

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.7488, 0.2367, 0.2395)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.7488, 0.2367, 0.2395)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A75A6
RGB	90, 117, 166
RGB Percent	35%, 46%, 65%
CMY	0.6471, 0.5411, 0.3491
CMYK	0.46, 0.30, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	219°, 30%, 50%
HSV	219°, 46%, 65%
XYZ	17.4579, 17.6494, 38.5547
YIQ	114.5130, -31.8210, 9.5150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

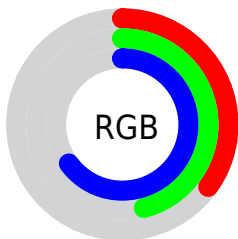
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 110, 166
Decimal	5928358
CIE _{Lab}	49.07, 3.75, -29.31
CIE _{LCh}	49, 29.546, 277.299
Yxy	17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284118438 (0xFF5A75A6)
YUV	114.5130, 25.3831, -21.4979
Hunter-Lab	42.0112, 0.6566, -25.0040

Details

The Yxy color **17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **27.2958, 0.3963, 0.4037**, and the grayscale version is **16.9180, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.4360, 0.2537, 0.2595**, and **5.8462, 0.2069, 0.2053** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5569, 0.2199, 0.2157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.2139, 0.2544, 0.2623**.

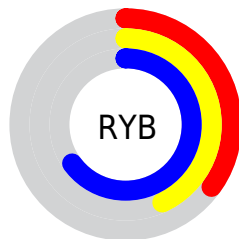
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (46%)

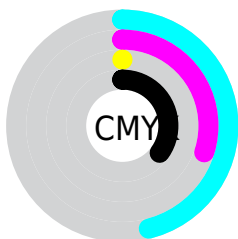
Blue (65%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (65%)

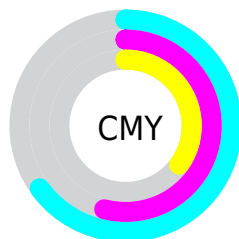


Cyan (46%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.6494, 0.2370,
0.2396

■ 17.6494, 0.2370,
0.2396

238.8874, 0.2798,
0.2895

■ 10.6986, 0.2246,
0.2254

■ 39.4390, 0.2538,
0.2590

■ 5.8645, 0.2075,
0.2062

■ 55.0466, 0.2598,
0.2659

■ 2.7629, 0.1831,
0.1790

■ 74.3085, 0.2646,
0.2716

■ 1.0092, 0.1463,
0.1389

■ 97.6092, 0.2687,
0.2764

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

125.3330, 0.2721,
0.2804

157.8644, 0.2751,

0.2839

195.5877, 0.2776,
0.2869

■ 17.6494, 0.2370,
0.2396

■ 17.6494, 0.2370,
0.2396

■ 14.5569, 0.2199,
0.2157

■ 21.2139, 0.2544,
0.2623

■ 11.9123, 0.2039,
0.1912

■ 25.2689, 0.2717,
0.2834

■ 9.6921, 0.1896,
0.1669

■ 29.8341, 0.2883,
0.3026

■ 7.8695, 0.1777,
0.1440

■ 34.9277, 0.3041,
0.3199

■ 6.4117, 0.1687,
0.1232

■ 40.5666, 0.3188,
0.3352

■ 5.8831, 0.1653,
0.1152

■ 46.7673, 0.3324,
0.3488

■ 53.5453, 0.3449,
0.3607

■ 60.9155, 0.3564,
0.3711

■ 68.8924, 0.3668,
0.3802

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.6494, 0.2135, 0.2544



17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396



17.6494, 0.2811, 0.2456

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396



17.6494, 0.4236, 0.3501



17.6494, 0.2810, 0.4018

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396



27.2958, 0.3963, 0.4037

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6494, 0.3365, 0.4315



17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396



17.6494, 0.4211, 0.3931

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396



17.6494, 0.3924, 0.3064



17.6494, 0.3881, 0.4252



17.6494, 0.2366, 0.3467

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396



17.6494, 0.3186, 0.2598



17.6494, 0.3881, 0.4252



17.6494, 0.2990, 0.4155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.6501, 0.2370, 0.2396



55.5082, 0.2908, 0.3054



31.2775, 0.2715, 0.3784



12.0106, 0.2874, 0.3016



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.6501, 0.2370, 0.2396



26.3037, 0.2195, 0.2151



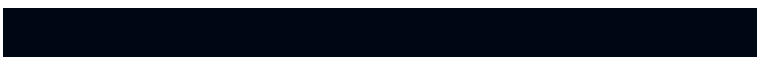
12.7778, 0.2384, 0.1928



7.7208, 0.2986, 0.3141



4.6444, 0.1658, 0.1168



0.2094, 0.1849, 0.1856

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6991, 0.3884, 0.2872



25.2539, 0.4153, 0.2790



35.0573, 0.3686, 0.4431



7.5847, 0.3232, 0.3210



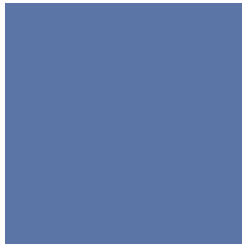
6.5399, 0.5512, 0.2810



0.1689, 0.4618, 0.2318

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

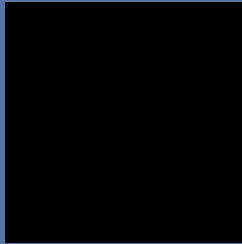
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

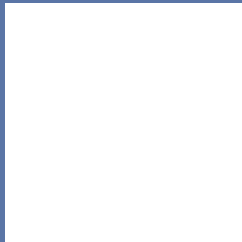
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396.

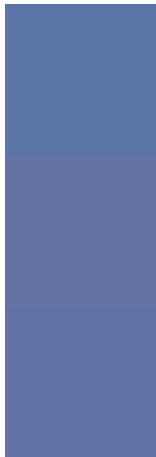


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396

Protanopia

17.7085, 0.2476, 0.2410

Deuteranopia

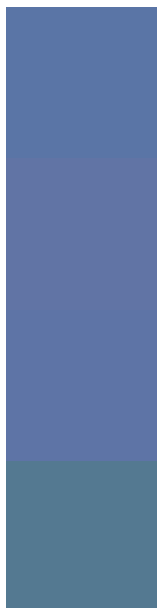
17.5560, 0.2424, 0.2372



Tritanopia

17.5648, 0.2566, 0.3082

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396

Protanomaly

17.7488, 0.2435, 0.2405

Deuteranomaly

17.6236, 0.2401, 0.2384

Tritanomaly

17.6039, 0.2494, 0.2813

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396

Achromatopsia

17.1441, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

17.2762, 0.2805, 0.2939

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 117, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 117, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 117, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 117, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 117, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 117, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 117, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 117, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 117, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 117,  
166) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.6494, 0.2370, 0.2396 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 117, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 117,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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