

Converting Colors

$Yxy(17.8944, 0.1994, 0.2164)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.8944, 0.1994, 0.2164)
contains.

Yxy(17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	257AB9
RGB	37, 122, 185
RGB Percent	15%, 48%, 73%
CMY	0.8553, 0.5215, 0.2746
CMYK	0.80, 0.34, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	206°, 67%, 44%
HSV	206°, 80%, 73%
XYZ	16.4747, 17.8152, 48.4560
YIQ	103.7670, -70.8830, 1.5730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

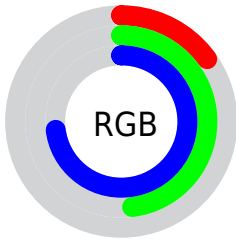
Format	Color
R_{YB}	37, 91, 185
Decimal	2456249
CIE _{Lab}	49.27, -2.56, -40.16
CIE _{LCh}	49, 40.240, 266.352
Yxy	17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280646329 (0xFF257AB9)
YUV	103.7670, 40.0479, -58.5547
Hunter-Lab	42.2081, -4.1917, -38.5209

Details

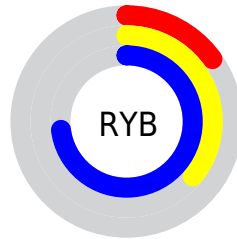
The Yxy color **17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **19.5346, 0.5118, 0.4018**, and the grayscale version is **13.6772, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.6262, 0.2227, 0.2396**, and **6.5363, 0.1845, 0.1843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7023, 0.1908, 0.1991**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.2587, 0.2096, 0.2318**.

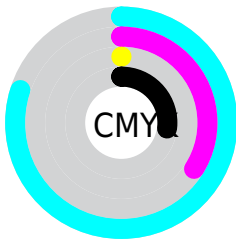
Distribution



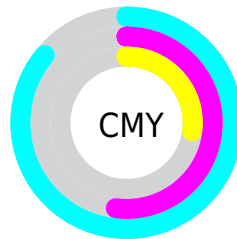
- Red (15%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.8152, 0.1991,
0.2153

■ 17.8152, 0.1991,
0.2153

■ 239.8274, 0.2613,
0.2781

■ 10.8174, 0.1823,
0.1981

■ 39.7222, 0.2228,
0.2394

■ 5.9442, 0.1604,
0.1756

■ 55.4001, 0.2314,
0.2481

■ 2.8112, 0.1311,
0.1452

■ 74.7403, 0.2385,
0.2552

■ 1.0340, 0.0921,
0.1040

■ 98.1270, 0.2445,
0.2613

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 125.9446, 0.2497,
0.2664

158.5777, 0.2541,

0.2709

196.4104, 0.2579,
0.2747

■ 17.8152, 0.1991,
0.2153

■ 17.8152, 0.1991,
0.2153

■ 15.7023, 0.1908,
0.1991

■ 20.2587, 0.2096,
0.2318

■ 13.8754, 0.1843,
0.1834

■ 23.0578, 0.2219,
0.2481

■ 26.2360, 0.2357,
0.2640

■ 29.8138, 0.2506,
0.2791

■ 33.8100, 0.2661,
0.2933

■ 38.2418, 0.2818,
0.3063

■ 43.1253, 0.2974,
0.3182

■ 48.4758, 0.3126,
0.3290

■ 54.3076, 0.3274,
0.3385

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8152, 0.1800, 0.2426



17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153



17.8152, 0.2459, 0.2151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153



17.8152, 0.4529, 0.3319



17.8152, 0.2939, 0.4522

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153



19.5346, 0.5118, 0.4018

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8152, 0.3678, 0.4712



17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153



17.8152, 0.4645, 0.3888

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153



17.8152, 0.3958, 0.2791



17.8152, 0.4309, 0.4412



17.8152, 0.2290, 0.3824

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153



17.8152, 0.2911, 0.2279



17.8152, 0.4309, 0.4412



17.8152, 0.3185, 0.4651

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8158, 0.1991, 0.2153



64.9611, 0.2750, 0.3008



35.9731, 0.2752, 0.4869



13.4056, 0.2694, 0.2961



93.3107, 0.3127, 0.3290



18.7317, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8158, 0.1991, 0.2153



25.6359, 0.1859, 0.1873



6.1110, 0.1680, 0.0966



9.5534, 0.2985, 0.3190



9.5973, 0.1848, 0.1854



0.4583, 0.1962, 0.2263

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.0344, 0.4251, 0.2292



20.6293, 0.4596, 0.2323



40.1928, 0.4240, 0.4840



9.0964, 0.3201, 0.3159



7.7512, 0.4621, 0.2320



0.2854, 0.4165, 0.2068

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

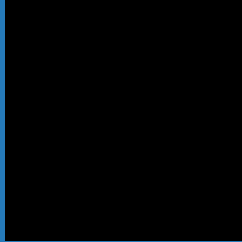
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153

Protanopia

17.6287, 0.2310, 0.2181

Deuteranopia

17.8042, 0.2143, 0.2096



Tritanopia

17.5646, 0.2186, 0.3069

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153

Protanomaly

17.4752, 0.2152, 0.2155

Deuteranomaly

17.7630, 0.2073, 0.2110

Tritanomaly

17.4076, 0.2092, 0.2673

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153

Achromatopsia

13.8432, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.7678, 0.2527, 0.2822

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 122, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 122, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 122, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 122, 185) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 122, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 122, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 122, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 122, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 122, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 122,  
185) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.8152, 0.1991, 0.2153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 122, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 122,  
185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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