxy(17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A732C
RGB	138, 115, 44
RGB Percent	54%, 45%, 17%
CMY	0.4587, 0.5490, 0.8274
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.68, 0.46
HSL	45°, 52%, 36%
HSV	45°, 68%, 54%
XYZ	17.0696, 17.8466, 4.9288
YIQ	113.7830, 36.4990, -17.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

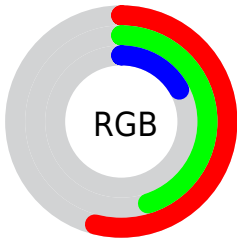
Format	Color
RYB	74, 138, 44
Decimal	9073452
CIELab	49.31, 0.59, 41.32
CIELCh	49, 41.328, 89.181
Yxy	17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287263532 (0xFF8A732C)
YUV	113.7830, -34.4030, 21.2383
Hunter-Lab	42.2452, -1.8044, 22.6542

Details

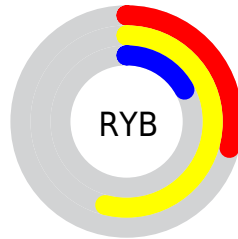
The Yxy color **17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **6.3904, 0.1963, 0.1642**, and the grayscale version is **16.8570, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.8971, 0.4047, 0.4245**, and **5.9456, 0.4587, 0.4740** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.0034, 0.4436, 0.4579**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7544, 0.4114, 0.4343**.

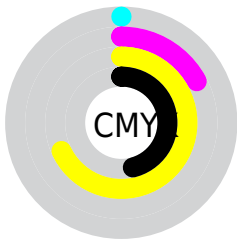
Distribution



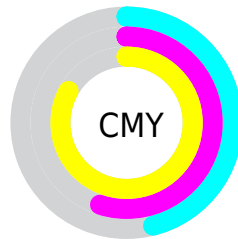
- Red (54%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Black (46%)





- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.8466, 0.4284,
0.4479


 17.8466, 0.4284,
0.4479


240.0050, 0.3649,
0.3829


 10.8399, 0.4442,
0.4639


 39.7758, 0.4047,
0.4238


 5.9593, 0.4640,
0.4838

 55.4670, 0.3959,
0.4147

 2.8203, 0.4902,
0.5098

 74.8219, 0.3885,
0.4072

 1.0387, 0.4913,
0.5087

 98.2249, 0.3823,
0.4008

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 126.0603, 0.3770,
0.3953

 158.7125, 0.3724,

0.3906

196.5659, 0.3684,
0.3865

■ 17.8466, 0.4284,
0.4479

■ 17.8466, 0.4284,
0.4479

■ 17.0034, 0.4436,
0.4579

■ 18.7544, 0.4114,
0.4343

■ 16.2182, 0.4565,
0.4636

■ 19.7275, 0.3935,
0.4180

■ 15.4840, 0.4670,
0.4655

■ 20.7699, 0.3754,
0.4000

■ 15.3491, 0.4690,
0.4658

■ 21.8842, 0.3576,
0.3811

■ 23.0732, 0.3406,
0.3621

■ 24.3392, 0.3247,
0.3435

■ 25.6845, 0.3100,
0.3257

■ 27.1112, 0.2966,
0.3089

■ 28.6213, 0.2845,
0.2932

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8466, 0.4668, 0.3951



17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479



17.8466, 0.3618, 0.4757

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479



17.8466, 0.1845, 0.2929



17.8466, 0.3245, 0.2391

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479



6.3904, 0.1963, 0.1642

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8466, 0.2501, 0.2138



17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479



17.8466, 0.1778, 0.2365

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479



17.8466, 0.2218, 0.3756



17.8466, 0.1999, 0.2116



17.8466, 0.4050, 0.2825

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479



17.8466, 0.3111, 0.4661



17.8466, 0.1999, 0.2116



17.8466, 0.2977, 0.2283

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8475, 0.4284, 0.4479



40.1591, 0.3445, 0.3665



7.6189, 0.4731, 0.2903



8.8927, 0.3486, 0.3711



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8475, 0.4284, 0.4479



29.1682, 0.4512, 0.4617



21.9779, 0.3738, 0.4963



5.6409, 0.3263, 0.3454



14.0913, 0.4688, 0.4659



0.1165, 0.4419, 0.4873

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.3904, 0.1963, 0.1642



7.6759, 0.1742, 0.1244



4.8494, 0.2104, 0.1301



5.0784, 0.2991, 0.3120



2.7415, 0.1589, 0.0920



0.0383, 0.1793, 0.1655

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

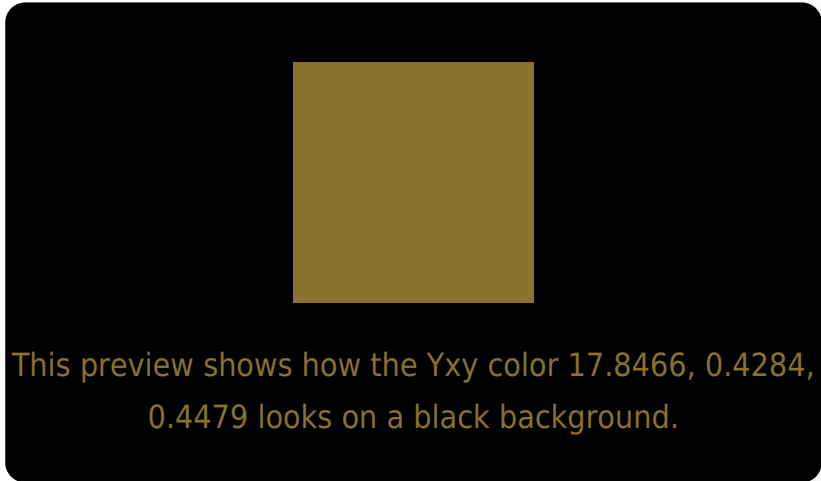
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

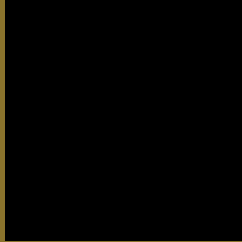
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479

Protanopia

17.9716, 0.4143, 0.4564

Deuteranopia

17.8888, 0.4421, 0.4364



Tritanopia

17.9154, 0.3520, 0.3151

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479

Protanomaly

17.9804, 0.4196, 0.4527

Deuteranomaly

17.8394, 0.4368, 0.4401

Tritanomaly

17.8578, 0.3839, 0.3669

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479

Achromatopsia

16.8269, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.9669, 0.3566, 0.3784

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 115, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 115, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 115, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 115, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 115, 44) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 115, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 115, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 115, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 115, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 115,  
44) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.8466, 0.4284, 0.4479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 115, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
115, 44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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