

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(17.7662, 0.3040, 0.5170)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.7662, 0.3040, 0.5170)
contains.

Yxy(17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	348534
RGB	52, 133, 52
RGB Percent	20%, 52%, 20%
CMY	0.7959, 0.4784, 0.7960
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.61, 0.48
HSL	120°, 44%, 36%
HSV	120°, 61%, 52%
XYZ	10.4254, 17.7531, 6.1270
YIQ	99.5470, -22.2750, -42.3630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

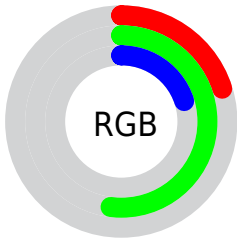
Format	Color
RYB	52, 133, 133
Decimal	3441972
CIELab	49.20, -41.67, 35.77
CIElCh	49, 54.914, 139.361
Yxy	17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281632052 (0xFF348534)
YUV	99.5470, -23.4407, -41.6987
Hunter-Lab	42.1344, -29.5685, 20.8725

Details

The Yxy color **17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **9.1338, 0.3191, 0.1926**, and the grayscale version is **12.6912, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.6060, 0.3103, 0.4695**, and **6.0368, 0.2995, 0.5980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3456, 0.3025, 0.5479**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.2952, 0.3055, 0.4838**.

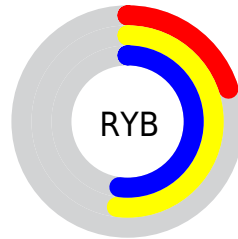
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (52%)

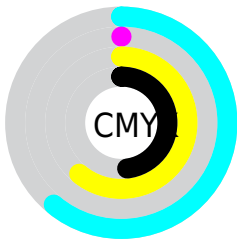
Blue (20%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (28%)

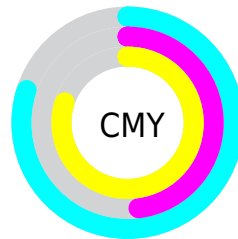


Cyan (61%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (61%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (80%)


Magenta (48%)


Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.7531, 0.3039,
0.5175


 17.7531, 0.3039,
0.5175


239.4757, 0.3145,
0.4013

 10.7729, 0.2966,
0.5561


 39.6162, 0.3104,
0.4687


 5.9143, 0.2825,
0.6119

 55.2678, 0.3119,
0.4525

 2.7931, 0.2662,
0.7338

 74.5787, 0.3128,
0.4395

 1.0247, 0.0000,
1.0000

 97.9332, 0.3135,
0.4290

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 125.7158, 0.3139,
0.4203

 158.3108, 0.3142,

0.4130

196.1026, 0.3144,
0.4067

■ 17.7531, 0.3039,
0.5175

■ 17.7531, 0.3039,
0.5175

■ 17.3456, 0.3025,
0.5479

■ 18.2952, 0.3055,
0.4838

■ 17.0590, 0.3013,
0.5724

■ 18.9800, 0.3071,
0.4491

■ 16.8807, 0.3005,
0.5893

■ 19.8173, 0.3087,
0.4155

■ 16.7749, 0.3000,
0.6000

■ 20.8155, 0.3101,
0.3843

■ 21.9824, 0.3115,
0.3561

■ 23.3255, 0.3126,
0.3311

■ 24.8514, 0.3136,
0.3093

■ 26.5667, 0.3145,
0.2904

■ 28.4777, 0.3153,
0.2741

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7531, 0.3991, 0.5133



17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175



17.7531, 0.2160, 0.4308

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175



17.7531, 0.1582, 0.1858



17.7531, 0.4904, 0.3106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175



9.1338, 0.3191, 0.1926

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7531, 0.4004, 0.2487



17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175



17.7531, 0.2070, 0.1804

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175



17.7531, 0.1424, 0.2254



17.7531, 0.2917, 0.2027



17.7531, 0.5171, 0.3798

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175



17.7531, 0.1742, 0.3485



17.7531, 0.2917, 0.2027



17.7531, 0.4659, 0.2888

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7538, 0.3039, 0.5175



37.7681, 0.3105, 0.3770



21.6417, 0.3970, 0.4645



8.3966, 0.3101, 0.3844



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7538, 0.3039, 0.5175



30.8459, 0.3020, 0.5579



18.2629, 0.2733, 0.4267



5.2048, 0.3117, 0.3514



15.9789, 0.3000, 0.6000



0.0554, 0.3001, 0.5999

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.1338, 0.3191, 0.1926



13.9747, 0.3200, 0.1726



8.2488, 0.3958, 0.2528



4.7627, 0.3137, 0.3076



6.3583, 0.3208, 0.1541



0.0220, 0.3209, 0.1541

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175

Protanopia

17.3631, 0.4120, 0.4524

Deuteranopia

17.5243, 0.4248, 0.4182



Tritanopia

17.7942, 0.2489, 0.3080

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175

Protanomaly

16.9075, 0.3651, 0.4793

Deuteranomaly

16.7942, 0.3735, 0.4564

Tritanomaly

17.5821, 0.2698, 0.3811

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175

Achromatopsia

12.7438, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.0519, 0.3095, 0.3981

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 133, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 133, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 133, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 133, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 133, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 133, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(52, 133, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 133, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 133, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 133,  
52) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.7531, 0.3039, 0.5175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 133, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 133,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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